Nationwide House Energy Rating Scheme NatHERS Certificate No. 0008694317

Generated on 07 Jun 2023 using BERS Pro v4.4.1.5 (3.21)

Property

Unit 01, 16-20 Burrawong Cr , Elderslie , NSW , 2570 **Address**

Lot/DP 36169

NCC Class* 2

New Dwelling Type

Plans

Main plan Project No.: 21039 Prepared by Morson Group

Construction and environment

Assessed floor	area (m²)*	Exposure type
Conditioned*	49.0	Suburban
Unconditioned*	0.0	NatHERS climate zone
Total	49.0	28
Garage	0.0	



David Howard Name

Business name Partners Energy Management

Email david@partnersenergy.com.au

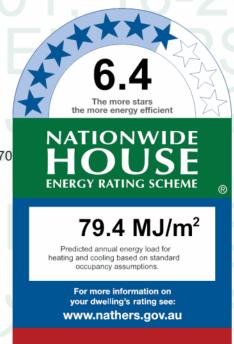
Phone 0421381005

20039 Accreditation No.

Assessor Accrediting Organisation

ABSA

Declaration of interest Declaration completed: no conflicts



Thermal performance

Cooling Heating 16.7

62.7

 MJ/m^2 MJ/m^2

About the rating

NatHERS software models the expected thermal energy loads using information about the design and construction, climate and common patterns of household use. The software does not take into account appliances, apart from the airflow impacts from ceiling fans.

Verification

To verify this certificate, scan the QR code or visit

hstar.com.au/QR/Generate? p=RMWfvaQTK.

When using either link, ensure you are visiting hstar.com.au

National Construction Code (NCC) requirements

The NCC's requirements for NatHERS-rated houses are detailed in 3.12.0(a)(i) and 3.12.5 of the NCC Volume Two. For apartments the requirements are detailed in J0.2 and J5 to J8 of the NCC Volume One.

In NCC 2019, these requirements include minimum star ratings and separate heating and cooling load limits that need to be met by buildings and apartments through the NatHERS assessment. Requirements additional to the NatHERS assessment that must also be satisfied include, but are not limited to: insulation installation methods, thermal breaks, building sealing, water heating and pumping, and artificial lighting requirements. The NCC and NatHERS Heating and Cooling Load Limits (Australian Building Codes Board Standard) are available at www.abcb.gov.au.

State and territory variations and additions to the NCC may also apply.



Certificate check

Ensure the dwelling is designed and then built as per the NatHERS Certificate. While you need to check the accuracy of the whole Certificate, the following spot check covers some important items impacting the dwelling's rating.

Genuine certificate

Does this Certificate match the one available at the web address or QR code in the verification box on the front page? Does the set of NatHERS-stamped plans for the dwelling have a Certificate number on the stamp that matches this Certificate?

Does the 'number' and 'type' of ceiling penetrations (e.g. downlights, exhaust fans, etc) shown on the stamped plans or installed, match what is shown in this Certificate?

Windows

Does the installed window meet the substitution tolerances (SHGC and U-value) and window type, of the window shown on this Certificate? Substituted values must be based on the Australian Fenestration Rating Council (AFRC) protocol.

Apartment entrance doors

Does the 'External Door Schedule' show apartment entrance doors? Please note that an "external door" between the modelled dwelling and a shared space, such as an enclosed corridor or foyer, should not be included in the assessment (because it overstates the possible ventilation) and would invalidate the Certificate.

Exposure*

Has the appropriate exposure level (terrain) been applied? For example, it is unlikely that a ground-floor apartment is "exposed" or a top floor high-rise apartment is "protected".

Provisional* values

Have provisional values been used in the assessment and, if so, noted in "additional notes" below?

Additional notes

Downlights must not penetrate ceiling insulation.

I have modeled the shading in accordance with NatHERS principles

Window and glazed door type and performance

Default* windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution to	lerance ranges
willdow ib	Description	U-value*	знас	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit
ALM-002-01 A	ALM-002-01 A	6.7	0.70	0.66	0.73
	Aluminium B SG Clear	0.7	0.70	0.00	0.73

Custom* windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
Window ID	Description	U-value*		SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	

No Data Available

Window and glazed door schedule

Location	Window ID	Window no.	Height (mm)	Width Window (mm) type	Opening %	Orientation	Window shading device*
----------	--------------	---------------	----------------	---------------------------	--------------	-------------	------------------------------



Location	Window ID	Window no.	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Window type	Opening %	Orientation	Window shading device*
Kitchen/Living	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	2400	2100	n/a	45	SW	No
Kitchen/Living	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	1400	1600	n/a	40	SE	No
Bed	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	1800	1600	n/a	40	SW	No

Roof window type and performance

Default* roof windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
	Description	U-value*		SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
No Data Availa	ble					

Custom* roof windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
	Description	U-value*	31100	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
No Data Availa	able					

Roof window schedule

Location	Window ID	Window no.	Opening %	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Orientation	Outdoor shade	Indoor shade	
No Data Ava	ailable								_

Skylight type and performance

No Data Available	

Skylight description

Skylight schedule

Skylight ID

Location	Skylight ID	Skylight No.	Skylight shaft length (mm)	Area (m²) Orientation	Outdoor shade	Diffuser	Skylight shaft reflectance
No Data Av	/ailable						

External door schedule



Location	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Opening %	Orientation
No Data Available				

External wall type

Wall	Wall	Solar	Wall shade	Bulk insulation	Reflective wall wrap*
ID	type	absorptance	(colour)	(R-value)	
EW-1	Cavity Brick	0.50	Medium	Foil, Anti-glare one side, Reflective other	Yes

External wall schedule

Location	Wall ID	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Orientation	Horizontal shading feature* maximum projection (mm)	Vertical shading feature (yes/no)
Kitchen/Living	EW-1	2700	3569	SW	2404	YES
Kitchen/Living	EW-1	2700	1421	NE	0	YES
Kitchen/Living	EW-1	2700	7424	SE	25	NO
Bed	EW-1	2700	3523	SW	0	YES
Bed	EW-1	2700	392	NW	0	YES

Internal wall type

Wall ID	Wall type	Area (m ²)	Bulk insulation
IW-1 - Single Skin Brick		41.00	No insulation
IW-2 - Brick, plasterboard		34.00	No Insulation

Floor type

Location	Construction	Area Sub-floor (m ²) ventilation	Added insulation (R-value)	Covering
Kitchen/Living	Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm	25.20 None	No Insulation	Vinyl 3mm
Entry/Ldry	Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm	5.60 None	No Insulation	Vinyl 3mm
Bed	Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm	13.90 None	No Insulation	Carpet+Rubber Underlay 18mm
Bath	Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm	4.70 None	No Insulation	Ceramic Tiles 8mm

Ceiling type



Location	Construction material/type	Bulk insulation R-value (may include edge batt values)	Reflective wrap*
Kitchen/Living	Concrete, Plasterboard	No insulation	No
Entry/Ldry	Concrete, Plasterboard	No insulation	No
Bed	Concrete, Plasterboard	No insulation	No
Bath	Concrete, Plasterboard	No insulation	No

Ceiling penetrations*

Location	Quantity	Туре	Diameter (mm ²)	Sealed/unsealed
Kitchen/Living	6	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed
Entry/Ldry	3	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed
Bed	3	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed
Bath	2	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed

Ceiling fans

Location	Quantity	Diameter (mm)
No Data Available		

Roof type

Construction	Added insulation (R-value)	Solar absorptance	Roof shade
None Present			



Explanatory notes

About this report

A NatHERS rating is a comprehensive, dynamic computer modelling evaluation of a home, using the floorplans, elevations and specifications to estimate an energy load. It addresses the building layout, orientation and fabric (i.e. walls, windows, floors, roofs and ceilings), but does not cover the water or energy use of appliances or energy production of solar panels.

Ratings are based on a unique climate zone where the home is located and are generated using standard assumptions, including occupancy patterns and thermostat settings. The actual energy consumption of a home may vary significantly from the predicted energy load, as the assumptions used in the rating will not match actual usage patterns. For example, the number of occupants and personal heating or cooling preferences will vary.

While the figures are an indicative guide to energy use, they can be used as a reliable guide for comparing different dwelling designs and to demonstrate that the design meets the energy efficiency requirements in the National Construction Code. Homes that are energy efficient use less energy, are warmer on cool days, cooler on hot days and cost less to run. The higher the star rating the more thermally efficient the dwelling is.

Accredited assessors

To ensure the NatHERS Certificate is of a high quality, always use an accredited or licenced assessor. NatHERS accredited assessors are members of a professional body called an Assessor Accrediting Organisation (AAO).

Australian Capital Territory (ACT) licensed assessors may only produce assessments for regulatory purposes using software for which they have a licence endorsement. Licence endorsements can be confirmed on the ACT licensing register

AAOs have specific quality assurance processes in place, and continuing professional development requirements, to maintain a high and consistent standard of assessments across the country. Non-accredited assessors do not have this level of quality assurance or any ongoing training requirements.

Any questions or concerns about this report should be directed to the assessor in the first instance. If the assessor is unable to address these questions or concerns, the AAO specified on the front of this certificate should be contacted.

Disclaimer

The format of the NatHERS Certificate was developed by the NatHERS Administrator. However the content of each individual certificate is entered and created by the assessor to create a NatHERS Certificate. It is the responsibility of the assessor who prepared this certificate to use NatHERS accredited software correctly and follow the NatHERS Technical Notes to produce a NatHERS Certificate.

The predicted annual energy load in this NatHERS Certificate is an estimate based on an assessment of the building by the assessor. It is not a prediction of actual energy use, but may be used to compare how other buildings are likely to perform when used in a similar way.

Information presented in this report relies on a range of standard assumptions (both embedded in NatHERS accredited software and made by the assessor who prepared this report), including assumptions about occupancy, indoor air temperature and local climate.

Not all assumptions that may have been made by the assessor while using the NatHERS accredited software tool are presented in this report and further details or data files may be available from the assessor.

Glossary

Annual energy load	the predicted amount of energy required for heating and cooling, based on standard occupancy assumptions.
Assessed floor area	the floor area modelled in the software for the purpose of the NatHERS assessment. Note, this may not be consistent with the floor area in the design documents.
Ceiling penetrations	features that require a penetration to the ceiling, including downlights, vents, exhaust fans, rangehoods, chimneys and flues. Excludes fixtures attached to the ceiling with small holes through the ceiling for wiring, e.g. ceiling fans; pendant lights, and heating and cooling ducts.
Conditioned	a zone within a dwelling that is expected to require heating and cooling based on standard occupancy assumptions. In some circumstances it will include garages.
Custom windows	windows listed in NatHERS software that are available on the market in Australia and have a WERS (Window Energy Rating Scheme) rating.
Default windows	windows that are representative of a specific type of window product and whose properties have been derived by statistical methods.
Entrance door	these signify ventilation benefits in the modelling software and must not be modelled as a door when opening to a minimally ventilated corridor in a Class 2 building.
Exposure category – exposed	terrain with no obstructions e.g. flat grazing land, ocean-frontage, desert, exposed high-rise unit (usually above 10 floors).
Exposure category – open	terrain with few obstructions at a similar height e.g. grasslands with few well scattered obstructions below 10m, farmland with scattered sheds, lightly vegetated bush blocks, elevated units (e.g. above 3 floors).
Exposure category – suburban	terrain with numerous, closely spaced obstructions below 10m e.g. suburban housing, heavily vegetated bushland areas.
Exposure category – protected	terrain with numerous, closely spaced obstructions over 10 m e.g. city and industrial areas.
Horizontal shading feature	provides shading to the building in the horizontal plane, e.g. eaves, verandahs, pergolas, carports, or overhangs or balconies from upper levels.
National Construction Code (NCC) Class	the NCC groups buildings by their function and use, and assigns a classification code. NatHERS software models NCC Class 1, 2 or 4 buildings and attached Class 10a buildings. Definitions can be found at www.abcb.gov.au.
Opening percentage	the openability percentage or operable (moveable) area of doors or windows that is used in ventilation calculations.
Provisional value	an assumed value that does not represent an actual value. For example, if the wall colour is unspecified in the documentation, a provisional value of 'medium' must be modelled. Acceptable provisional values are outlined in the NatHERS Technical Note and can be found at www.nathers.gov.au
Reflective wrap (also known as foil)	can be applied to walls, roofs and ceilings. When combined with an appropriate airgap and emissivity value, it provides insulative properties.
Roof window	for NatHERS this is typically an operable window (i.e. can be opened), will have a plaster or similar light well if there is an attic space, and generally does not have a diffuser.
Shading device	a device fixed to windows that provides shading e.g. window awnings or screens but excludes eaves.
Shading features	includes neighbouring buildings, fences, and wing walls, but excludes eaves.
Solar heat gain coefficient (SHGC)	the fraction of incident solar radiation admitted through a window, both directly transmitted as well as absorbed and subsequently released inward. SHGC is expressed as a number between 0 and 1. The lower a window's SHGC, the less solar heat it transmits.
Skylight (also known as roof lights)	for NatHERS this is typically a moulded unit with flexible reflective tubing (light well) and a diffuser at ceiling level.
U-value	the rate of heat transfer through a window. The lower the U-value, the better the insulating ability.
Unconditioned	a zone within a dwelling that is assumed to not require heating and cooling based on standard occupancy assumptions.
Vertical shading features	provides shading to the building in the vertical plane and can be parallel or perpendicular to the subject wall/window. Includes privacy screens, other walls in the building (wing walls), fences, other buildings, vegetation (protected or listed heritage trees).

Nationwide House Energy Rating Scheme NatHERS Certificate No. 0008694309

Generated on 07 Jun 2023 using BERS Pro v4.4.1.5 (3.21)

Property

Unit 02, 16-20 Burrawong Cr , Elderslie , NSW , 2570 **Address**

Lot/DP 36169

NCC Class*

New Dwelling Type

Plans

Main plan Project No.: 21039 Prepared by Morson Group

Construction and environment

Assessed floor	area (m²)*	Exposure type
Conditioned*	72.0	Suburban

Unconditioned* 0.0NatHERS climate zone

Total 72.0 28

Garage 0.0



Thermal performance

Heating Cooling 61.0 13.6

 MJ/m^2 MJ/m^2



Accredited assessor

David Howard Name

Business name Partners Energy Management

Email david@partnersenergy.com.au

Phone 0421381005

20039 Accreditation No.

Assessor Accrediting Organisation

ABSA

Declaration of interest Declaration completed: no conflicts

About the rating

NatHERS software models the expected thermal energy loads using information about the design and construction, climate and common patterns of household use. The software does not take into account appliances, apart from the airflow impacts from ceiling fans.

Verification

To verify this certificate, scan the QR code or visit



hstar.com.au/QR/Generate? p=pxmUYgttE.

When using either link, ensure you are visiting hstar.com.au

National Construction Code (NCC) requirements

The NCC's requirements for NatHERS-rated houses are detailed in 3.12.0(a)(i) and 3.12.5 of the NCC Volume Two. For apartments the requirements are detailed in J0.2 and J5 to J8 of the NCC Volume One.

In NCC 2019, these requirements include minimum star ratings and separate heating and cooling load limits that need to be met by buildings and apartments through the NatHERS assessment. Requirements additional to the NatHERS assessment that must also be satisfied include, but are not limited to: insulation installation methods, thermal breaks, building sealing, water heating and pumping, and artificial lighting requirements. The NCC and NatHERS Heating and Cooling Load Limits (Australian Building Codes Board Standard) are available at www.abcb.gov.au.

State and territory variations and additions to the NCC may also apply.



Certificate check

Ensure the dwelling is designed and then built as per the NatHERS Certificate. While you need to check the accuracy of the whole Certificate, the following spot check covers some important items impacting the dwelling's rating.

Genuine certificate

Does this Certificate match the one available at the web address or QR code in the verification box on the front page? Does the set of NatHERS-stamped plans for the dwelling have a Certificate number on the stamp that matches this Certificate?

Does the 'number' and 'type' of ceiling penetrations (e.g. downlights, exhaust fans, etc) shown on the stamped plans or installed, match what is shown in this Certificate?

Windows

Does the installed window meet the substitution tolerances (SHGC and U-value) and window type, of the window shown on this Certificate? Substituted values must be based on the Australian Fenestration Rating Council (AFRC) protocol.

Apartment entrance doors

Does the 'External Door Schedule' show apartment entrance doors? Please note that an "external door" between the modelled dwelling and a shared space, such as an enclosed corridor or foyer, should not be included in the assessment (because it overstates the possible ventilation) and would invalidate the Certificate.

Exposure*

Has the appropriate exposure level (terrain) been applied? For example, it is unlikely that a ground-floor apartment is "exposed" or a top floor high-rise apartment is "protected".

Provisional* values

Have provisional values been used in the assessment and, if so, noted in "additional notes" below?

Additional notes

Downlights must not penetrate ceiling insulation.

I have modeled the shading in accordance with NatHERS principles

Window and glazed door type and performance

Default* windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
willdow iD	Description	U-value*		SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
ALM-002-01 A	ALM-002-01 A	6.7	0.70	0.66	0.73	
	Aluminium B SG Clear	0.7	0.70	0.00	0.73	

Custom* windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
	Description	U-value*		SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	

No Data Available

Window and glazed door schedule

Location	Window ID	Window no.	Height (mm)	Width Window (mm) type	Opening %	Orientation	Window shading device*
----------	--------------	---------------	----------------	---------------------------	--------------	-------------	------------------------------



Location	Window ID	Window no.	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Window type	Opening %	Orientation	Window shading device*
Bed 2	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	1800	1600	n/a	40	SE	No
Bed 1	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	1800	1600	n/a	40	NE	No
Kitchen/Living	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	2400	2100	n/a	45	NE	No
Kitchen/Living	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	1800	1600	n/a	40	SE	No

Roof window type and performance

Default* roof windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
	Description	U-value*	31100	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
No Data Availa	able					

Custom* roof windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
willdow ib	Description	U-value*	31100	SHGC lower limit SHGC upp		
No Data Availa	able					

Roof window schedule

Location	Window ID	Window no.	Opening %	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Orientation	Outdoor shade	Indoor shade	
No Data Ava	ailable								

Skylight type and performance

Skylight ID	Skylight description
No Data Available	

Skylight schedule

Location	Skylight ID	Skylight No.	Skylight shaft length (mm)	Area (m²) Orientation	Outdoor shade	Diffuser	Skylight shaft reflectance
No Data Av	/ailable						

External door schedule



Location	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Opening %	Orientation
No Data Available				

External wall type

Wall	Wall	Solar	Wall shade	Bulk insulation	Reflective wall wrap*
ID	type	absorptance	(colour)	(R-value)	
EW-1	Cavity Brick	0.50	Medium	Foil, Anti-glare one side, Reflective other	Yes

External wall schedule

Location	Wall ID	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Orientation	Horizontal shading feature* maximum projection (mm)	Vertical shading feature (yes/no)
Bed 2	EW-1	2700	1118	SW	2180	YES
Bed 2	EW-1	2700	3523	SE	25	YES
Bed 1	EW-1	2700	3210	NE	0	YES
Kitchen/Living	EW-1	2700	3345	NW	3400	YES
Kitchen/Living	EW-1	2700	5009	NE	2784	NO
Kitchen/Living	EW-1	2700	6699	SE	25	YES

Internal wall type

Wall ID	Wall type	Area (m ²)	Bulk insulation
IW-1 - Brick, plasterboard		19.00	No Insulation
IW-2 - Single Skin Brick		54.00	No insulation

Floor type

Location	Construction	Area Sub-floor (m ²) ventilation	Added insulation (R-value)	Covering
Bath/Ldry	Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm	6.90 None	No Insulation	Ceramic Tiles 8mm
Entry	Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm	7.40 None	No Insulation	Vinyl 3mm
Bed 2	Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm	10.60 None	No Insulation	Carpet+Rubber Underlay 18mm
Bed 1	Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm	14.50 None	No Insulation	Carpet+Rubber Underlay 18mm



Location	Construction	Area Sub-floor	Added insulation	Covering
Location	Constituction	(m²) ventilatior	า (R-value)	Covering

Kitchen/Living Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm 32.20 None No Insulation Vinyl 3mm

Ceiling type

Location	Construction material/type	Bulk insulation R-value (may include edge batt values)	Reflective wrap*
Bath/Ldry	Concrete, Plasterboard	No insulation	No
Entry	Concrete, Plasterboard	No insulation	No
Bed 2	Concrete, Plasterboard	No insulation	No
Bed 1	Concrete, Plasterboard	No insulation	No
Kitchen/Living	Concrete, Plasterboard	No insulation	No

Ceiling penetrations*

Location	Quantity	Туре	Diameter (mm²)	Sealed/unsealed
Bath/Ldry	2	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed
Bed 2	3	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed
Bed 1	3	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed
Kitchen/Living	5	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed

Ceiling fans

Location	Quantity	Diameter (mm)
No Data Available		

Roof type

Construction	Added insulation (R-value)	Solar absorptance	Roof shade
None Present			



Explanatory notes

About this report

A NatHERS rating is a comprehensive, dynamic computer modelling evaluation of a home, using the floorplans, elevations and specifications to estimate an energy load. It addresses the building layout, orientation and fabric (i.e. walls, windows, floors, roofs and ceilings), but does not cover the water or energy use of appliances or energy production of solar panels.

Ratings are based on a unique climate zone where the home is located and are generated using standard assumptions, including occupancy patterns and thermostat settings. The actual energy consumption of a home may vary significantly from the predicted energy load, as the assumptions used in the rating will not match actual usage patterns. For example, the number of occupants and personal heating or cooling preferences will vary.

While the figures are an indicative guide to energy use, they can be used as a reliable guide for comparing different dwelling designs and to demonstrate that the design meets the energy efficiency requirements in the National Construction Code. Homes that are energy efficient use less energy, are warmer on cool days, cooler on hot days and cost less to run. The higher the star rating the more thermally efficient the dwelling is.

Accredited assessors

To ensure the NatHERS Certificate is of a high quality, always use an accredited or licenced assessor. NatHERS accredited assessors are members of a professional body called an Assessor Accrediting Organisation (AAO).

Australian Capital Territory (ACT) licensed assessors may only produce assessments for regulatory purposes using software for which they have a licence endorsement. Licence endorsements can be confirmed on the ACT licensing register

AAOs have specific quality assurance processes in place, and continuing professional development requirements, to maintain a high and consistent standard of assessments across the country. Non-accredited assessors do not have this level of quality assurance or any ongoing training requirements.

Any questions or concerns about this report should be directed to the assessor in the first instance. If the assessor is unable to address these questions or concerns, the AAO specified on the front of this certificate should be contacted.

Disclaimer

The format of the NatHERS Certificate was developed by the NatHERS Administrator. However the content of each individual certificate is entered and created by the assessor to create a NatHERS Certificate. It is the responsibility of the assessor who prepared this certificate to use NatHERS accredited software correctly and follow the NatHERS Technical Notes to produce a NatHERS Certificate.

The predicted annual energy load in this NatHERS Certificate is an estimate based on an assessment of the building by the assessor. It is not a prediction of actual energy use, but may be used to compare how other buildings are likely to perform when used in a similar way.

Information presented in this report relies on a range of standard assumptions (both embedded in NatHERS accredited software and made by the assessor who prepared this report), including assumptions about occupancy, indoor air temperature and local climate.

Not all assumptions that may have been made by the assessor while using the NatHERS accredited software tool are presented in this report and further details or data files may be available from the assessor.

Glossary

Annual energy load	the predicted amount of energy required for heating and cooling, based on standard occupancy assumptions.
Assessed floor area	the floor area modelled in the software for the purpose of the NatHERS assessment. Note, this may not be consistent with the floor area in the design documents.
Ceiling penetrations	features that require a penetration to the ceiling, including downlights, vents, exhaust fans, rangehoods, chimneys and flues. Excludes fixtures attached to the ceiling with small holes through the ceiling for wiring, e.g. ceiling fans; pendant lights, and heating and cooling ducts.
Conditioned	a zone within a dwelling that is expected to require heating and cooling based on standard occupancy assumptions. In some circumstances it will include garages.
Custom windows	windows listed in NatHERS software that are available on the market in Australia and have a WERS (Window Energy Rating Scheme) rating.
Default windows	windows that are representative of a specific type of window product and whose properties have been derived by statistical methods.
Entrance door	these signify ventilation benefits in the modelling software and must not be modelled as a door when opening to a minimally ventilated corridor in a Class 2 building.
Exposure category – exposed	terrain with no obstructions e.g. flat grazing land, ocean-frontage, desert, exposed high-rise unit (usually above 10 floors).
Exposure category – open	terrain with few obstructions at a similar height e.g. grasslands with few well scattered obstructions below 10m, farmland with scattered sheds, lightly vegetated bush blocks, elevated units (e.g. above 3 floors).
Exposure category – suburban	terrain with numerous, closely spaced obstructions below 10m e.g. suburban housing, heavily vegetated bushland areas.
Exposure category – protected	terrain with numerous, closely spaced obstructions over 10 m e.g. city and industrial areas.
Horizontal shading feature	provides shading to the building in the horizontal plane, e.g. eaves, verandahs, pergolas, carports, or overhangs or balconies from upper levels.
National Construction Code (NCC) Class	the NCC groups buildings by their function and use, and assigns a classification code. NatHERS software models NCC Class 1, 2 or 4 buildings and attached Class 10a buildings. Definitions can be found at www.abcb.gov.au.
Opening percentage	the openability percentage or operable (moveable) area of doors or windows that is used in ventilation calculations.
Provisional value	an assumed value that does not represent an actual value. For example, if the wall colour is unspecified in the documentation, a provisional value of 'medium' must be modelled. Acceptable provisional values are outlined in the NatHERS Technical Note and can be found at www.nathers.gov.au
Reflective wrap (also known as foil)	can be applied to walls, roofs and ceilings. When combined with an appropriate airgap and emissivity value, it provides insulative properties.
Roof window	for NatHERS this is typically an operable window (i.e. can be opened), will have a plaster or similar light well if there is an attic space, and generally does not have a diffuser.
Shading device	a device fixed to windows that provides shading e.g. window awnings or screens but excludes eaves.
Shading features	includes neighbouring buildings, fences, and wing walls, but excludes eaves.
Solar heat gain coefficient (SHGC)	the fraction of incident solar radiation admitted through a window, both directly transmitted as well as absorbed and subsequently released inward. SHGC is expressed as a number between 0 and 1. The lower a window's SHGC, the less solar heat it transmits.
Skylight (also known as roof lights)	for NatHERS this is typically a moulded unit with flexible reflective tubing (light well) and a diffuser at ceiling level.
U-value	the rate of heat transfer through a window. The lower the U-value, the better the insulating ability.
Unconditioned	a zone within a dwelling that is assumed to not require heating and cooling based on standard occupancy assumptions.
Vertical shading features	provides shading to the building in the vertical plane and can be parallel or perpendicular to the subject wall/window. Includes privacy screens, other walls in the building (wing walls), fences, other buildings, vegetation (protected or listed heritage trees).

Nationwide House Energy Rating Scheme NatHERS Certificate No. 0008694333

Generated on 07 Jun 2023 using BERS Pro v4.4.1.5 (3.21)

Property

Unit 03, 16-20 Burrawong Cr , Elderslie , NSW , 2570 **Address**

Lot/DP 36169

NCC Class* 2

New Dwelling Type

Plans

Main plan Project No.: 21039 Prepared by Morson Group

Construction and environment

Assessed floor	Exposure type	
Conditioned*	49.0	Suburban

Unconditioned* 0.0NatHERS climate zone

Total 49.0 28 Garage 0.0

Accredited assessor

David Howard Name

Business name Partners Energy Management Email david@partnersenergy.com.au

Phone 0421381005

Accreditation No. 20039

Assessor Accrediting Organisation

ABSA

Declaration of interest Declaration completed: no conflicts



Thermal performance

Heating Cooling 10.9 11.1

 MJ/m^2 MJ/m^2

About the rating

NatHERS software models the expected thermal energy loads using information about the design and construction, climate and common patterns of household use. The software does not take into account appliances, apart from the airflow impacts from ceiling fans.

Verification

To verify this certificate, scan the QR code or visit

hstar.com.au/QR/Generate?

When using either link, ensure you are

p=QWgtuKluU.

visiting hstar.com.au

National Construction Code (NCC) requirements

The NCC's requirements for NatHERS-rated houses are detailed in 3.12.0(a)(i) and 3.12.5 of the NCC Volume Two. For apartments the requirements are detailed in J0.2 and J5 to J8 of the NCC Volume One.

In NCC 2019, these requirements include minimum star ratings and separate heating and cooling load limits that need to be met by buildings and apartments through the NatHERS assessment. Requirements additional to the NatHERS assessment that must also be satisfied include, but are not limited to: insulation installation methods, thermal breaks, building sealing, water heating and pumping, and artificial lighting requirements. The NCC and NatHERS Heating and Cooling Load Limits (Australian Building Codes Board Standard) are available at www.abcb.gov.au.

State and territory variations and additions to the NCC may also apply.



Certificate check

Ensure the dwelling is designed and then built as per the NatHERS Certificate. While you need to check the accuracy of the whole Certificate, the following spot check covers some important items impacting the dwelling's rating.

Genuine certificate

Does this Certificate match the one available at the web address or QR code in the verification box on the front page? Does the set of NatHERS-stamped plans for the dwelling have a Certificate number on the stamp that matches this Certificate?

Does the 'number' and 'type' of ceiling penetrations (e.g. downlights, exhaust fans, etc) shown on the stamped plans or installed, match what is shown in this Certificate?

Windows

Does the installed window meet the substitution tolerances (SHGC and U-value) and window type, of the window shown on this Certificate? Substituted values must be based on the Australian Fenestration Rating Council (AFRC) protocol.

Apartment entrance doors

Does the 'External Door Schedule' show apartment entrance doors? Please note that an "external door" between the modelled dwelling and a shared space, such as an enclosed corridor or foyer, should not be included in the assessment (because it overstates the possible ventilation) and would invalidate the Certificate.

Exposure*

Has the appropriate exposure level (terrain) been applied? For example, it is unlikely that a ground-floor apartment is "exposed" or a top floor high-rise apartment is "protected".

Provisional* values

Have provisional values been used in the assessment and, if so, noted in "additional notes" below?

Additional notes

Downlights must not penetrate ceiling insulation.

I have modeled the shading in accordance with NatHERS principles

Window and glazed door type and performance

Default* windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
willdow ib	Description	U-value*	энч	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
ALM-002-01 A	ALM-002-01 A	6.7	0.70	0.66	0.73	
	Aluminium B SG Clear	0.7				

Custom* windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
	Description	U-value*	31100	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	

No Data Available

Window and glazed door schedule

Location	Window ID	Window no.	Height (mm)	Width Window (mm) type	Opening %	Orientation	Window shading device*
----------	--------------	---------------	----------------	------------------------	--------------	-------------	------------------------------



Location	Window ID	Window no.	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Window type	Opening %	Orientation	Window shading device*
Kitchen/Living	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	2400	2100	n/a	45	NE	No
Bed	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	1800	1600	n/a	40	NE	No

Roof window type and performance

Default* roof windows

Window ID	Window	/indow Maximum		Substitution tolerance ranges		
	Description	U-value*	SHGC*	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	

No Data Available

Custom* roof windows

Window ID	Window Maximum		SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
	Description	U-value*	энвс	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
No Data Availa	able					

Roof window schedule

Location	Window ID	Window no.	Opening %	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Orientation	Outdoor shade	Indoor shade
No Data Ava	No Data Available							

Skylight type and performance

Nο	Data	Available
INO	Data	Available

Skylight schedule

Location	Skylight ID	Skylight No.	Skylight shaft length (mm)	Area (m²) Orientation	Outdoor shade	Diffuser	Skylight shaft reflectance

No Data Available

External door schedule

Location	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Opening %	Orientation



Location	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Opening %	Orientation
No Data Available				

External wall type

Wall	Wall	Solar	Wall shade	Bulk insulation	Reflective wall wrap*
ID	type	absorptance	(colour)	(R-value)	
EW-1	Cavity Brick	0.50	Medium	Foil, Anti-glare one side, Reflective other	Yes

External wall schedule

Location	Wall ID	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Orientation	Horizontal shading feature* maximum projection (mm)	Vertical shading feature (yes/no)
Kitchen/Living	EW-1	2700	3657	NE	2896	NO
Kitchen/Living	EW-1	2700	583	SE	8892	YES
Bed	EW-1	2700	1198	NW	2193	YES
Bed	EW-1	2700	3434	NE	2415	NO

Internal wall type

Wall ID	Wall type	Area (m ²)	Bulk insulation
IW-1 - Single Skin Brick		41.00	No insulation
IW-2 - Brick, plasterboard		18.00	No Insulation

Floor type

Location	Construction	Area Sub-floor (m ²) ventilation	Added insulation (R-value)	Covering
Kitchen/Living	Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm	24.40 None	No Insulation	Vinyl 3mm
Entry/Ldry	Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm	5.40 None	No Insulation	Vinyl 3mm
Bath	Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm	5.00 None	No Insulation	Ceramic Tiles 8mm
Bed	Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm	14.30 None	No Insulation	Carpet+Rubber Underlay 18mm

Ceiling type



Location	Construction material/type	Bulk insulation R-value (may include edge batt values)	Reflective wrap*
Kitchen/Living	Concrete, Plasterboard	No insulation	No
Entry/Ldry	Concrete, Plasterboard	No insulation	No
Bath	Concrete, Plasterboard	No insulation	No
Bed	Concrete, Plasterboard	No insulation	No

Ceiling penetrations*

Location	Quantity	Туре	Diameter (mm²)	Sealed/unsealed	
Kitchen/Living	5	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed	_
Entry/Ldry	3	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed	
Bath	2	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed	
Bed	3	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed	_

Ceiling fans

Location	Quantity	Diameter (mm)
No Data Available		

Roof type

Construction	Added insulation (R-value)	Solar absorptance	Roof shade
None Present			



Explanatory notes

About this report

A NatHERS rating is a comprehensive, dynamic computer modelling evaluation of a home, using the floorplans, elevations and specifications to estimate an energy load. It addresses the building layout, orientation and fabric (i.e. walls, windows, floors, roofs and ceilings), but does not cover the water or energy use of appliances or energy production of solar panels.

Ratings are based on a unique climate zone where the home is located and are generated using standard assumptions, including occupancy patterns and thermostat settings. The actual energy consumption of a home may vary significantly from the predicted energy load, as the assumptions used in the rating will not match actual usage patterns. For example, the number of occupants and personal heating or cooling preferences will vary.

While the figures are an indicative guide to energy use, they can be used as a reliable guide for comparing different dwelling designs and to demonstrate that the design meets the energy efficiency requirements in the National Construction Code. Homes that are energy efficient use less energy, are warmer on cool days, cooler on hot days and cost less to run. The higher the star rating the more thermally efficient the dwelling is.

Accredited assessors

To ensure the NatHERS Certificate is of a high quality, always use an accredited or licenced assessor. NatHERS accredited assessors are members of a professional body called an Assessor Accrediting Organisation (AAO).

Australian Capital Territory (ACT) licensed assessors may only produce assessments for regulatory purposes using software for which they have a licence endorsement. Licence endorsements can be confirmed on the ACT licensing register

AAOs have specific quality assurance processes in place, and continuing professional development requirements, to maintain a high and consistent standard of assessments across the country. Non-accredited assessors do not have this level of quality assurance or any ongoing training requirements.

Any questions or concerns about this report should be directed to the assessor in the first instance. If the assessor is unable to address these questions or concerns, the AAO specified on the front of this certificate should be contacted.

Disclaimer

The format of the NatHERS Certificate was developed by the NatHERS Administrator. However the content of each individual certificate is entered and created by the assessor to create a NatHERS Certificate. It is the responsibility of the assessor who prepared this certificate to use NatHERS accredited software correctly and follow the NatHERS Technical Notes to produce a NatHERS Certificate.

The predicted annual energy load in this NatHERS Certificate is an estimate based on an assessment of the building by the assessor. It is not a prediction of actual energy use, but may be used to compare how other buildings are likely to perform when used in a similar way.

Information presented in this report relies on a range of standard assumptions (both embedded in NatHERS accredited software and made by the assessor who prepared this report), including assumptions about occupancy, indoor air temperature and local climate.

Not all assumptions that may have been made by the assessor while using the NatHERS accredited software tool are presented in this report and further details or data files may be available from the assessor.

Glossary

Annual energy load	the predicted amount of energy required for heating and cooling, based on standard occupancy assumptions.
Assessed floor area	the floor area modelled in the software for the purpose of the NatHERS assessment. Note, this may not be consistent with the floor area in the design documents.
Ceiling penetrations	features that require a penetration to the ceiling, including downlights, vents, exhaust fans, rangehoods, chimneys and flues. Excludes fixtures attached to the ceiling with small holes through the ceiling for wiring, e.g. ceiling fans; pendant lights, and heating and cooling ducts.
Conditioned	a zone within a dwelling that is expected to require heating and cooling based on standard occupancy assumptions. In some circumstances it will include garages.
Custom windows	windows listed in NatHERS software that are available on the market in Australia and have a WERS (Window Energy Rating Scheme) rating.
Default windows	windows that are representative of a specific type of window product and whose properties have been derived by statistical methods.
Entrance door	these signify ventilation benefits in the modelling software and must not be modelled as a door when opening to a minimally ventilated corridor in a Class 2 building.
Exposure category – exposed	terrain with no obstructions e.g. flat grazing land, ocean-frontage, desert, exposed high-rise unit (usually above 10 floors).
Exposure category – open	terrain with few obstructions at a similar height e.g. grasslands with few well scattered obstructions below 10m, farmland with scattered sheds, lightly vegetated bush blocks, elevated units (e.g. above 3 floors).
Exposure category – suburban	terrain with numerous, closely spaced obstructions below 10m e.g. suburban housing, heavily vegetated bushland areas.
Exposure category – protected	terrain with numerous, closely spaced obstructions over 10 m e.g. city and industrial areas.
Horizontal shading feature	provides shading to the building in the horizontal plane, e.g. eaves, verandahs, pergolas, carports, or overhangs or balconies from upper levels.
National Construction Code (NCC) Class	the NCC groups buildings by their function and use, and assigns a classification code. NatHERS software models NCC Class 1, 2 or 4 buildings and attached Class 10a buildings. Definitions can be found at www.abcb.gov.au.
Opening percentage	the openability percentage or operable (moveable) area of doors or windows that is used in ventilation calculations.
Provisional value	an assumed value that does not represent an actual value. For example, if the wall colour is unspecified in the documentation, a provisional value of 'medium' must be modelled. Acceptable provisional values are outlined in the NatHERS Technical Note and can be found at www.nathers.gov.au
Reflective wrap (also known as foil)	can be applied to walls, roofs and ceilings. When combined with an appropriate airgap and emissivity value, it provides insulative properties.
Roof window	for NatHERS this is typically an operable window (i.e. can be opened), will have a plaster or similar light well if there is an attic space, and generally does not have a diffuser.
Shading device	a device fixed to windows that provides shading e.g. window awnings or screens but excludes eaves.
Shading features	includes neighbouring buildings, fences, and wing walls, but excludes eaves.
Solar heat gain coefficient (SHGC)	the fraction of incident solar radiation admitted through a window, both directly transmitted as well as absorbed and subsequently released inward. SHGC is expressed as a number between 0 and 1. The lower a window's SHGC, the less solar heat it transmits.
Skylight (also known as roof lights)	for NatHERS this is typically a moulded unit with flexible reflective tubing (light well) and a diffuser at ceiling level.
U-value	the rate of heat transfer through a window. The lower the U-value, the better the insulating ability.
Unconditioned	a zone within a dwelling that is assumed to not require heating and cooling based on standard occupancy assumptions.
Vertical shading features	provides shading to the building in the vertical plane and can be parallel or perpendicular to the subject wall/window. Includes privacy screens, other walls in the building (wing walls), fences, other buildings, vegetation (protected or listed heritage trees).

Nationwide House Energy Rating Scheme NatHERS Certificate No. 0008694366

Generated on 07 Jun 2023 using BERS Pro v4.4.1.5 (3.21)

Property

Address Unit 04, 16-20 Burrawong Cr , Elderslie , NSW , 2570

Lot/DP 36169

NCC Class* 2

Type New Dwelling

Plans

Main plan Project No.: 21039

Prepared by Morson Group

Construction and environment

Assessed floor	area (m²)*	Exposure type		
Conditioned*	70.0	Suburban		

Unconditioned* 0.0

NatHERS climate zone

Total 70.0 28 Garage 0.0

Accredited assessor

Name David Howard

Business name Partners Energy Management

Email david@partnersenergy.com.au

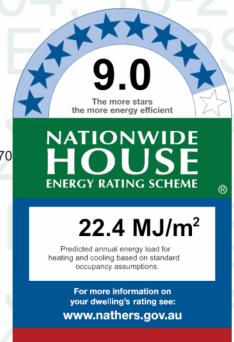
Phone 0421381005

Accreditation No. 20039

Assessor Accrediting Organisation

ABSA

Declaration of interestDeclaration completed: no conflicts



Thermal performance

Heating Cooling

5.7

MJ/m²

16.7

 MJ/m^2

About the rating

NatHERS software models the expected thermal energy loads using information about the design and construction, climate and common patterns of household use. The software does not take into account appliances, apart from the airflow impacts from ceiling fans.

Verification

To verify this certificate, scan the QR code or visit



hstar.com.au/QR/Generate? p=FrLioxOoJ.

When using either link, ensure you are visiting hstar.com.au

National Construction Code (NCC) requirements

The NCC's requirements for NatHERS-rated houses are detailed in 3.12.0(a)(i) and 3.12.5 of the NCC Volume Two. For apartments the requirements are detailed in J0.2 and J5 to J8 of the NCC Volume One.

In NCC 2019, these requirements include minimum star ratings and separate heating and cooling load limits that need to be met by buildings and apartments through the NatHERS assessment. Requirements additional to the NatHERS assessment that must also be satisfied include, but are not limited to: insulation installation methods, thermal breaks, building sealing, water heating and pumping, and artificial lighting requirements. The NCC and NatHERS Heating and Cooling Load Limits (Australian Building Codes Board Standard) are available at www.abcb.gov.au.

State and territory variations and additions to the NCC may also apply.



Certificate check

Ensure the dwelling is designed and then built as per the NatHERS Certificate. While you need to check the accuracy of the whole Certificate, the following spot check covers some important items impacting the dwelling's rating.

Genuine certificate

Does this Certificate match the one available at the web address or QR code in the verification box on the front page? Does the set of NatHERS-stamped plans for the dwelling have a Certificate number on the stamp that matches this Certificate?

Does the 'number' and 'type' of ceiling penetrations (e.g. downlights, exhaust fans, etc) shown on the stamped plans or installed, match what is shown in this Certificate?

Windows

Does the installed window meet the substitution tolerances (SHGC and U-value) and window type, of the window shown on this Certificate? Substituted values must be based on the Australian Fenestration Rating Council (AFRC) protocol.

Apartment entrance doors

Does the 'External Door Schedule' show apartment entrance doors? Please note that an "external door" between the modelled dwelling and a shared space, such as an enclosed corridor or foyer, should not be included in the assessment (because it overstates the possible ventilation) and would invalidate the Certificate.

Exposure*

Has the appropriate exposure level (terrain) been applied? For example, it is unlikely that a ground-floor apartment is "exposed" or a top floor high-rise apartment is "protected".

Provisional* values

Have provisional values been used in the assessment and, if so, noted in "additional notes" below?

Additional notes

Downlights must not penetrate ceiling insulation.

I have modeled the shading in accordance with NatHERS principles

Window and glazed door type and performance

Default* windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
willdow ib	Description	U-value*	энч	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
ALM-002-01 A	ALM-002-01 A	6.7	0.70	0.66	0.73	
ALIVI-002-01 A	Aluminium B SG Clear	0.7	0.70	0.00	0.73	

Custom* windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
	Description	U-value*	энис	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	

No Data Available

Window and glazed door schedule

Location	Window ID	Window no.	Height (mm)	Width Window (mm) type	Opening %	Orientation	Window shading device*
----------	--------------	---------------	----------------	------------------------	--------------	-------------	------------------------------



Location	Window ID	Window no.	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Window type	Opening %	Orientation	Window shading device*
Kitchen/Living	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	1800	1600	n/a	40	NW	No
Kitchen/Living	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	1800	1000	n/a	40	NE	No
Kitchen/Living	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	2400	2100	n/a	45	NE	No
Bed 2	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	1800	1600	n/a	40	NW	No
Bed 1	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	1800	1600	n/a	40	NW	No

Roof window type and performance

Default* roof windows

Window ID	Window Maximum		SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
willidow ib	Description U-value*	SHGC lower limit		SHGC upper limit		
No Data Availa	phlo					

Custom* roof windows

Window ID	Window	ndow Maximum		Substitution tolerance ranges		
	Description	U-value*	SHGC*	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
No Data Availa	able					

Roof window schedule

Location	Window ID	Window no.	Opening %	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Orientation	Outdoor shade	Indoor shade	
No Data Available									

Skylight type and performance

Skylight ID	Skylight description
No Data Available	

Skylight schedule

Location	Skylight ID	Skylight No.	Skylight shaft length (mm)	Area (m²) Orientation	Outdoor shade	Diffuser	Skylight shaft reflectance
No Data Available							

 * Refer to glossary. Generated on 07 Jun 2023 using BERS Pro v4.4.1.5 (3.21) for Unit 04, 16-20 Burrawong Cr , Elderslie , NSW , 2570



External door schedule

Location	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Opening %	Orientation
No Data Available				

External wall type

Wall	Wall	Solar	Wall shade	Bulk insulation	Reflective wall wrap*
ID	type	absorptance	(colour)	(R-value)	
EW-1	Cavity Brick	0.50	Medium	Foil, Anti-glare one side, Reflective other	Yes

External wall schedule

Location	Wall ID	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Orientation	Horizontal shading feature* maximum projection (mm)	Vertical shading feature (yes/no)
Kitchen/Living	EW-1	2700	3746	NW	0	NO
Kitchen/Living	EW-1	2700	7379	NE	2795	NO
Kitchen/Living	EW-1	2700	2181	SE	2102	YES
Bed 2	EW-1	2700	502	SW	0	YES
Bed 2	EW-1	2700	3075	NW	0	NO
Bed 1	EW-1	2700	2460	SW	25	NO
Bed 1	EW-1	2700	3345	NW	0	YES

Internal wall type

Wall ID	Wall type	Area (m²)	Bulk insulation
IW-1 - Single Skin Brick		62.00	No insulation
IW-2 - Brick, plasterboard		12.00	No Insulation

Floor type

Location	Construction	Area Sub-floor (m ²) ventilation	Added insulation (R-value)	Covering
Kitchen/Living	Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm	29.10 None	No Insulation	Vinyl 3mm
Entry	Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm	9.50 None	No Insulation	Vinyl 3mm



Location	Construction	Area Sub-floor (m ²) ventilation	Added insulation (R-value)	Covering
Bed 2	Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm	10.60 None	No Insulation	Carpet+Rubber Underlay 18mm
Bath/Ldry	Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm	6.70 None	No Insulation	Ceramic Tiles 8mm
Bed 1	Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm	14.50 None	No Insulation	Carpet+Rubber Underlay 18mm

Ceiling type

Location	Construction material/type	Bulk insulation R-value (may include edge batt values)	Reflective wrap*
Kitchen/Living	Concrete, Plasterboard	No insulation	No
Entry	Concrete, Plasterboard	No insulation	No
Bed 2	Concrete, Plasterboard	No insulation	No
Bath/Ldry	Concrete, Plasterboard	No insulation	No
Bed 1	Concrete, Plasterboard	No insulation	No

Ceiling penetrations*

Location	Quantity	Туре	Diameter (mm²)	Sealed/unsealed	
Kitchen/Living	6	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed	_
Entry	3	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed	_
Bed 2	3	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed	_
Bath/Ldry	2	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed	
Bed 1	3	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed	

Ceiling fans

Location	Quantity	Diameter (mm)
No Data Available		

Roof type

Construction	Added insulation (R-value)	Solar absorptance	Roof shade



Construction	Added insulation (R-value)	Solar absorptance	Roof shade
None Present			



Explanatory notes

About this report

A NatHERS rating is a comprehensive, dynamic computer modelling evaluation of a home, using the floorplans, elevations and specifications to estimate an energy load. It addresses the building layout, orientation and fabric (i.e. walls, windows, floors, roofs and ceilings), but does not cover the water or energy use of appliances or energy production of solar panels.

Ratings are based on a unique climate zone where the home is located and are generated using standard assumptions, including occupancy patterns and thermostat settings. The actual energy consumption of a home may vary significantly from the predicted energy load, as the assumptions used in the rating will not match actual usage patterns. For example, the number of occupants and personal heating or cooling preferences will vary.

While the figures are an indicative guide to energy use, they can be used as a reliable guide for comparing different dwelling designs and to demonstrate that the design meets the energy efficiency requirements in the National Construction Code. Homes that are energy efficient use less energy, are warmer on cool days, cooler on hot days and cost less to run. The higher the star rating the more thermally efficient the dwelling is.

Accredited assessors

To ensure the NatHERS Certificate is of a high quality, always use an accredited or licenced assessor. NatHERS accredited assessors are members of a professional body called an Assessor Accrediting Organisation (AAO).

Australian Capital Territory (ACT) licensed assessors may only produce assessments for regulatory purposes using software for which they have a licence endorsement. Licence endorsements can be confirmed on the ACT licensing register

AAOs have specific quality assurance processes in place, and continuing professional development requirements, to maintain a high and consistent standard of assessments across the country. Non-accredited assessors do not have this level of quality assurance or any ongoing training requirements.

Any questions or concerns about this report should be directed to the assessor in the first instance. If the assessor is unable to address these questions or concerns, the AAO specified on the front of this certificate should be contacted

Disclaimer

The format of the NatHERS Certificate was developed by the NatHERS Administrator. However the content of each individual certificate is entered and created by the assessor to create a NatHERS Certificate. It is the responsibility of the assessor who prepared this certificate to use NatHERS accredited software correctly and follow the NatHERS Technical Notes to produce a NatHERS Certificate.

The predicted annual energy load in this NatHERS Certificate is an estimate based on an assessment of the building by the assessor. It is not a prediction of actual energy use, but may be used to compare how other buildings are likely to perform when used in a similar way.

Information presented in this report relies on a range of standard assumptions (both embedded in NatHERS accredited software and made by the assessor who prepared this report), including assumptions about occupancy, indoor air temperature and local climate.

Not all assumptions that may have been made by the assessor while using the NatHERS accredited software tool are presented in this report and further details or data files may be available from the assessor.

Glossary

Annual energy load	the predicted amount of energy required for heating and cooling, based on standard occupancy assumptions.
Assessed floor area	the floor area modelled in the software for the purpose of the NatHERS assessment. Note, this may not be consistent with the floor area in the design documents.
Ceiling penetrations	features that require a penetration to the ceiling, including downlights, vents, exhaust fans, rangehoods, chimneys and flues. Excludes fixtures attached to the ceiling with small holes through the ceiling for wiring, e.g. ceiling fans; pendant lights, and heating and cooling ducts.
Conditioned	a zone within a dwelling that is expected to require heating and cooling based on standard occupancy assumptions. In some circumstances it will include garages.
Custom windows	windows listed in NatHERS software that are available on the market in Australia and have a WERS (Window Energy Rating Scheme) rating.
Default windows	windows that are representative of a specific type of window product and whose properties have been derived by statistical methods.
Entrance door	these signify ventilation benefits in the modelling software and must not be modelled as a door when opening to a minimally ventilated corridor in a Class 2 building.
Exposure category – exposed	terrain with no obstructions e.g. flat grazing land, ocean-frontage, desert, exposed high-rise unit (usually above 10 floors).
Exposure category – open	terrain with few obstructions at a similar height e.g. grasslands with few well scattered obstructions below 10m, farmland with scattered sheds, lightly vegetated bush blocks, elevated units (e.g. above 3 floors).
Exposure category – suburban	terrain with numerous, closely spaced obstructions below 10m e.g. suburban housing, heavily vegetated bushland areas.
Exposure category – protected	terrain with numerous, closely spaced obstructions over 10 m e.g. city and industrial areas.
Horizontal shading feature	provides shading to the building in the horizontal plane, e.g. eaves, verandahs, pergolas, carports, or overhangs or balconies from upper levels.
National Construction Code (NCC) Class	the NCC groups buildings by their function and use, and assigns a classification code. NatHERS software models NCC Class 1, 2 or 4 buildings and attached Class 10a buildings. Definitions can be found at www.abcb.gov.au.
Opening percentage	the openability percentage or operable (moveable) area of doors or windows that is used in ventilation calculations.
Provisional value	an assumed value that does not represent an actual value. For example, if the wall colour is unspecified in the documentation, a provisional value of 'medium' must be modelled. Acceptable provisional values are outlined in the NatHERS Technical Note and can be found at www.nathers.gov.au
Reflective wrap (also known as foil)	can be applied to walls, roofs and ceilings. When combined with an appropriate airgap and emissivity value, it provides insulative properties.
Roof window	for NatHERS this is typically an operable window (i.e. can be opened), will have a plaster or similar light well if there is an attic space, and generally does not have a diffuser.
Shading device	a device fixed to windows that provides shading e.g. window awnings or screens but excludes eaves.
Shading features	includes neighbouring buildings, fences, and wing walls, but excludes eaves.
Solar heat gain coefficient (SHGC)	the fraction of incident solar radiation admitted through a window, both directly transmitted as well as absorbed and subsequently released inward. SHGC is expressed as a number between 0 and 1. The lower a window's SHGC, the less solar heat it transmits.
Skylight (also known as roof lights)	for NatHERS this is typically a moulded unit with flexible reflective tubing (light well) and a diffuser at ceiling level.
U-value	the rate of heat transfer through a window. The lower the U-value, the better the insulating ability.
Unconditioned	a zone within a dwelling that is assumed to not require heating and cooling based on standard occupancy assumptions.
Vertical shading features	provides shading to the building in the vertical plane and can be parallel or perpendicular to the subject wall/window. Includes privacy screens, other walls in the building (wing walls), fences, other buildings, vegetation (protected or listed heritage trees).

Nationwide House Energy Rating Scheme NatHERS Certificate No. 0008694390

Generated on 07 Jun 2023 using BERS Pro v4.4.1.5 (3.21)

Property

Address Unit 05, 16-20 Burrawong Cr , Elderslie , NSW , 2570

Lot/DP 36169

NCC Class* 2

Type New Dwelling

Plans

Main plan Project No.: 21039

Prepared by Morson Group

Construction and environment

Assessed floor area (m ²)*	Exposure type

Conditioned* 70.0 Suburban

Unconditioned* 0.0 NatHERS climate zone

Total 70.0 28

Garage 0.0



Name David Howard

Business name Partners Energy Management

Email david@partnersenergy.com.au

Phone 0421381005

Accreditation No. 20039

Assessor Accrediting Organisation

ABSA

Declaration of interestDeclaration completed: no conflicts



Thermal performance

Heating Cooling

17.4

MJ/m²

 MJ/m^2

17.2

About the rating

NatHERS software models the expected thermal energy loads using information about the design and construction, climate and common patterns of household use. The software does not take into account appliances, apart from the airflow impacts from ceiling fans.

Verification

To verify this certificate, scan the QR code or visit



hstar.com.au/QR/Generate? p=WzagBpQRq.

When using either link, ensure you are visiting hstar.com.au

National Construction Code (NCC) requirements

The NCC's requirements for NatHERS-rated houses are detailed in 3.12.0(a)(i) and 3.12.5 of the NCC Volume Two. For apartments the requirements are detailed in J0.2 and J5 to J8 of the NCC Volume One.

In NCC 2019, these requirements include minimum star ratings and separate heating and cooling load limits that need to be met by buildings and apartments through the NatHERS assessment. Requirements additional to the NatHERS assessment that must also be satisfied include, but are not limited to: insulation installation methods, thermal breaks, building sealing, water heating and pumping, and artificial lighting requirements. The NCC and NatHERS Heating and Cooling Load Limits (Australian Building Codes Board Standard) are available at www.abcb.gov.au.

State and territory variations and additions to the NCC may also apply.



Certificate check

Ensure the dwelling is designed and then built as per the NatHERS Certificate. While you need to check the accuracy of the whole Certificate, the following spot check covers some important items impacting the dwelling's rating.

Genuine certificate

Does this Certificate match the one available at the web address or QR code in the verification box on the front page? Does the set of NatHERS-stamped plans for the dwelling have a Certificate number on the stamp that matches this Certificate?

Does the 'number' and 'type' of ceiling penetrations (e.g. downlights, exhaust fans, etc) shown on the stamped plans or installed, match what is shown in this Certificate?

Windows

Does the installed window meet the substitution tolerances (SHGC and U-value) and window type, of the window shown on this Certificate? Substituted values must be based on the Australian Fenestration Rating Council (AFRC) protocol.

Apartment entrance doors

Does the 'External Door Schedule' show apartment entrance doors? Please note that an "external door" between the modelled dwelling and a shared space, such as an enclosed corridor or foyer, should not be included in the assessment (because it overstates the possible ventilation) and would invalidate the Certificate.

Exposure*

Has the appropriate exposure level (terrain) been applied? For example, it is unlikely that a ground-floor apartment is "exposed" or a top floor high-rise apartment is "protected".

Provisional* values

Have provisional values been used in the assessment and, if so, noted in "additional notes" below?

Additional notes

Downlights must not penetrate ceiling insulation.

I have modeled the shading in accordance with NatHERS principles

Window and glazed door type and performance

Default* windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum		Substitution tolerance ranges		
willdow ib	Description	U-value*	SHGC*	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
ALM-002-01 A	ALM-002-01 A	6.7	0.70	0.66	0.73	
	Aluminium B SG Clear	0.7				

Custom* windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
	Description	U-value*		SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	

No Data Available

Window and glazed door schedule

Location	Window ID	Window no.	Height (mm)	Width Window (mm) type	Opening %	Orientation	Window shading device*
----------	--------------	---------------	----------------	---------------------------	--------------	-------------	------------------------------



Location	Window ID	Window no.	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Window type	Opening %	Orientation	Window shading device*
Kitchen/Living	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	2400	2100	n/a	45	SW	No
Kitchen/Living	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	1800	1600	n/a	40	NW	No
Kitchen/Living	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	1800	1600	n/a	40	NW	No
Bed 1	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	1800	1600	n/a	40	SW	No
Bed 2	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	1800	1600	n/a	40	SW	No

Roof window type and performance

Default* roof windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum _S		Substitution tolerance ranges		
	Description	U-value*	SHGC*	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
No Data Availa	phlo					

Custom* roof windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum _{SL}		Substitution tolerance ranges		
	Description	U-value*	SHGC*	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
No Data Availa	able					

Roof window schedule

Location	Window ID	Window no.	Opening %	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Orientation	Outdoor shade	Indoor shade	
No Data Av	ailable								

Skylight type and performance

Skylight ID	Skylight description
No Data Available	

Skylight schedule

Location	Skylight ID	Skylight No.	Skylight shaft length (mm)	Area (m²) Orientation	Outdoor shade	Diffuser	Skylight shaft reflectance	
No Data Available								



External door schedule

Location	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Opening %	Orientation
No Data Available				

External wall type

Wall	Wall	Solar	Wall shade	Bulk insulation	Reflective wall wrap*
ID	type	absorptance	(colour)	(R-value)	
EW-1	Cavity Brick	0.50	Medium	Foil, Anti-glare one side, Reflective other	Yes

External wall schedule

Location	Wall ID	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Orientation	Horizontal shading feature* maximum projection (mm)	Vertical shading feature (yes/no)
Kitchen/Living	EW-1	2700	3792	SW	2852	NO
Kitchen/Living	EW-1	2700	7290	NW	0	NO
Bed 1	EW-1	2700	3244	SW	56	YES
Bed 2	EW-1	2700	447	SE	6630	YES
Bed 2	EW-1	2700	3165	SW	2806	NO

Internal wall type

Wall ID	Wall type	Area (m ²)	Bulk insulation
IW-1 - Single Skin Brick		61.00	No insulation
IW-2 - Brick, plasterboard		12.00	No Insulation

Floor type

Location	Construction	Area Sub-floor (m ²) ventilation	Added insulation (R-value)	Covering
Kitchen/Living	Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm	29.40 None	No Insulation	Vinyl 3mm
Bath/Ldry	Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm	6.20 None	No Insulation	Ceramic Tiles 8mm
Entry	Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm	9.60 None	No Insulation	Vinyl 3mm
Bed 1	Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm	13.70 None	No Insulation	Carpet+Rubber Underlay 18mm



Location	Construction	Area Sub-floor Ad (m ²) ventilation (R-	dded insulation -value)	Covering
Bed 2	Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm	10.80 None No	o Insulation	Carpet+Rubber Underlay 18mm

Ceiling type

Location	Construction material/type	Bulk insulation R-value (may include edge batt values)	Reflective wrap*
Kitchen/Living	Concrete, Plasterboard	No insulation	No
Bath/Ldry	Concrete, Plasterboard	No insulation	No
Entry	Concrete, Plasterboard	No insulation	No
Bed 1	Concrete, Plasterboard	No insulation	No
Bed 2	Concrete, Plasterboard	No insulation	No

Ceiling penetrations*

Location	Quantity	Туре	Diameter (mm²)	Sealed/unsealed	
Kitchen/Living	6	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed	_
Bath/Ldry	2	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed	
Entry	2	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed	
Bed 1	3	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed	
Bed 2	3	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed	

Ceiling fans

Location	Quantity	Diameter (mm)
No Data Available		

Roof type

Construction	Added insulation (R-value)	Solar absorptance	Roof shade
None Present			



Explanatory notes

About this report

A NatHERS rating is a comprehensive, dynamic computer modelling evaluation of a home, using the floorplans, elevations and specifications to estimate an energy load. It addresses the building layout, orientation and fabric (i.e. walls, windows, floors, roofs and ceilings), but does not cover the water or energy use of appliances or energy production of solar panels.

Ratings are based on a unique climate zone where the home is located and are generated using standard assumptions, including occupancy patterns and thermostat settings. The actual energy consumption of a home may vary significantly from the predicted energy load, as the assumptions used in the rating will not match actual usage patterns. For example, the number of occupants and personal heating or cooling preferences will vary.

While the figures are an indicative guide to energy use, they can be used as a reliable guide for comparing different dwelling designs and to demonstrate that the design meets the energy efficiency requirements in the National Construction Code. Homes that are energy efficient use less energy, are warmer on cool days, cooler on hot days and cost less to run. The higher the star rating the more thermally efficient the dwelling is.

Accredited assessors

To ensure the NatHERS Certificate is of a high quality, always use an accredited or licenced assessor. NatHERS accredited assessors are members of a professional body called an Assessor Accrediting Organisation (AAO).

Australian Capital Territory (ACT) licensed assessors may only produce assessments for regulatory purposes using software for which they have a licence endorsement. Licence endorsements can be confirmed on the ACT licensing register

AAOs have specific quality assurance processes in place, and continuing professional development requirements, to maintain a high and consistent standard of assessments across the country. Non-accredited assessors do not have this level of quality assurance or any ongoing training requirements.

Any questions or concerns about this report should be directed to the assessor in the first instance. If the assessor is unable to address these questions or concerns, the AAO specified on the front of this certificate should be contacted.

Disclaimer

The format of the NatHERS Certificate was developed by the NatHERS Administrator. However the content of each individual certificate is entered and created by the assessor to create a NatHERS Certificate. It is the responsibility of the assessor who prepared this certificate to use NatHERS accredited software correctly and follow the NatHERS Technical Notes to produce a NatHERS Certificate.

The predicted annual energy load in this NatHERS Certificate is an estimate based on an assessment of the building by the assessor. It is not a prediction of actual energy use, but may be used to compare how other buildings are likely to perform when used in a similar way.

Information presented in this report relies on a range of standard assumptions (both embedded in NatHERS accredited software and made by the assessor who prepared this report), including assumptions about occupancy, indoor air temperature and local climate.

Not all assumptions that may have been made by the assessor while using the NatHERS accredited software tool are presented in this report and further details or data files may be available from the assessor.

Glossary

Annual energy load	the predicted amount of energy required for heating and cooling, based on standard occupancy assumptions.
Assessed floor area	the floor area modelled in the software for the purpose of the NatHERS assessment. Note, this may not be consistent with the floor area in the design documents.
Ceiling penetrations	features that require a penetration to the ceiling, including downlights, vents, exhaust fans, rangehoods, chimneys and flues. Excludes fixtures attached to the ceiling with small holes through the ceiling for wiring, e.g. ceiling fans; pendant lights, and heating and cooling ducts.
Conditioned	a zone within a dwelling that is expected to require heating and cooling based on standard occupancy assumptions. In some circumstances it will include garages.
Custom windows	windows listed in NatHERS software that are available on the market in Australia and have a WERS (Window Energy Rating Scheme) rating.
Default windows	windows that are representative of a specific type of window product and whose properties have been derived by statistical methods.
Entrance door	these signify ventilation benefits in the modelling software and must not be modelled as a door when opening to a minimally ventilated corridor in a Class 2 building.
Exposure category – exposed	terrain with no obstructions e.g. flat grazing land, ocean-frontage, desert, exposed high-rise unit (usually above 10 floors).
Exposure category – open	terrain with few obstructions at a similar height e.g. grasslands with few well scattered obstructions below 10m, farmland with scattered sheds, lightly vegetated bush blocks, elevated units (e.g. above 3 floors).
Exposure category – suburban	terrain with numerous, closely spaced obstructions below 10m e.g. suburban housing, heavily vegetated bushland areas.
Exposure category – protected	terrain with numerous, closely spaced obstructions over 10 m e.g. city and industrial areas.
Horizontal shading feature	provides shading to the building in the horizontal plane, e.g. eaves, verandahs, pergolas, carports, or overhangs or balconies from upper levels.
National Construction Code (NCC) Class	the NCC groups buildings by their function and use, and assigns a classification code. NatHERS software models NCC Class 1, 2 or 4 buildings and attached Class 10a buildings. Definitions can be found at www.abcb.gov.au.
Opening percentage	the openability percentage or operable (moveable) area of doors or windows that is used in ventilation calculations.
Provisional value	an assumed value that does not represent an actual value. For example, if the wall colour is unspecified in the documentation, a provisional value of 'medium' must be modelled. Acceptable provisional values are outlined in the NatHERS Technical Note and can be found at www.nathers.gov.au
Reflective wrap (also known as foil)	can be applied to walls, roofs and ceilings. When combined with an appropriate airgap and emissivity value, it provides insulative properties.
Roof window	for NatHERS this is typically an operable window (i.e. can be opened), will have a plaster or similar light well if there is an attic space, and generally does not have a diffuser.
Shading device	a device fixed to windows that provides shading e.g. window awnings or screens but excludes eaves.
Shading features	includes neighbouring buildings, fences, and wing walls, but excludes eaves.
Solar heat gain coefficient (SHGC)	the fraction of incident solar radiation admitted through a window, both directly transmitted as well as absorbed and subsequently released inward. SHGC is expressed as a number between 0 and 1. The lower a window's SHGC, the less solar heat it transmits.
Skylight (also known as roof lights)	for NatHERS this is typically a moulded unit with flexible reflective tubing (light well) and a diffuser at ceiling level.
U-value	the rate of heat transfer through a window. The lower the U-value, the better the insulating ability.
Unconditioned	a zone within a dwelling that is assumed to not require heating and cooling based on standard occupancy assumptions.
Vertical shading features	provides shading to the building in the vertical plane and can be parallel or perpendicular to the subject wall/window. Includes privacy screens, other walls in the building (wing walls), fences, other buildings, vegetation (protected or listed heritage trees).

Nationwide House Energy Rating Scheme NatHERS Certificate No. 0008694424

Generated on 07 Jun 2023 using BERS Pro v4.4.1.5 (3.21)

Property

Address Unit 06, 16-20 Burrawong Cr , Elderslie , NSW , 2570

Lot/DP 36169

NCC Class* 2

Type New Dwelling

Plans

Main plan Project No.: 21039

Prepared by Morson Group

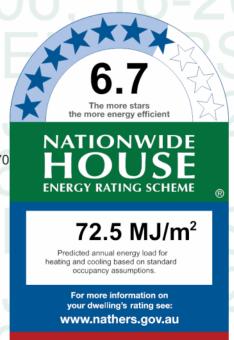
Construction and environment

Assessed floor	area (m²)*	Exposure type
Conditioned*	81.0	Suburban

Unconditioned* 0.0 NatHERS climate zone

Total 81.0 28

Garage 0.0



Thermal performance

Heating Cooling 58.2 14.3



Name David Howard

Business name Partners Energy Management

Email david@partnersenergy.com.au

Phone 0421381005

Accreditation No. 20039

Assessor Accrediting Organisation

ABSA

Declaration of interestDeclaration completed: no conflicts

About the rating

 MJ/m^2

NatHERS software models the expected thermal energy loads using information about the design and construction, climate and common patterns of household use. The software does not take into account appliances, apart from the airflow impacts from ceiling fans.

Verification

To verify this certificate, scan the QR code or visit

 MJ/m^2

hstar.com.au/QR/Generate? p=LaKchrqCz.

When using either link, ensure you are visiting hstar.com.au

National Construction Code (NCC) requirements

The NCC's requirements for NatHERS-rated houses are detailed in 3.12.0(a)(i) and 3.12.5 of the NCC Volume Two. For apartments the requirements are detailed in J0.2 and J5 to J8 of the NCC Volume One.

In NCC 2019, these requirements include minimum star ratings and separate heating and cooling load limits that need to be met by buildings and apartments through the NatHERS assessment. Requirements additional to the NatHERS assessment that must also be satisfied include, but are not limited to: insulation installation methods, thermal breaks, building sealing, water heating and pumping, and artificial lighting requirements. The NCC and NatHERS Heating and Cooling Load Limits (Australian Building Codes Board Standard) are available at www.abcb.gov.au.

State and territory variations and additions to the NCC may also apply.



Certificate check

Ensure the dwelling is designed and then built as per the NatHERS Certificate. While you need to check the accuracy of the whole Certificate, the following spot check covers some important items impacting the dwelling's rating.

Genuine certificate

Does this Certificate match the one available at the web address or QR code in the verification box on the front page? Does the set of NatHERS-stamped plans for the dwelling have a Certificate number on the stamp that matches this Certificate?

Does the 'number' and 'type' of ceiling penetrations (e.g. downlights, exhaust fans, etc) shown on the stamped plans or installed, match what is shown in this Certificate?

Windows

Does the installed window meet the substitution tolerances (SHGC and U-value) and window type, of the window shown on this Certificate? Substituted values must be based on the Australian Fenestration Rating Council (AFRC) protocol.

Apartment entrance doors

Does the 'External Door Schedule' show apartment entrance doors? Please note that an "external door" between the modelled dwelling and a shared space, such as an enclosed corridor or foyer, should not be included in the assessment (because it overstates the possible ventilation) and would invalidate the Certificate.

Exposure*

Has the appropriate exposure level (terrain) been applied? For example, it is unlikely that a ground-floor apartment is "exposed" or a top floor high-rise apartment is "protected".

Provisional* values

Have provisional values been used in the assessment and, if so, noted in "additional notes" below?

Additional notes

Downlights must not penetrate ceiling insulation.

I have modeled the shading in accordance with NatHERS principles

Window and glazed door type and performance

Default* windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges	
willdow ib	Description	U-value*	знас	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit
ALM-002-01 A	ALM-002-01 A	6.7	0.70	0.66	0.73
	Aluminium B SG Clear	0.7	0.70	0.00	0.73

Custom* windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
	Description	U-value*		SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	

No Data Available

Window and glazed door schedule

Location	Window ID	Window no.	Height (mm)	Width Window (mm) type	Opening %	Orientation	Window shading device*
----------	--------------	---------------	----------------	------------------------	--------------	-------------	------------------------------



Location	Window ID	Window no.	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Window type	Opening %	Orientation	Window shading device*
Entry	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	1400	800	n/a	40	SE	No
Kitchen/Living	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	1400	1600	n/a	40	SE	No
Kitchen/Living	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	2400	2100	n/a	45	NW	No
Bed 1	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	1800	1600	n/a	40	NW	No
Bed 2	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	2400	1800	n/a	45	SE	No

Roof window type and performance

Default* roof windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
willidow ib	Description	U-value*	энос	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
No Data Availa	ihle					

Custom* roof windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
Williaow ID	Description	U-value*	31100	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
No Data Availa	able					

Roof window schedule

Location	Window ID	Window no.	Opening %	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Orientation	Outdoor shade	Indoor shade	
No Data Ava	ailable								_

Skylight type and performance

Skylight ID	Skylight description
No Data Available	

Skylight schedule

Location	Skylight ID	Skylight No.	Skylight shaft length (mm)	Area (m²) Orientation	Outdoor shade	Diffuser	Skylight shaft reflectance
No Data Av	/ailable						



External door schedule

Location	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Opening %	Orientation
No Data Available				

External wall type

Wall ID	Wall type	Solar absorptance	Wall shade (colour)	Bulk insulation (R-value)	Reflective wall wrap*
EW-1	Cavity Brick	0.50	Medium	Foil, Anti-glare one side, Reflective other	Yes
EW-2	Cavity Brick	0.50	Medium	Bulk Insulation R1.3	No

External wall schedule

Location	Wall ID	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Orientation	Horizontal shading feature* maximum projection (mm)	Vertical shading feature (yes/no)
Entry	EW-2	2700	1600	SE	0	YES
Entry	EW-2	2700	700	NE	0	YES
Entry	EW-2	2700	2845	SE	0	NO
Kitchen/Living	EW-1	2700	2790	SE	0	NO
Kitchen/Living	EW-2	2700	3745	NW	2900	YES
Bed 1	EW-2	2700	3545	SW	0	NO
Bed 1	EW-2	2700	3300	NW	2300	NO
Bed 1	EW-2	2700	600	NE	7200	YES
Bath	EW-2	2700	3490	SW	0	NO
Bed 2	EW-2	2700	4145	SE	1800	NO
Bed 2	EW-2	2700	3645	SW	0	NO

Internal wall type

Wall ID	Wall type	Area (m ²)	Bulk insulation
IW-1 - Single Skin Brick		65.00	No insulation
IW-2 - Brick, plasterboard		34.00	No Insulation



Floor type

Location	Construction	Area Sub-floor (m ²) ventilatior	Added insulation n (R-value)	Covering
Entry	Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm	8.40 None	No Insulation	Vinyl 3mm
Kitchen/Living	Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm	34.90 None	No Insulation	Vinyl 3mm
Bed 1	Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm	11.50 None	No Insulation	Carpet+Rubber Underlay 18mm
Bath	Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm	6.80 None	No Insulation	Ceramic Tiles 8mm
Hall	Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm	5.00 None	No Insulation	Vinyl 3mm
Bed 2	Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm	14.40 None	No Insulation	Carpet+Rubber Underlay 18mm

Ceiling type

Location	Construction material/type	Bulk insulation R-value (may include edge batt values)	Reflective wrap*
Entry	Concrete, Plasterboard	No insulation	No
Kitchen/Living	Concrete, Plasterboard	No insulation	No
Bed 1	Concrete, Plasterboard	No insulation	No
Bath	Concrete, Plasterboard	No insulation	No
Hall	Concrete, Plasterboard	No insulation	No
Bed 2	Concrete, Plasterboard	No insulation	No

Ceiling penetrations*

Location	Quantity	Туре	Diameter (mm²)	Sealed/unsealed
Entry	2	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed
Kitchen/Living	10	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed
Bed 1	3	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed
Bath	1	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed
Hall	2	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed
Bed 2	3	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed

Ceiling fans

6.7 Star Rating as of 07 Jun 2023



Location	Quantity	Diameter (mm)			
No Data Available					
Roof type					
Construction	Added insulation (R-value)	Solar absorptance	Roof shade		
None Present					



Explanatory notes

About this report

A NatHERS rating is a comprehensive, dynamic computer modelling evaluation of a home, using the floorplans, elevations and specifications to estimate an energy load. It addresses the building layout, orientation and fabric (i.e. walls, windows, floors, roofs and ceilings), but does not cover the water or energy use of appliances or energy production of solar panels.

Ratings are based on a unique climate zone where the home is located and are generated using standard assumptions, including occupancy patterns and thermostat settings. The actual energy consumption of a home may vary significantly from the predicted energy load, as the assumptions used in the rating will not match actual usage patterns. For example, the number of occupants and personal heating or cooling preferences will vary.

While the figures are an indicative guide to energy use, they can be used as a reliable guide for comparing different dwelling designs and to demonstrate that the design meets the energy efficiency requirements in the National Construction Code. Homes that are energy efficient use less energy, are warmer on cool days, cooler on hot days and cost less to run. The higher the star rating the more thermally efficient the dwelling is.

Accredited assessors

To ensure the NatHERS Certificate is of a high quality, always use an accredited or licenced assessor. NatHERS accredited assessors are members of a professional body called an Assessor Accrediting Organisation (AAO).

Australian Capital Territory (ACT) licensed assessors may only produce assessments for regulatory purposes using software for which they have a licence endorsement. Licence endorsements can be confirmed on the ACT licensing register

AAOs have specific quality assurance processes in place, and continuing professional development requirements, to maintain a high and consistent standard of assessments across the country. Non-accredited assessors do not have this level of quality assurance or any ongoing training requirements.

Any questions or concerns about this report should be directed to the assessor in the first instance. If the assessor is unable to address these questions or concerns, the AAO specified on the front of this certificate should be contacted

Disclaimer

The format of the NatHERS Certificate was developed by the NatHERS Administrator. However the content of each individual certificate is entered and created by the assessor to create a NatHERS Certificate. It is the responsibility of the assessor who prepared this certificate to use NatHERS accredited software correctly and follow the NatHERS Technical Notes to produce a NatHERS Certificate.

The predicted annual energy load in this NatHERS Certificate is an estimate based on an assessment of the building by the assessor. It is not a prediction of actual energy use, but may be used to compare how other buildings are likely to perform when used in a similar way.

Information presented in this report relies on a range of standard assumptions (both embedded in NatHERS accredited software and made by the assessor who prepared this report), including assumptions about occupancy, indoor air temperature and local climate.

Not all assumptions that may have been made by the assessor while using the NatHERS accredited software tool are presented in this report and further details or data files may be available from the assessor.

Glossary

Annual energy load	the predicted amount of energy required for heating and cooling, based on standard occupancy assumptions.
Assessed floor area	the floor area modelled in the software for the purpose of the NatHERS assessment. Note, this may not be consistent with the floor area in the design documents.
Ceiling penetrations	features that require a penetration to the ceiling, including downlights, vents, exhaust fans, rangehoods, chimneys and flues. Excludes fixtures attached to the ceiling with small holes through the ceiling for wiring, e.g. ceiling fans; pendant lights, and heating and cooling ducts.
Conditioned	a zone within a dwelling that is expected to require heating and cooling based on standard occupancy assumptions. In some circumstances it will include garages.
Custom windows	windows listed in NatHERS software that are available on the market in Australia and have a WERS (Window Energy Rating Scheme) rating.
Default windows	windows that are representative of a specific type of window product and whose properties have been derived by statistical methods.
Entrance door	these signify ventilation benefits in the modelling software and must not be modelled as a door when opening to a minimally ventilated corridor in a Class 2 building.
Exposure category – exposed	terrain with no obstructions e.g. flat grazing land, ocean-frontage, desert, exposed high-rise unit (usually above 10 floors).
Exposure category – open	terrain with few obstructions at a similar height e.g. grasslands with few well scattered obstructions below 10m, farmland with scattered sheds, lightly vegetated bush blocks, elevated units (e.g. above 3 floors).
Exposure category – suburban	terrain with numerous, closely spaced obstructions below 10m e.g. suburban housing, heavily vegetated bushland areas.
Exposure category – protected	terrain with numerous, closely spaced obstructions over 10 m e.g. city and industrial areas.
Horizontal shading feature	provides shading to the building in the horizontal plane, e.g. eaves, verandahs, pergolas, carports, or overhangs or balconies from upper levels.
National Construction Code (NCC) Class	the NCC groups buildings by their function and use, and assigns a classification code. NatHERS software models NCC Class 1, 2 or 4 buildings and attached Class 10a buildings. Definitions can be found at www.abcb.gov.au.
Opening percentage	the openability percentage or operable (moveable) area of doors or windows that is used in ventilation calculations.
Provisional value	an assumed value that does not represent an actual value. For example, if the wall colour is unspecified in the documentation, a provisional value of 'medium' must be modelled. Acceptable provisional values are outlined in the NatHERS Technical Note and can be found at www.nathers.gov.au
Reflective wrap (also known as foil)	can be applied to walls, roofs and ceilings. When combined with an appropriate airgap and emissivity value, it provides insulative properties.
Roof window	for NatHERS this is typically an operable window (i.e. can be opened), will have a plaster or similar light well if there is an attic space, and generally does not have a diffuser.
Shading device	a device fixed to windows that provides shading e.g. window awnings or screens but excludes eaves.
Shading features	includes neighbouring buildings, fences, and wing walls, but excludes eaves.
Solar heat gain coefficient (SHGC)	the fraction of incident solar radiation admitted through a window, both directly transmitted as well as absorbed and subsequently released inward. SHGC is expressed as a number between 0 and 1. The lower a window's SHGC, the less solar heat it transmits.
Skylight (also known as roof lights)	for NatHERS this is typically a moulded unit with flexible reflective tubing (light well) and a diffuser at ceiling level.
U-value	the rate of heat transfer through a window. The lower the U-value, the better the insulating ability.
Unconditioned	a zone within a dwelling that is assumed to not require heating and cooling based on standard occupancy assumptions.
Vertical shading features	provides shading to the building in the vertical plane and can be parallel or perpendicular to the subject wall/window. Includes privacy screens, other walls in the building (wing walls), fences, other buildings, vegetation (protected or listed heritage trees).

Nationwide House Energy Rating Scheme NatHERS Certificate No. 0008694440

Generated on 07 Jun 2023 using BERS Pro v4.4.1.5 (3.21)

Property

Unit 07, 16-20 Burrawong Cr, Elderslie, NSW, 2570 **Address**

Lot/DP 36169

NCC Class*

New Dwelling Type

Plans

Main plan Project No.: 21039

Prepared by Morson Group

Construction and environment

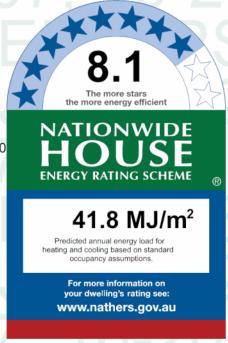
Assessed floor area (m ²)*	Exposure type

Conditioned* Suburban 57.0

Unconditioned' 0.0 NatHERS climate zone

Total 57.0 28

Garage 0.0



Thermal performance

Heating Cooling

14.1

27.7

 MJ/m^2 MJ/m^2



David Howard Name

Business name Partners Energy Management

Email david@partnersenergy.com.au

Phone 0421381005

20039 Accreditation No.

Assessor Accrediting Organisation

ABSA

Declaration of interest Declaration completed: no conflicts

About the rating

NatHERS software models the expected thermal energy loads using information about the design and construction, climate and common patterns of household use. The software does not take into account appliances, apart from the airflow impacts from ceiling fans.

Verification

To verify this certificate, scan the QR code or visit



hstar.com.au/QR/Generate?

p=dmUrrLXTQ.

When using either link, ensure you are visiting hstar.com.au

National Construction Code (NCC) requirements

The NCC's requirements for NatHERS-rated houses are detailed in 3.12.0(a)(i) and 3.12.5 of the NCC Volume Two. For apartments the requirements are detailed in J0.2 and J5 to J8 of the NCC Volume One.

In NCC 2019, these requirements include minimum star ratings and separate heating and cooling load limits that need to be met by buildings and apartments through the NatHERS assessment. Requirements additional to the NatHERS assessment that must also be satisfied include, but are not limited to: insulation installation methods, thermal breaks, building sealing, water heating and pumping, and artificial lighting requirements. The NCC and NatHERS Heating and Cooling Load Limits (Australian Building Codes Board Standard) are available at www.abcb.gov.au.

State and territory variations and additions to the NCC may also apply.



Certificate check

Ensure the dwelling is designed and then built as per the NatHERS Certificate. While you need to check the accuracy of the whole Certificate, the following spot check covers some important items impacting the dwelling's rating.

Genuine certificate

Does this Certificate match the one available at the web address or QR code in the verification box on the front page? Does the set of NatHERS-stamped plans for the dwelling have a Certificate number on the stamp that matches this Certificate?

Does the 'number' and 'type' of ceiling penetrations (e.g. downlights, exhaust fans, etc) shown on the stamped plans or installed, match what is shown in this Certificate?

Windows

Does the installed window meet the substitution tolerances (SHGC and U-value) and window type, of the window shown on this Certificate? Substituted values must be based on the Australian Fenestration Rating Council (AFRC) protocol.

Apartment entrance doors

Does the 'External Door Schedule' show apartment entrance doors? Please note that an "external door" between the modelled dwelling and a shared space, such as an enclosed corridor or foyer, should not be included in the assessment (because it overstates the possible ventilation) and would invalidate the Certificate.

Exposure*

Has the appropriate exposure level (terrain) been applied? For example, it is unlikely that a ground-floor apartment is "exposed" or a top floor high-rise apartment is "protected".

Provisional* values

Have provisional values been used in the assessment and, if so, noted in "additional notes" below?

Additional notes

Downlights must not penetrate ceiling insulation.

I have modeled the shading in accordance with NatHERS principles

Window and glazed door type and performance

Default* windows

Window ID	Window	dow Maximum		Substitution tolerance ranges		
willdow ib	Description	U-value*	SHGC*	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
ALM-002-01 A	ALM-002-01 A	6.7	0.70	0.66	0.72	
	Aluminium B SG Clear	6.7	0.70	0.66	0.73	

Custom* windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	Maximum SHGC*		Substitution tolerance ranges		
willdow ib	Description	U-value*	31130	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit		

No Data Available

Window and glazed door schedule

Location	Window ID	Window no.	Height (mm)	Width Window (mm) type	Opening %	Orientation	Window shading device*
----------	--------------	---------------	----------------	---------------------------	--------------	-------------	------------------------------



Location	Window ID	Window no.	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Window type	Opening %	Orientation	Window shading device*
Kitchen/Living	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	2400	2100	n/a	45	NW	No
Bed	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	1800	1600	n/a	40	NW	No

Roof window type and performance

Default* roof windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
	Description	U-value*	энос	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	

No Data Available

Custom* roof windows

Window ID		Maximum SHG	SHGC*	SHGC* Substitution tolerance ranges		
Willidow ID	Description	U-value*	ЗПОС	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	

No Data Available

Roof window schedule

Location	Window ID	Window no.	Opening %	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Orientation	Outdoor shade	

No Data Available

Skylight type and performance

Skylight ID Skylight description

No Data Available

Skylight schedule

Location	Skylight ID	Skylight No.	Skylight shaft length (mm)	Area (m²) Orientation	Outdoor shade	Diffuser	Skylight shaft reflectance
----------	----------------	-----------------	----------------------------------	-----------------------	------------------	----------	----------------------------

No Data Available

External door schedule

Location Height (mm) Width (mm) Opening % Orientation



Location	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Opening %	Orientation
No Data Available				

External wall type

Wall ID	Wall type			Bulk insulation (R-value)	Reflective wall wrap*
EW-1	Cavity Brick	0.50	Medium	Foil, Anti-glare one side, Reflective other	Yes

External wall schedule

Location	Wall ID	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Orientation	Horizontal shading feature* maximum projection (mm)	Vertical shading feature (yes/no)
Kitchen/Living	EW-1	2700	3645	NW	2900	YES
Bed	EW-1	2700	1100	SW	5300	YES
Bed	EW-1	2700	3445	NW	1800	NO

Internal wall type

Wall ID	Wall type	Area (m²)	Bulk insulation
IW-1 - Single Skin Brick		42.00	No insulation
IW-2 - Brick, plasterboard		32.00	No Insulation

Floor type

Location	Construction	Area Sub-floor (m ²) ventilation	Added insulation (R-value)	Covering
Entry	Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm	5.20 None	No Insulation	Vinyl 3mm
Bath	Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm	6.80 None	No Insulation	Ceramic Tiles 8mm
Kitchen/Living	Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm	29.20 None	No Insulation	Vinyl 3mm
Bed	Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm	15.40 None	No Insulation	Carpet+Rubber Underlay 18mm

Ceiling type



Location	Construction material/type	Bulk insulation R-value (may include edge batt values)	Reflective wrap*
Entry	Concrete, Plasterboard	No insulation	No
Bath	Concrete, Plasterboard	No insulation	No
Kitchen/Living	Concrete, Plasterboard	No insulation	No
Bed	Concrete, Plasterboard	No insulation	No

Ceiling penetrations*

Location	Quantity	Туре	Diameter (mm²)	Sealed/unsealed
Entry	1	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed
Bath	1	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed
Kitchen/Living	8	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed
Bed	3	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed

Ceiling fans

Location	Quantity	Diameter (mm)
No Data Available		

Roof type

Construction	Added insulation (R-value)	Solar absorptance	Roof shade
None Present			



Explanatory notes

About this report

A NatHERS rating is a comprehensive, dynamic computer modelling evaluation of a home, using the floorplans, elevations and specifications to estimate an energy load. It addresses the building layout, orientation and fabric (i.e. walls, windows, floors, roofs and ceilings), but does not cover the water or energy use of appliances or energy production of solar panels.

Ratings are based on a unique climate zone where the home is located and are generated using standard assumptions, including occupancy patterns and thermostat settings. The actual energy consumption of a home may vary significantly from the predicted energy load, as the assumptions used in the rating will not match actual usage patterns. For example, the number of occupants and personal heating or cooling preferences will vary.

While the figures are an indicative guide to energy use, they can be used as a reliable guide for comparing different dwelling designs and to demonstrate that the design meets the energy efficiency requirements in the National Construction Code. Homes that are energy efficient use less energy, are warmer on cool days, cooler on hot days and cost less to run. The higher the star rating the more thermally efficient the dwelling is.

Accredited assessors

To ensure the NatHERS Certificate is of a high quality, always use an accredited or licenced assessor. NatHERS accredited assessors are members of a professional body called an Assessor Accrediting Organisation (AAO).

Australian Capital Territory (ACT) licensed assessors may only produce assessments for regulatory purposes using software for which they have a licence endorsement. Licence endorsements can be confirmed on the ACT licensing register

AAOs have specific quality assurance processes in place, and continuing professional development requirements, to maintain a high and consistent standard of assessments across the country. Non-accredited assessors do not have this level of quality assurance or any ongoing training requirements.

Any questions or concerns about this report should be directed to the assessor in the first instance. If the assessor is unable to address these questions or concerns, the AAO specified on the front of this certificate should be contacted.

Disclaimer

The format of the NatHERS Certificate was developed by the NatHERS Administrator. However the content of each individual certificate is entered and created by the assessor to create a NatHERS Certificate. It is the responsibility of the assessor who prepared this certificate to use NatHERS accredited software correctly and follow the NatHERS Technical Notes to produce a NatHERS Certificate.

The predicted annual energy load in this NatHERS Certificate is an estimate based on an assessment of the building by the assessor. It is not a prediction of actual energy use, but may be used to compare how other buildings are likely to perform when used in a similar way.

Information presented in this report relies on a range of standard assumptions (both embedded in NatHERS accredited software and made by the assessor who prepared this report), including assumptions about occupancy, indoor air temperature and local climate.

Not all assumptions that may have been made by the assessor while using the NatHERS accredited software tool are presented in this report and further details or data files may be available from the assessor.

Glossary

Annual energy load	the predicted amount of energy required for heating and cooling, based on standard occupancy assumptions.
Assessed floor area	the floor area modelled in the software for the purpose of the NatHERS assessment. Note, this may not be consistent with the floor area in the design documents.
Ceiling penetrations	features that require a penetration to the ceiling, including downlights, vents, exhaust fans, rangehoods, chimneys and flues. Excludes fixtures attached to the ceiling with small holes through the ceiling for wiring, e.g. ceiling fans; pendant lights, and heating and cooling ducts.
Conditioned	a zone within a dwelling that is expected to require heating and cooling based on standard occupancy assumptions. In some circumstances it will include garages.
Custom windows	windows listed in NatHERS software that are available on the market in Australia and have a WERS (Window Energy Rating Scheme) rating.
Default windows	windows that are representative of a specific type of window product and whose properties have been derived by statistical methods.
Entrance door	these signify ventilation benefits in the modelling software and must not be modelled as a door when opening to a minimally ventilated corridor in a Class 2 building.
Exposure category – exposed	terrain with no obstructions e.g. flat grazing land, ocean-frontage, desert, exposed high-rise unit (usually above 10 floors).
Exposure category – open	terrain with few obstructions at a similar height e.g. grasslands with few well scattered obstructions below 10m, farmland with scattered sheds, lightly vegetated bush blocks, elevated units (e.g. above 3 floors).
Exposure category – suburban	terrain with numerous, closely spaced obstructions below 10m e.g. suburban housing, heavily vegetated bushland areas.
Exposure category – protected	terrain with numerous, closely spaced obstructions over 10 m e.g. city and industrial areas.
Horizontal shading feature	provides shading to the building in the horizontal plane, e.g. eaves, verandahs, pergolas, carports, or overhangs or balconies from upper levels.
National Construction Code (NCC) Class	the NCC groups buildings by their function and use, and assigns a classification code. NatHERS software models NCC Class 1, 2 or 4 buildings and attached Class 10a buildings. Definitions can be found at www.abcb.gov.au.
Opening percentage	the openability percentage or operable (moveable) area of doors or windows that is used in ventilation calculations.
Provisional value	an assumed value that does not represent an actual value. For example, if the wall colour is unspecified in the documentation, a provisional value of 'medium' must be modelled. Acceptable provisional values are outlined in the NatHERS Technical Note and can be found at www.nathers.gov.au
Reflective wrap (also known as foil)	can be applied to walls, roofs and ceilings. When combined with an appropriate airgap and emissivity value, it provides insulative properties.
Roof window	for NatHERS this is typically an operable window (i.e. can be opened), will have a plaster or similar light well if there is an attic space, and generally does not have a diffuser.
Shading device	a device fixed to windows that provides shading e.g. window awnings or screens but excludes eaves.
Shading features	includes neighbouring buildings, fences, and wing walls, but excludes eaves.
Solar heat gain coefficient (SHGC)	the fraction of incident solar radiation admitted through a window, both directly transmitted as well as absorbed and subsequently released inward. SHGC is expressed as a number between 0 and 1. The lower a window's SHGC, the less solar heat it transmits.
Skylight (also known as roof lights)	for NatHERS this is typically a moulded unit with flexible reflective tubing (light well) and a diffuser at ceiling level.
U-value	the rate of heat transfer through a window. The lower the U-value, the better the insulating ability.
Unconditioned	a zone within a dwelling that is assumed to not require heating and cooling based on standard occupancy assumptions.
Vertical shading features	provides shading to the building in the vertical plane and can be parallel or perpendicular to the subject wall/window. Includes privacy screens, other walls in the building (wing walls), fences, other buildings, vegetation (protected or listed heritage trees).

Nationwide House Energy Rating Scheme NatHERS Certificate No. 0008694465

Generated on 07 Jun 2023 using BERS Pro v4.4.1.5 (3.21)

Property

Unit 08, 16-20 Burrawong Cr , Elderslie , NSW , 2570 **Address**

Lot/DP 36169

NCC Class*

New Dwelling Type

Plans

Main plan Project No.: 21039

Prepared by Morson Group

Construction and environment

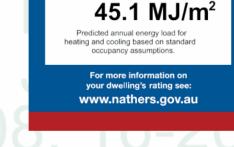
Assessed floor area (m2)* **Exposure type**

Conditioned' 55.0 Suburban

Unconditioned* 0.0 NatHERS climate zone

Total 55.0 28

Garage 0.0



Thermal performance

Cooling Heating

30.1 15.0

 MJ/m^2 MJ/m^2



David Howard Name

Business name Partners Energy Management

Email david@partnersenergy.com.au

Phone 0421381005

20039 Accreditation No.

Assessor Accrediting Organisation

ABSA

Declaration of interest Declaration completed: no conflicts

About the rating

NatHERS software models the expected thermal energy loads using information about the design and construction, climate and common patterns of household use. The software does not take into account appliances, apart from the airflow impacts from ceiling fans.

Verification

To verify this certificate, scan the QR code or visit

hstar.com.au/QR/Generate?

p=jIUdVuoQB.

When using either link, ensure you are visiting hstar.com.au

National Construction Code (NCC) requirements

The NCC's requirements for NatHERS-rated houses are detailed in 3.12.0(a)(i) and 3.12.5 of the NCC Volume Two. For apartments the requirements are detailed in J0.2 and J5 to J8 of the NCC Volume One.

In NCC 2019, these requirements include minimum star ratings and separate heating and cooling load limits that need to be met by buildings and apartments through the NatHERS assessment. Requirements additional to the NatHERS assessment that must also be satisfied include, but are not limited to: insulation installation methods, thermal breaks, building sealing, water heating and pumping, and artificial lighting requirements. The NCC and NatHERS Heating and Cooling Load Limits (Australian Building Codes Board Standard) are available at www.abcb.gov.au.

State and territory variations and additions to the NCC may also apply.



Certificate check

Ensure the dwelling is designed and then built as per the NatHERS Certificate. While you need to check the accuracy of the whole Certificate, the following spot check covers some important items impacting the dwelling's rating.

Genuine certificate

Does this Certificate match the one available at the web address or QR code in the verification box on the front page? Does the set of NatHERS-stamped plans for the dwelling have a Certificate number on the stamp that matches this Certificate?

Does the 'number' and 'type' of ceiling penetrations (e.g. downlights, exhaust fans, etc) shown on the stamped plans or installed, match what is shown in this Certificate?

Windows

Does the installed window meet the substitution tolerances (SHGC and U-value) and window type, of the window shown on this Certificate? Substituted values must be based on the Australian Fenestration Rating Council (AFRC) protocol.

Apartment entrance doors

Does the 'External Door Schedule' show apartment entrance doors? Please note that an "external door" between the modelled dwelling and a shared space, such as an enclosed corridor or foyer, should not be included in the assessment (because it overstates the possible ventilation) and would invalidate the Certificate.

Exposure*

Has the appropriate exposure level (terrain) been applied? For example, it is unlikely that a ground-floor apartment is "exposed" or a top floor high-rise apartment is "protected".

Provisional* values

Have provisional values been used in the assessment and, if so, noted in "additional notes" below?

Additional notes

Downlights must not penetrate ceiling insulation.

I have modeled the shading in accordance with NatHERS principles

Window and glazed door type and performance

Default* windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC* Substitution tolerance ra		lerance ranges
willdow ib	Description	U-value*	знас	SHGC lower limit SHGC upper I	
ALM 002 04 A	ALM-002-01 A	6.7	0.70	0.66	0.73
ALM-002-01 A	Aluminium B SG Clear	0.7	0.70	0.00	0.73

Custom* windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
	Description	U-value*		SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	

No Data Available

Window and glazed door schedule

Location	Window ID	Window no.	Height (mm)	Width Window (mm) type	Opening %	Orientation	Window shading device*
----------	--------------	---------------	----------------	---------------------------	--------------	-------------	------------------------------



Location	Window ID	Window no.	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Window type	Opening %	Orientation	Window shading device*
Kitchen/Living	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	2400	2100	n/a	45	NW	No
Bed	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	1800	1600	n/a	40	NW	No

Roof window type and performance

Default* roof windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
	Description U-value*		эпос -	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
No Data Availa	ble					

Custom* roof windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
	Description	U-value*		SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	

No Data Available

Roof window schedule

Location	Window ID	Window no.	Opening %	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Orientation	Outdoor shade	Indoor shade	
No Data Available									

Skylight type and performance

Skylight ID	Skylight description
Okyligiit ib	okylight description

No Data Available

Skylight schedule

Location	Skylight ID	Skylight No.	Skylight shaft length (mm)	Area (m²) Orientation	Outdoor shade	Diffuser	Skylight shaft reflectance

No Data Available

External door schedule

Location	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Opening %	Orientation



Location	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Opening %	Orientation
No Data Available				

External wall type

Wall	Wall	Solar	Wall shade	Bulk insulation	Reflective wall wrap*
ID	type	absorptance	(colour)	(R-value)	
EW-1	Cavity Brick	0.50	Medium	Foil, Anti-glare one side, Reflective other	Yes

External wall schedule

Location	Wall ID	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Orientation	Horizontal shading feature* maximum projection (mm)	Vertical shading feature (yes/no)
Kitchen/Living	EW-1	2700	3645	NW	2900	YES
Bed	EW-1	2700	3445	NW	1800	NO
Bed	EW-1	2700	1100	NE	5300	YES

Internal wall type

Wall ID	Wall type	Area (m²)	Bulk insulation
IW-1 - Single Skin Brick		41.00	No insulation
IW-2 - Brick, plasterboard		32.00	No Insulation

Floor type

Location	Construction	Area Sub-floor (m ²) ventilation	Added insulation (R-value)	Covering
Entry	Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm	4.00 None	No Insulation	Vinyl 3mm
Bath	Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm	6.80 None	No Insulation	Ceramic Tiles 8mm
Kitchen/Living	Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm	29.20 None	No Insulation	Vinyl 3mm
Bed	Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm	15.40 None	No Insulation	Carpet+Rubber Underlay 18mm

Ceiling type



Location	Construction material/type	Bulk insulation R-value (may include edge batt values)	Reflective wrap*
Entry	Concrete, Plasterboard	No insulation	No
Bath	Concrete, Plasterboard	No insulation	No
Kitchen/Living	Concrete, Plasterboard	No insulation	No
Bed	Concrete, Plasterboard	No insulation	No

Ceiling penetrations*

Location	Quantity	Туре	Diameter (mm²)	Sealed/unsealed
Entry	1	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed
Bath	1	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed
Kitchen/Living	8	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed
Bed	3	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed

Ceiling fans

Location	Quantity	Diameter (mm)
No Data Available		

Roof type

Construction	Added insulation (R-value)	Solar absorptance	Roof shade
None Present			



Explanatory notes

About this report

A NatHERS rating is a comprehensive, dynamic computer modelling evaluation of a home, using the floorplans, elevations and specifications to estimate an energy load. It addresses the building layout, orientation and fabric (i.e. walls, windows, floors, roofs and ceilings), but does not cover the water or energy use of appliances or energy production of solar panels.

Ratings are based on a unique climate zone where the home is located and are generated using standard assumptions, including occupancy patterns and thermostat settings. The actual energy consumption of a home may vary significantly from the predicted energy load, as the assumptions used in the rating will not match actual usage patterns. For example, the number of occupants and personal heating or cooling preferences will vary.

While the figures are an indicative guide to energy use, they can be used as a reliable guide for comparing different dwelling designs and to demonstrate that the design meets the energy efficiency requirements in the National Construction Code. Homes that are energy efficient use less energy, are warmer on cool days, cooler on hot days and cost less to run. The higher the star rating the more thermally efficient the dwelling is.

Accredited assessors

To ensure the NatHERS Certificate is of a high quality, always use an accredited or licenced assessor. NatHERS accredited assessors are members of a professional body called an Assessor Accrediting Organisation (AAO).

Australian Capital Territory (ACT) licensed assessors may only produce assessments for regulatory purposes using software for which they have a licence endorsement. Licence endorsements can be confirmed on the ACT licensing register

AAOs have specific quality assurance processes in place, and continuing professional development requirements, to maintain a high and consistent standard of assessments across the country. Non-accredited assessors do not have this level of quality assurance or any ongoing training requirements.

Any questions or concerns about this report should be directed to the assessor in the first instance. If the assessor is unable to address these questions or concerns, the AAO specified on the front of this certificate should be contacted.

Disclaimer

The format of the NatHERS Certificate was developed by the NatHERS Administrator. However the content of each individual certificate is entered and created by the assessor to create a NatHERS Certificate. It is the responsibility of the assessor who prepared this certificate to use NatHERS accredited software correctly and follow the NatHERS Technical Notes to produce a NatHERS Certificate.

The predicted annual energy load in this NatHERS Certificate is an estimate based on an assessment of the building by the assessor. It is not a prediction of actual energy use, but may be used to compare how other buildings are likely to perform when used in a similar way.

Information presented in this report relies on a range of standard assumptions (both embedded in NatHERS accredited software and made by the assessor who prepared this report), including assumptions about occupancy, indoor air temperature and local climate.

Not all assumptions that may have been made by the assessor while using the NatHERS accredited software tool are presented in this report and further details or data files may be available from the assessor.

Glossary

Annual energy load	the predicted amount of energy required for heating and cooling, based on standard occupancy assumptions.
Assessed floor area	the floor area modelled in the software for the purpose of the NatHERS assessment. Note, this may not be consistent with the floor area in the design documents.
Ceiling penetrations	features that require a penetration to the ceiling, including downlights, vents, exhaust fans, rangehoods, chimneys and flues. Excludes fixtures attached to the ceiling with small holes through the ceiling for wiring, e.g. ceiling fans; pendant lights, and heating and cooling ducts.
Conditioned	a zone within a dwelling that is expected to require heating and cooling based on standard occupancy assumptions. In some circumstances it will include garages.
Custom windows	windows listed in NatHERS software that are available on the market in Australia and have a WERS (Window Energy Rating Scheme) rating.
Default windows	windows that are representative of a specific type of window product and whose properties have been derived by statistical methods.
Entrance door	these signify ventilation benefits in the modelling software and must not be modelled as a door when opening to a minimally ventilated corridor in a Class 2 building.
Exposure category – exposed	terrain with no obstructions e.g. flat grazing land, ocean-frontage, desert, exposed high-rise unit (usually above 10 floors).
Exposure category – open	terrain with few obstructions at a similar height e.g. grasslands with few well scattered obstructions below 10m, farmland with scattered sheds, lightly vegetated bush blocks, elevated units (e.g. above 3 floors).
Exposure category – suburban	terrain with numerous, closely spaced obstructions below 10m e.g. suburban housing, heavily vegetated bushland areas.
Exposure category – protected	terrain with numerous, closely spaced obstructions over 10 m e.g. city and industrial areas.
Horizontal shading feature	provides shading to the building in the horizontal plane, e.g. eaves, verandahs, pergolas, carports, or overhangs or balconies from upper levels.
National Construction Code (NCC) Class	the NCC groups buildings by their function and use, and assigns a classification code. NatHERS software models NCC Class 1, 2 or 4 buildings and attached Class 10a buildings. Definitions can be found at www.abcb.gov.au.
Opening percentage	the openability percentage or operable (moveable) area of doors or windows that is used in ventilation calculations.
Provisional value	an assumed value that does not represent an actual value. For example, if the wall colour is unspecified in the documentation, a provisional value of 'medium' must be modelled. Acceptable provisional values are outlined in the NatHERS Technical Note and can be found at www.nathers.gov.au
Reflective wrap (also known as foil)	can be applied to walls, roofs and ceilings. When combined with an appropriate airgap and emissivity value, it provides insulative properties.
Roof window	for NatHERS this is typically an operable window (i.e. can be opened), will have a plaster or similar light well if there is an attic space, and generally does not have a diffuser.
Shading device	a device fixed to windows that provides shading e.g. window awnings or screens but excludes eaves.
Shading features	includes neighbouring buildings, fences, and wing walls, but excludes eaves.
Solar heat gain coefficient (SHGC)	the fraction of incident solar radiation admitted through a window, both directly transmitted as well as absorbed and subsequently released inward. SHGC is expressed as a number between 0 and 1. The lower a window's SHGC, the less solar heat it transmits.
Skylight (also known as roof lights)	for NatHERS this is typically a moulded unit with flexible reflective tubing (light well) and a diffuser at ceiling level.
U-value	the rate of heat transfer through a window. The lower the U-value, the better the insulating ability.
Unconditioned	a zone within a dwelling that is assumed to not require heating and cooling based on standard occupancy assumptions.
Vertical shading features	provides shading to the building in the vertical plane and can be parallel or perpendicular to the subject wall/window. Includes privacy screens, other walls in the building (wing walls), fences, other buildings, vegetation (protected or listed heritage trees).

Nationwide House Energy Rating Scheme NatHERS Certificate No. 0008694325

Generated on 07 Jun 2023 using BERS Pro v4.4.1.5 (3.21)

Property

Address Unit 09, 16-20 Burrawong Cr , Elderslie , NSW , 2570

Lot/DP 36169

NCC Class* 2

Type New Dwelling

Plans

Main plan Project No.: 21039

Prepared by Morson Group

Construction and environment

Assessed floor	area (m²)*	Exposure type
Conditioned*	81.0	Suburban
Unconditioned*	0.0	NatHERS climate zone

Total 81.0 28

Garage 0.0

75.8 MJ/m² Predicted annual energy load for heating and cooling based on standard occupancy assumptions. For more information on your dwelling's rating see: www.nathers.gov.au

Thermal performance

Heating Cooling
59.5 16.3
MJ/m² MJ/m²



Accredited assessor

Name David Howard

Business name Partners Energy Management

Email david@partnersenergy.com.au

Phone 0421381005

Accreditation No. 20039

Assessor Accrediting Organisation

ABSA

Declaration of interestDeclaration completed: no conflicts

About the rating

NatHERS software models the expected thermal energy loads using information about the design and construction, climate and common patterns of household use. The software does not take into account appliances, apart from the airflow impacts from ceiling fans.

Verification

To verify this certificate, scan the QR code or visit



hstar.com.au/QR/Generate? p=TLMHjEGCE.

When using either link, ensure you are visiting hstar.com.au

National Construction Code (NCC) requirements

The NCC's requirements for NatHERS-rated houses are detailed in 3.12.0(a)(i) and 3.12.5 of the NCC Volume Two. For apartments the requirements are detailed in J0.2 and J5 to J8 of the NCC Volume One.

In NCC 2019, these requirements include minimum star ratings and separate heating and cooling load limits that need to be met by buildings and apartments through the NatHERS assessment. Requirements additional to the NatHERS assessment that must also be satisfied include, but are not limited to: insulation installation methods, thermal breaks, building sealing, water heating and pumping, and artificial lighting requirements. The NCC and NatHERS Heating and Cooling Load Limits (Australian Building Codes Board Standard) are available at www.abcb.gov.au.

State and territory variations and additions to the NCC may also apply.



Certificate check

Ensure the dwelling is designed and then built as per the NatHERS Certificate. While you need to check the accuracy of the whole Certificate, the following spot check covers some important items impacting the dwelling's rating.

Genuine certificate

Does this Certificate match the one available at the web address or QR code in the verification box on the front page? Does the set of NatHERS-stamped plans for the dwelling have a Certificate number on the stamp that matches this Certificate?

Does the 'number' and 'type' of ceiling penetrations (e.g. downlights, exhaust fans, etc) shown on the stamped plans or installed, match what is shown in this Certificate?

Windows

Does the installed window meet the substitution tolerances (SHGC and U-value) and window type, of the window shown on this Certificate? Substituted values must be based on the Australian Fenestration Rating Council (AFRC) protocol.

Apartment entrance doors

Does the 'External Door Schedule' show apartment entrance doors? Please note that an "external door" between the modelled dwelling and a shared space, such as an enclosed corridor or foyer, should not be included in the assessment (because it overstates the possible ventilation) and would invalidate the Certificate.

Exposure*

Has the appropriate exposure level (terrain) been applied? For example, it is unlikely that a ground-floor apartment is "exposed" or a top floor high-rise apartment is "protected".

Provisional* values

Have provisional values been used in the assessment and, if so, noted in "additional notes" below?

Additional notes

Downlights must not penetrate ceiling insulation.

I have modeled the shading in accordance with NatHERS principles

Window and glazed door type and performance

Default* windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
willdow ib	Description	U-value*	знас	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
ALM-002-01 A	ALM-002-01 A	6.7	0.70	0.66	0.73	
	Aluminium B SG Clear	0.7				

Custom* windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
	Description	U-value*		SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	

No Data Available

Window and glazed door schedule

Location	Window ID	Window no.	Height (mm)	Width Window (mm) type	Opening %	Orientation	Window shading device*
----------	--------------	---------------	----------------	---------------------------	--------------	-------------	------------------------------



Location	Window ID	Window no.	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Window type	Opening %	Orientation	Window shading device*
Entry	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	1400	800	n/a	40	SE	No
Kitchen/Living	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	2400	2100	n/a	45	NW	No
Kitchen/Living	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	1400	1600	n/a	40	SE	No
Bed 1	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	1800	1600	n/a	40	NW	No
Bed 2	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	2400	1800	n/a	45	SE	No

Roof window type and performance

Default* roof windows

Window ID	Window Maximum		SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
	Description	U-value*	SHGC	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
No Data Available						

Custom* roof windows

Window ID	Window Maximum		SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
	Description	U-value*	31100	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
No Data Availa	able					

Roof window schedule

Location	Window ID	Window no.	Opening %	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Orientation	Outdoor shade	Indoor shade	
No Data Av	ailable								

Skylight type and performance

Skylight ID	Skylight description
No Data Available	

Skylight schedule

Location	Skylight ID	Skylight No.	Skylight shaft length (mm)	Area (m ²) Orientation	Outdoor shade	Diffuser	Skylight shaft reflectance
No Data Available							

* Refer to glossary.

Generated on 07 Jun 2023 using BERS Pro v4.4.1.5 (3.21) for Unit 09, 16-20 Burrawong Cr , Elderslie , NSW , 2570



External door schedule

Location	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Opening %	Orientation	
No Data Available					

External wall type

Wall	Wall	Solar	Wall shade	Bulk insulation	Reflective wall wrap*
ID	type	absorptance	(colour)	(R-value)	
EW-1	Cavity Brick	0.50	Medium	Foil, Anti-glare one side, Reflective other	Yes

External wall schedule

Location	Wall ID	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Orientation	Horizontal shading feature* maximum projection (mm)	Vertical shading feature (yes/no)
Entry	EW-1	2700	2845	SE	0	NO
Entry	EW-1	2700	700	SW	0	YES
Entry	EW-1	2700	1600	SE	0	YES
Kitchen/Living	EW-1	2700	3745	NW	2900	YES
Kitchen/Living	EW-1	2700	2790	SE	0	NO
Bed 1	EW-1	2700	600	SW	7200	YES
Bed 1	EW-1	2700	3300	NW	2300	NO
Bed 1	EW-1	2700	3545	NE	0	NO
Bath	EW-1	2700	3490	NE	0	NO
Bed 2	EW-1	2700	3645	NE	0	NO
Bed 2	EW-1	2700	4145	SE	1850	NO

Internal wall type

Wall ID	Wall type	Area (m²)	Bulk insulation
IW-1 - Brick, plasterboard		34.00	No Insulation
IW-2 - Single Skin Brick		65.00	No insulation

Floor type



Bath Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm 6.80 None No Insulation Ceramic Tiles 8mm Hall Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm 5.00 None No Insulation Vinyl 3mm	Location	Construction	Area Sub-floor (m²) ventilation	Added insulation n (R-value)	Covering
Bed 1 Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm 11.50 None No Insulation Carpet+Rubber Underlay 18mm Bath Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm 6.80 None No Insulation Ceramic Tiles 8mm Hall Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm 5.00 None No Insulation Vinyl 3mm	Entry	Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm	8.40 None	No Insulation	Vinyl 3mm
Bath Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm 6.80 None No Insulation Ceramic Tiles 8mm Hall Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm 5.00 None No Insulation Vinyl 3mm	Kitchen/Living	Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm	34.90 None	No Insulation	Vinyl 3mm
Hall Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm 5.00 None No Insulation Vinyl 3mm	Bed 1	Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm	11.50 None	No Insulation	Carpet+Rubber Underlay 18mm
	Bath	Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm	6.80 None	No Insulation	Ceramic Tiles 8mm
Bed 2 Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm 14.40 None No Insulation Carpet+Rubber Underlay 18mm	Hall	Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm	5.00 None	No Insulation	Vinyl 3mm
	Bed 2	Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm	14.40 None	No Insulation	Carpet+Rubber Underlay 18mm

Ceiling type

Location	Construction material/type	Bulk insulation R-value (may include edge batt values)	Reflective wrap*
Entry	Concrete, Plasterboard	No insulation	No
Kitchen/Living	Concrete, Plasterboard	No insulation	No
Bed 1	Concrete, Plasterboard	No insulation	No
Bath	Concrete, Plasterboard	No insulation	No
Hall	Concrete, Plasterboard	No insulation	No
Bed 2	Concrete, Plasterboard	No insulation	No

Ceiling penetrations*

Location	Quantity	Туре	Diameter (mm ²)	Sealed/unsealed	
Entry	2	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed	_
Kitchen/Living	10	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed	_
Bed 1	3	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed	
Bath	1	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed	
Hall	2	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed	
Bed 2	3	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed	_

Ceiling fans

Location	Quantity	Diameter (mm)



Location	Quantity	Diameter (n	Diameter (mm)		
No Data Available					
Roof type					
Construction	Added insulation (R-value)	Solar absorptance	Roof shade		
None Present					



Explanatory notes

About this report

A NatHERS rating is a comprehensive, dynamic computer modelling evaluation of a home, using the floorplans, elevations and specifications to estimate an energy load. It addresses the building layout, orientation and fabric (i.e. walls, windows, floors, roofs and ceilings), but does not cover the water or energy use of appliances or energy production of solar panels.

Ratings are based on a unique climate zone where the home is located and are generated using standard assumptions, including occupancy patterns and thermostat settings. The actual energy consumption of a home may vary significantly from the predicted energy load, as the assumptions used in the rating will not match actual usage patterns. For example, the number of occupants and personal heating or cooling preferences will vary.

While the figures are an indicative guide to energy use, they can be used as a reliable guide for comparing different dwelling designs and to demonstrate that the design meets the energy efficiency requirements in the National Construction Code. Homes that are energy efficient use less energy, are warmer on cool days, cooler on hot days and cost less to run. The higher the star rating the more thermally efficient the dwelling is.

Accredited assessors

To ensure the NatHERS Certificate is of a high quality, always use an accredited or licenced assessor. NatHERS accredited assessors are members of a professional body called an Assessor Accrediting Organisation (AAO).

Australian Capital Territory (ACT) licensed assessors may only produce assessments for regulatory purposes using software for which they have a licence endorsement. Licence endorsements can be confirmed on the ACT licensing register

AAOs have specific quality assurance processes in place, and continuing professional development requirements, to maintain a high and consistent standard of assessments across the country. Non-accredited assessors do not have this level of quality assurance or any ongoing training requirements.

Any questions or concerns about this report should be directed to the assessor in the first instance. If the assessor is unable to address these questions or concerns, the AAO specified on the front of this certificate should be contacted

Disclaimer

The format of the NatHERS Certificate was developed by the NatHERS Administrator. However the content of each individual certificate is entered and created by the assessor to create a NatHERS Certificate. It is the responsibility of the assessor who prepared this certificate to use NatHERS accredited software correctly and follow the NatHERS Technical Notes to produce a NatHERS Certificate.

The predicted annual energy load in this NatHERS Certificate is an estimate based on an assessment of the building by the assessor. It is not a prediction of actual energy use, but may be used to compare how other buildings are likely to perform when used in a similar way.

Information presented in this report relies on a range of standard assumptions (both embedded in NatHERS accredited software and made by the assessor who prepared this report), including assumptions about occupancy, indoor air temperature and local climate.

Not all assumptions that may have been made by the assessor while using the NatHERS accredited software tool are presented in this report and further details or data files may be available from the assessor.

Glossary

Annual energy load	the predicted amount of energy required for heating and cooling, based on standard occupancy assumptions.
Assessed floor area	the floor area modelled in the software for the purpose of the NatHERS assessment. Note, this may not be consistent with the floor area in the design documents.
Ceiling penetrations	features that require a penetration to the ceiling, including downlights, vents, exhaust fans, rangehoods, chimneys and flues. Excludes fixtures attached to the ceiling with small holes through the ceiling for wiring, e.g. ceiling fans; pendant lights, and heating and cooling ducts.
Conditioned	a zone within a dwelling that is expected to require heating and cooling based on standard occupancy assumptions. In some circumstances it will include garages.
Custom windows	windows listed in NatHERS software that are available on the market in Australia and have a WERS (Window Energy Rating Scheme) rating.
Default windows	windows that are representative of a specific type of window product and whose properties have been derived by statistical methods.
Entrance door	these signify ventilation benefits in the modelling software and must not be modelled as a door when opening to a minimally ventilated corridor in a Class 2 building.
Exposure category – exposed	terrain with no obstructions e.g. flat grazing land, ocean-frontage, desert, exposed high-rise unit (usually above 10 floors).
Exposure category – open	terrain with few obstructions at a similar height e.g. grasslands with few well scattered obstructions below 10m, farmland with scattered sheds, lightly vegetated bush blocks, elevated units (e.g. above 3 floors).
Exposure category – suburban	terrain with numerous, closely spaced obstructions below 10m e.g. suburban housing, heavily vegetated bushland areas.
Exposure category – protected	terrain with numerous, closely spaced obstructions over 10 m e.g. city and industrial areas.
Horizontal shading feature	provides shading to the building in the horizontal plane, e.g. eaves, verandahs, pergolas, carports, or overhangs or balconies from upper levels.
National Construction Code (NCC) Class	the NCC groups buildings by their function and use, and assigns a classification code. NatHERS software models NCC Class 1, 2 or 4 buildings and attached Class 10a buildings. Definitions can be found at www.abcb.gov.au.
Opening percentage	the openability percentage or operable (moveable) area of doors or windows that is used in ventilation calculations.
Provisional value	an assumed value that does not represent an actual value. For example, if the wall colour is unspecified in the documentation, a provisional value of 'medium' must be modelled. Acceptable provisional values are outlined in the NatHERS Technical Note and can be found at www.nathers.gov.au
Reflective wrap (also known as foil)	can be applied to walls, roofs and ceilings. When combined with an appropriate airgap and emissivity value, it provides insulative properties.
Roof window	for NatHERS this is typically an operable window (i.e. can be opened), will have a plaster or similar light well if there is an attic space, and generally does not have a diffuser.
Shading device	a device fixed to windows that provides shading e.g. window awnings or screens but excludes eaves.
Shading features	includes neighbouring buildings, fences, and wing walls, but excludes eaves.
Solar heat gain coefficient (SHGC)	the fraction of incident solar radiation admitted through a window, both directly transmitted as well as absorbed and subsequently released inward. SHGC is expressed as a number between 0 and 1. The lower a window's SHGC, the less solar heat it transmits.
Skylight (also known as roof lights)	for NatHERS this is typically a moulded unit with flexible reflective tubing (light well) and a diffuser at ceiling level.
U-value	the rate of heat transfer through a window. The lower the U-value, the better the insulating ability.
Unconditioned	a zone within a dwelling that is assumed to not require heating and cooling based on standard occupancy assumptions.
Vertical shading features	provides shading to the building in the vertical plane and can be parallel or perpendicular to the subject wall/window. Includes privacy screens, other walls in the building (wing walls), fences, other buildings, vegetation (protected or listed heritage trees).

Nationwide House Energy Rating Scheme NatHERS Certificate No. 0008694374-01

Generated on 29 Nov 2023 using BERS Pro v4.4.1.5 (3.21)

Property

Address Unit 10, 16-20 Burrawong Cr,

Elderslie, NSW, 2570

Lot/DP 36169

NCC Class* 2

Type New Dwelling

Plans

Garage

Main plan Project No.: 21039
Prepared by Morson Group

Construction and environment

Assessed floor	area (m²)*	Exposure type
Conditioned*	49.0	Suburban
Unconditioned*	0.0	NatHERS climate zo
Total	49.0	nati iErro ciiniato 20



Name David Howard

Business name Partners Energy Management

Email david@partnersenergy.com.au

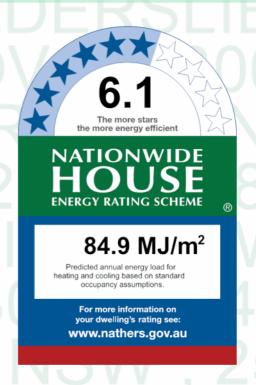
Phone 0421381005

Accreditation No. 20039

Assessor Accrediting Organisation

ABSA

Declaration of interest Declaration completed: no conflicts



Thermal performance

Heating Cooling
47.8 37.1
MJ/m² MJ/m²

About the rating

NatHERS software models the expected thermal energy loads using information about the design and construction, climate and common patterns of household use. The software does not take into account appliances, apart from the airflow impacts from ceiling fans.

Verification

To verify this certificate, scan the QR code or visit



hstar.com.au/QR/Generate?

p=yiukcouRp.

When using either link, ensure you are visiting hstar.com.au

National Construction Code (NCC) requirements

The NCC's requirements for NatHERS-rated houses are detailed in 3.12.0(a)(i) and 3.12.5 of the NCC Volume Two. For apartments the requirements are detailed in J0.2 and J5 to J8 of the NCC Volume One.

In NCC 2019, these requirements include minimum star ratings and separate heating and cooling load limits that need to be met by buildings and apartments through the NatHERS assessment. Requirements additional to the NatHERS assessment that must also be satisfied include, but are not limited to: insulation installation methods, thermal breaks, building sealing, water heating and pumping, and artificial lighting requirements. The NCC and NatHERS Heating and Cooling Load Limits (Australian Building Codes Board Standard) are available at www.abcb.gov.au.

State and territory variations and additions to the NCC may also apply.



Certificate check

Ensure the dwelling is designed and then built as per the NatHERS Certificate. While you need to check the accuracy of the whole Certificate, the following spot check covers some important items impacting the dwelling's rating.

Genuine certificate

Does this Certificate match the one available at the web address or QR code in the verification box on the front page? Does the set of NatHERS-stamped plans for the dwelling have a Certificate number on the stamp that matches this Certificate?

Ceiling penetrations*

Does the 'number' and 'type' of ceiling penetrations (e.g. downlights, exhaust fans, etc) shown on the stamped plans or installed, match what is shown in this Certificate?

Does the installed window meet the substitution tolerances (SHGC and U-value) and window type, of the window shown on this Certificate? Substituted values must be based on the Australian Fenestration Rating Council (AFRC) protocol.

Apartment entrance doors

Does the 'External Door Schedule' show apartment entrance doors? Please note that an "external door" between the modelled dwelling and a shared space, such as an enclosed corridor or foyer, should not be included in the assessment (because it overstates the possible ventilation) and would invalidate the Certificate.

Exposure*

Has the appropriate exposure level (terrain) been applied? For example, it is unlikely that a ground-floor apartment is "exposed" or a top floor high-rise apartment is "protected".

Provisional* values

Have provisional values been used in the assessment and, if so, noted in "additional notes" below?

Additional notes

Downlights must not penetrate ceiling insulation.

I have modeled the shading in accordance with NatHERS principles

Window and glazed door type and performance

Default* windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
willdow iD	Description	U-value*	31130	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
ALM-002-01 A	ALM-002-01 A	6.7	0.70	0.66	0.73	
	Aluminium B SG Clear	0.7			0.73	

Custom* windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
	Description U-value*		31100	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
No Data Availa	ıble					

 * Refer to glossary. Generated on 29 Nov 2023 using BERS Pro v4.4.1.5 (3.21) for Elderslie , NSW , 2570



Window and glazed door schedule

Location	Window ID	Window no.	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Window type	Opening %	Orientation	Window shading device*
Kitchen/Living	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	2400	2100	n/a	45	SW	No
Kitchen/Living	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	1400	1600	n/a	10	SE	No
Bed	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	1800	1600	n/a	10	SW	No

Roof window type and performance

Default* roof windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
	Description	U-value*		SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
No Deta Association						

No Data Available

Custom* roof windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
	Description	U-value*		SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	

No Data Available

Roof window schedule

Location	Window	Window	Opening	Height	Width	Outdoor	Indoor
	ID	no.	%	(mm)	(mm) Orientation	shade	shade
No Data Avai	ilable						

Skylight type and performance

Skylight ID	Skylight description
No Data Available	

Skylight schedule

Location	Skylight ID	Skylight No.	Skylight shaft length (mm)	Area (m²) Orientation	Outdoor shade	Diffuser	Skylight shaft reflectance
No Data Av	ailable						



External door schedule

Location	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Opening %	Orientation
No Data Available				

External wall type

Wall	Wall	Solar	Wall shade	Bulk insulation	Reflective wall wrap*
ID	type	absorptance	(colour)	(R-value)	
EW-1	Cavity Brick	0.50	Medium	Bulk Insulation R1.3	No

External wall schedule

Location	Wall ID	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Orientation	Horizontal shading feature* maximum projection (mm)	Vertical shading feature (yes/no)
Kitchen/Living	EW-1	2700	3569	SW	2404	YES
Kitchen/Living	EW-1	2700	1421	NE	0	YES
Kitchen/Living	EW-1	2700	7424	SE	25	NO
Bed	EW-1	2700	3523	SW	0	YES
Bed	EW-1	2700	392	NW	0	YES

Internal wall type

Wall ID	Wall type	Area (m ²)	Bulk insulation
IW-1 - Single Skin Brick		41.00	No insulation
IW-2 - Brick, plasterboard		34.00	No Insulation

Floor type

Location	Construction	Area Sub-floor (m ²) ventilation	Added insulation (R-value)	Covering
Kitchen/Living	Concrete Slab, Unit Below 150mm	25.20 None	No Insulation	Vinyl 3mm
Entry/Ldry	Concrete Slab, Unit Below 150mm	5.60 None	No Insulation	Vinyl 3mm
Bed	Concrete Slab, Unit Below 150mm	13.90 None	No Insulation	Carpet+Rubber Underlay 18mm
Bath	Concrete Slab, Unit Below 150mm	4.70 None	No Insulation	Ceramic Tiles 8mm



Ceiling type

Location	Construction material/type	Bulk insulation R-value (may include edge batt values)	Reflective wrap*
Kitchen/Living	Plasterboard	Bulk Insulation R4	No
Entry/Ldry	Plasterboard	Bulk Insulation R4	No
Bed	Plasterboard	Bulk Insulation R4	No
Bath	Plasterboard	Bulk Insulation R4	No

Ceiling penetrations*

Location	Quantity	Туре	Diameter (mm)	Sealed/unsealed
Kitchen/Living	6	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed
Entry/Ldry	3	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed
Bed	3	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed
Bath	2	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed

Ceiling fans

Location	Quantity	Diameter (mm)		
Kitchen/Living	1	1200		
Bed	1	900		

Roof type

Construction	Added insulation (R-value)	Solar absorptance	Roof shade
Corrugated Iron	Bulk, Reflective Side Down, No Air Gap Above R1.3	0.85	Dark



Explanatory notes

About this report

A NatHERS rating is a comprehensive, dynamic computer modelling evaluation of a home, using the floorplans, elevations and specifications to estimate an energy load. It addresses the building layout, orientation and fabric (i.e. walls, windows, floors, roofs and ceilings), but does not cover the water or energy use of appliances or energy production of solar panels.

Ratings are based on a unique climate zone where the home is located and are generated using standard assumptions, including occupancy patterns and thermostat settings. The actual energy consumption of a home may vary significantly from the predicted energy load, as the assumptions used in the rating will not match actual usage patterns. For example, the number of occupants and personal heating or cooling preferences will vary.

While the figures are an indicative guide to energy use, they can be used as a reliable guide for comparing different dwelling designs and to demonstrate that the design meets the energy efficiency requirements in the National Construction Code. Homes that are energy efficient use less energy, are warmer on cool days, cooler on hot days and cost less to run. The higher the star rating the more thermally efficient the dwelling is.

Accredited assessors

To ensure the NatHERS Certificate is of a high quality, always use an accredited or licenced assessor. NatHERS accredited assessors are members of a professional body called an Assessor Accrediting Organisation (AAO).

Australian Capital Territory (ACT) licensed assessors may only produce assessments for regulatory purposes using software for which they have a licence endorsement. Licence endorsements can be confirmed on the ACT licensing register

AAOs have specific quality assurance processes in place, and continuing professional development requirements, to maintain a high and consistent standard of assessments across the country. Non-accredited assessors do not have this level of quality assurance or any ongoing training requirements.

Any questions or concerns about this report should be directed to the assessor in the first instance. If the assessor is unable to address these questions or concerns, the AAO specified on the front of this certificate should be contacted.

Disclaimer

The format of the NatHERS Certificate was developed by the NatHERS Administrator. However the content of each individual certificate is entered and created by the assessor to create a NatHERS Certificate. It is the responsibility of the assessor who prepared this certificate to use NatHERS accredited software correctly and follow the NatHERS Technical Notes to produce a NatHERS Certificate.

The predicted annual energy load in this NatHERS Certificate is an estimate based on an assessment of the building by the assessor. It is not a prediction of actual energy use, but may be used to compare how other buildings are likely to perform when used in a similar way.

Information presented in this report relies on a range of standard assumptions (both embedded in NatHERS accredited software and made by the assessor who prepared this report), including assumptions about occupancy, indoor air temperature and local climate.

Not all assumptions that may have been made by the assessor while using the NatHERS accredited software tool are presented in this report and further details or data files may be available from the assessor.

Glossary

Annual energy load	the predicted amount of energy required for heating and cooling, based on standard occupancy assumptions.
Assessed floor area	the floor area modelled in the software for the purpose of the NatHERS assessment. Note, this may not be consistent with the floor area in the design documents.
Ceiling penetrations	features that require a penetration to the ceiling, including downlights, vents, exhaust fans, rangehoods, chimneys and flues. Excludes fixtures attached to the ceiling with small holes through the ceiling for wiring, e.g. ceiling fans; pendant lights, and heating and cooling ducts.
Conditioned	a zone within a dwelling that is expected to require heating and cooling based on standard occupancy assumptions. In some circumstances it will include garages.
Custom windows	windows listed in NatHERS software that are available on the market in Australia and have a WERS (Window Energy Rating Scheme) rating.
Default windows	windows that are representative of a specific type of window product and whose properties have been derived by statistical methods.
Entrance door	these signify ventilation benefits in the modelling software and must not be modelled as a door when opening to a minimally ventilated corridor in a Class 2 building.
Exposure category – exposed	terrain with no obstructions e.g. flat grazing land, ocean-frontage, desert, exposed high-rise unit (usually above 10 floors).
Exposure category – open	terrain with few obstructions at a similar height e.g. grasslands with few well scattered obstructions below 10m, farmland with scattered sheds, lightly vegetated bush blocks, elevated units (e.g. above 3 floors).
Exposure category – suburban	terrain with numerous, closely spaced obstructions below 10m e.g. suburban housing, heavily vegetated bushland areas.
Exposure category – protected	terrain with numerous, closely spaced obstructions over 10 m e.g. city and industrial areas.
Horizontal shading feature	provides shading to the building in the horizontal plane, e.g. eaves, verandahs, pergolas, carports, or overhangs or balconies from upper levels.
National Construction Code (NCC) Class	the NCC groups buildings by their function and use, and assigns a classification code. NatHERS software models NCC Class 1, 2 or 4 buildings and attached Class 10a buildings. Definitions can be found at www.abcb.gov.au.
Opening percentage	the openability percentage or operable (moveable) area of doors or windows that is used in ventilation calculations.
Provisional value	an assumed value that does not represent an actual value. For example, if the wall colour is unspecified in the documentation, a provisional value of 'medium' must be modelled. Acceptable provisional values are outlined in the NatHERS Technical Note and can be found at www.nathers.gov.au
Reflective wrap (also known as foil)	can be applied to walls, roofs and ceilings. When combined with an appropriate airgap and emissivity value, it provides insulative properties.
Roof window	for NatHERS this is typically an operable window (i.e. can be opened), will have a plaster or similar light well if there is an attic space, and generally does not have a diffuser.
Shading device	a device fixed to windows that provides shading e.g. window awnings or screens but excludes eaves.
Shading features	includes neighbouring buildings, fences, and wing walls, but excludes eaves.
Solar heat gain coefficient (SHGC)	the fraction of incident solar radiation admitted through a window, both directly transmitted as well as absorbed and subsequently released inward. SHGC is expressed as a number between 0 and 1. The lower a window's SHGC, the less solar heat it transmits.
Skylight (also known as roof lights)	for NatHERS this is typically a moulded unit with flexible reflective tubing (light well) and a diffuser at ceiling level.
U-value	the rate of heat transfer through a window. The lower the U-value, the better the insulating ability.
Unconditioned	a zone within a dwelling that is assumed to not require heating and cooling based on standard occupancy assumptions.
Vertical shading features	provides shading to the building in the vertical plane and can be parallel or perpendicular to the subject wall/window. Includes privacy screens, other walls in the building (wing walls), fences, other buildings, vegetation (protected or listed heritage trees).

Nationwide House Energy Rating Scheme NatHERS Certificate No. 0008694408-01

Generated on 29 Nov 2023 using BERS Pro v4.4.1.5 (3.21)

Property

Unit 11, 16-20 Burrawong Cr, Address

Elderslie, NSW, 2570

Lot/DP 36169

NCC Class* 2

Type **New Dwelling**

Plans

Main plan Project No.: 21039 Prepared by Morson Group

Construction and environment

Assessed floor area (m2)* Conditioned* 72.0 Suburban

Unconditioned* 0.0

Total 72.0

Garage 0.0 **Exposure type**

NatHERS climate zone

28



David Howard Name

Partners Energy Management **Business name**

Email david@partnersenergy.com.au

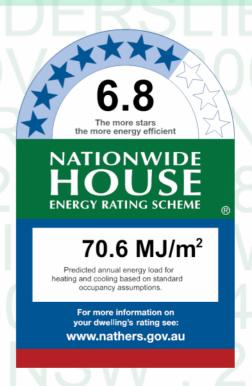
Phone 0421381005

Accreditation No. 20039

Assessor Accrediting Organisation

ABSA

Declaration of interest Declaration completed: no conflicts



Thermal performance

Heating Cooling

43.5 27.1

 MJ/m^2 MJ/m^2

About the rating

NatHERS software models the expected thermal energy loads using information about the design and construction, climate and common patterns of household use. The software does not take into account appliances, apart from the airflow impacts from ceiling fans.

Verification

To verify this certificate, scan the QR code or visit



hstar.com.au/QR/Generate?

p=CuJNweVlh.

When using either link, ensure you are visiting hstar.com.au

National Construction Code (NCC) requirements

The NCC's requirements for NatHERS-rated houses are detailed in 3.12.0(a)(i) and 3.12.5 of the NCC Volume Two. For apartments the requirements are detailed in J0.2 and J5 to J8 of the NCC Volume One.

In NCC 2019, these requirements include minimum star ratings and separate heating and cooling load limits that need to be met by buildings and apartments through the NatHERS assessment. Requirements additional to the NatHERS assessment that must also be satisfied include, but are not limited to: insulation installation methods, thermal breaks, building sealing, water heating and pumping, and artificial lighting requirements. The NCC and NatHERS Heating and Cooling Load Limits (Australian Building Codes Board Standard) are available at www.abcb.gov.au.

State and territory variations and additions to the NCC may also apply.



Certificate check

Ensure the dwelling is designed and then built as per the NatHERS Certificate. While you need to check the accuracy of the whole Certificate, the following spot check covers some important items impacting the dwelling's rating.

Genuine certificate

Does this Certificate match the one available at the web address or QR code in the verification box on the front page? Does the set of NatHERS-stamped plans for the dwelling have a Certificate number on the stamp that matches this Certificate?

Ceiling penetrations*

Does the 'number' and 'type' of ceiling penetrations (e.g. downlights, exhaust fans, etc) shown on the stamped plans or installed, match what is shown in this Certificate?

Windows

Does the installed window meet the substitution tolerances (SHGC and U-value) and window type, of the window shown on this Certificate? Substituted values must be based on the Australian Fenestration Rating Council (AFRC) protocol.

Apartment entrance doors

Does the 'External Door Schedule' show apartment entrance doors? Please note that an "external door" between the modelled dwelling and a shared space, such as an enclosed corridor or foyer, should not be included in the assessment (because it overstates the possible ventilation) and would invalidate the Certificate.

Exposure*

Has the appropriate exposure level (terrain) been applied? For example, it is unlikely that a ground-floor apartment is "exposed" or a top floor high-rise apartment is "protected".

Provisional* values

Have provisional values been used in the assessment and, if so, noted in "additional notes" below?

Additional notes

Downlights must not penetrate ceiling insulation.

I have modeled the shading in accordance with NatHERS principles

Window and glazed door type and performance

Default* windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
willdow iD	Description	U-value*	энос	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
ALM-002-01 A	ALM-002-01 A	6.7	0.70	0.66	0.73	
	Aluminium B SG Clear	0.7	0.70	0.00	0.73	

Custom* windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
Williadw ID	Description U-value*		31100	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
No Data Availa	ıble					

 * Refer to glossary. Generated on 29 Nov 2023 using BERS Pro v4.4.1.5 (3.21) for Elderslie , NSW , 2570



Window and glazed door schedule

Location	Window ID	Window no.	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Window type	Opening %	Orientation	Window shading device*
Bed 2	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	1800	1600	n/a	10	SE	No
Bed 1	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	1800	1600	n/a	10	NE	No
Kitchen/Living	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	2400	2100	n/a	45	NE	No
Kitchen/Living	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	1800	1600	n/a	10	SE	No

Roof window type and performance

Default* roof windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
	Description	U-value*		SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
No Data Availa	hle					

Custom* roof windows

Window ID	Window	Window Maximum		Substitution tolerance ranges		
	Description	U-value*	SHGC*	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
No Data Available						

Roof window schedule

Location	Window ID	Window no.	Opening %	Height (mm)	Width (mm) Orientation	Outdoor shade	Indoor shade
No Data Available							

Skylight type and performance

on, ng :=	en jugare decempaten
No Data Available	

Skylight description

Skylight schedule

Skylight ID

Location	Skylight ID	Skylight No.	Skylight shaft length (mm)	Area (m²) Orientation	Outdoor shade	Diffuser	Skylight shaft reflectance
No Data Available							



External door schedule

Location	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Opening %	Orientation
No Data Available				

External wall type

Wall	Wall	Solar	Wall shade	Bulk insulation	Reflective wall wrap*
ID	type	absorptance	(colour)	(R-value)	
EW-1	Cavity Brick	0.50	Medium	Foil, Anti-glare one side, Reflective other	Yes

External wall schedule

Location	Wall ID	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Orientation	Horizontal shading feature* maximum projection (mm)	Vertical shading feature (yes/no)
Bed 2	EW-1	2700	1118	SW	2180	YES
Bed 2	EW-1	2700	3523	SE	25	YES
Bed 1	EW-1	2700	3210	NE	0	YES
Kitchen/Living	EW-1	2700	3345	NW	3400	YES
Kitchen/Living	EW-1	2700	5009	NE	2784	NO
Kitchen/Living	EW-1	2700	6699	SE	25	YES

Internal wall type

Wall ID	Wall type	Area (m²)	Bulk insulation
IW-1 - Brick, plasterboard		19.00	No Insulation
IW-2 - Single Skin Brick		54.00	No insulation

Floor type

Location	Construction	Area Sub-floor (m ²) ventilation	Added insulation (R-value)	Covering
Bath/Ldry	Concrete Slab, Unit Below 150mm	6.90 None	No Insulation	Vinyl 3mm
Entry	Concrete Slab, Unit Below 150mm	7.40 None	No Insulation	Vinyl 3mm
Bed 2	Concrete Slab, Unit Below 150mm	10.60 None	No Insulation	Vinyl 3mm



Location	Construction	Area Sub-floor (m²) ventilation	Added insulation (R-value)	Covering
Bed 1	Concrete Slab, Unit Below 150mm	14.50 None	No Insulation	Vinyl 3mm
Kitchen/Living	Concrete Slab, Unit Below 150mm	32.20 None	No Insulation	Vinyl 3mm

Ceiling type

Location	Construction material/type	Bulk insulation R-value (may include edge batt values)	Reflective wrap*
Bath/Ldry	Plasterboard	Bulk Insulation R4	No
Entry	Plasterboard	Bulk Insulation R4	No
Bed 2	Plasterboard	Bulk Insulation R4	No
Bed 1	Plasterboard	Bulk Insulation R4	No
Kitchen/Living	Plasterboard	Bulk Insulation R4	No

Ceiling penetrations*

Location	Quantity	Туре	Diameter (mm)	Sealed/unsealed
Bath/Ldry	2	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed
Bed 2	3	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed
Bed 1	3	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed
Kitchen/Living	5	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed

Ceiling fans

Location	Quantity	Diameter (mm)
Bed 2	1	900
Bed 1	1	900
Kitchen/Living	1	900



Roof type

Construction	Added insulation (R-value)	Solar absorptance	Roof shade
Corrugated Iron	Bulk, Reflective Side Down, No Air Gap Above R1.3	0.85	Dark



Explanatory notes

About this report

A NatHERS rating is a comprehensive, dynamic computer modelling evaluation of a home, using the floorplans, elevations and specifications to estimate an energy load. It addresses the building layout, orientation and fabric (i.e. walls, windows, floors, roofs and ceilings), but does not cover the water or energy use of appliances or energy production of solar panels.

Ratings are based on a unique climate zone where the home is located and are generated using standard assumptions, including occupancy patterns and thermostat settings. The actual energy consumption of a home may vary significantly from the predicted energy load, as the assumptions used in the rating will not match actual usage patterns. For example, the number of occupants and personal heating or cooling preferences will vary.

While the figures are an indicative guide to energy use, they can be used as a reliable guide for comparing different dwelling designs and to demonstrate that the design meets the energy efficiency requirements in the National Construction Code. Homes that are energy efficient use less energy, are warmer on cool days, cooler on hot days and cost less to run. The higher the star rating the more thermally efficient the dwelling is.

Accredited assessors

To ensure the NatHERS Certificate is of a high quality, always use an accredited or licenced assessor. NatHERS accredited assessors are members of a professional body called an Assessor Accrediting Organisation (AAO).

Australian Capital Territory (ACT) licensed assessors may only produce assessments for regulatory purposes using software for which they have a licence endorsement. Licence endorsements can be confirmed on the ACT licensing register

AAOs have specific quality assurance processes in place, and continuing professional development requirements, to maintain a high and consistent standard of assessments across the country. Non-accredited assessors do not have this level of quality assurance or any ongoing training requirements.

Any questions or concerns about this report should be directed to the assessor in the first instance. If the assessor is unable to address these questions or concerns, the AAO specified on the front of this certificate should be contacted.

Disclaimer

The format of the NatHERS Certificate was developed by the NatHERS Administrator. However the content of each individual certificate is entered and created by the assessor to create a NatHERS Certificate. It is the responsibility of the assessor who prepared this certificate to use NatHERS accredited software correctly and follow the NatHERS Technical Notes to produce a NatHERS Certificate.

The predicted annual energy load in this NatHERS Certificate is an estimate based on an assessment of the building by the assessor. It is not a prediction of actual energy use, but may be used to compare how other buildings are likely to perform when used in a similar way.

Information presented in this report relies on a range of standard assumptions (both embedded in NatHERS accredited software and made by the assessor who prepared this report), including assumptions about occupancy, indoor air temperature and local climate.

Not all assumptions that may have been made by the assessor while using the NatHERS accredited software tool are presented in this report and further details or data files may be available from the assessor.

Glossary

Annual energy load	the predicted amount of energy required for heating and cooling, based on standard occupancy assumptions.
Assessed floor area	the floor area modelled in the software for the purpose of the NatHERS assessment. Note, this may not be consistent with the floor area in the design documents.
Ceiling penetrations	features that require a penetration to the ceiling, including downlights, vents, exhaust fans, rangehoods, chimneys and flues. Excludes fixtures attached to the ceiling with small holes through the ceiling for wiring, e.g. ceiling fans; pendant lights, and heating and cooling ducts.
Conditioned	a zone within a dwelling that is expected to require heating and cooling based on standard occupancy assumptions. In some circumstances it will include garages.
Custom windows	windows listed in NatHERS software that are available on the market in Australia and have a WERS (Window Energy Rating Scheme) rating.
Default windows	windows that are representative of a specific type of window product and whose properties have been derived by statistical methods.
Entrance door	these signify ventilation benefits in the modelling software and must not be modelled as a door when opening to a minimally ventilated corridor in a Class 2 building.
Exposure category – exposed	terrain with no obstructions e.g. flat grazing land, ocean-frontage, desert, exposed high-rise unit (usually above 10 floors).
Exposure category – open	terrain with few obstructions at a similar height e.g. grasslands with few well scattered obstructions below 10m, farmland with scattered sheds, lightly vegetated bush blocks, elevated units (e.g. above 3 floors).
Exposure category – suburban	terrain with numerous, closely spaced obstructions below 10m e.g. suburban housing, heavily vegetated bushland areas.
Exposure category – protected	terrain with numerous, closely spaced obstructions over 10 m e.g. city and industrial areas.
Horizontal shading feature	provides shading to the building in the horizontal plane, e.g. eaves, verandahs, pergolas, carports, or overhangs or balconies from upper levels.
National Construction Code (NCC) Class	the NCC groups buildings by their function and use, and assigns a classification code. NatHERS software models NCC Class 1, 2 or 4 buildings and attached Class 10a buildings. Definitions can be found at www.abcb.gov.au.
Opening percentage	the openability percentage or operable (moveable) area of doors or windows that is used in ventilation calculations.
Provisional value	an assumed value that does not represent an actual value. For example, if the wall colour is unspecified in the documentation, a provisional value of 'medium' must be modelled. Acceptable provisional values are outlined in the NatHERS Technical Note and can be found at www.nathers.gov.au
Reflective wrap (also known as foil)	can be applied to walls, roofs and ceilings. When combined with an appropriate airgap and emissivity value, it provides insulative properties.
Roof window	for NatHERS this is typically an operable window (i.e. can be opened), will have a plaster or similar light well if there is an attic space, and generally does not have a diffuser.
Shading device	a device fixed to windows that provides shading e.g. window awnings or screens but excludes eaves.
Shading features	includes neighbouring buildings, fences, and wing walls, but excludes eaves.
Solar heat gain coefficient (SHGC)	the fraction of incident solar radiation admitted through a window, both directly transmitted as well as absorbed and subsequently released inward. SHGC is expressed as a number between 0 and 1. The lower a window's SHGC, the less solar heat it transmits.
Skylight (also known as roof lights)	for NatHERS this is typically a moulded unit with flexible reflective tubing (light well) and a diffuser at ceiling level.
U-value	the rate of heat transfer through a window. The lower the U-value, the better the insulating ability.
Unconditioned	a zone within a dwelling that is assumed to not require heating and cooling based on standard occupancy assumptions.
Vertical shading features	provides shading to the building in the vertical plane and can be parallel or perpendicular to the subject wall/window. Includes privacy screens, other walls in the building (wing walls), fences, other buildings, vegetation (protected or listed heritage trees).

Nationwide House Energy Rating Scheme NatHERS Certificate No. 0008694432-01

Generated on 29 Nov 2023 using BERS Pro v4.4.1.5 (3.21)

Property

Address Unit 12, 16-20 Burrawong Cr,

Elderslie, NSW, 2570

Lot/DP 36169

NCC Class* 2

Type New Dwelling

Plans

Garage

Main plan Project No.: 21039

Prepared by Morson Group

Construction and environment

Assessed floor area (m ²)*		Exposure type	
Conditioned*	49.0	Suburban	
Unconditioned*	0.0	NatHERS climate zor	
Total	49.0	28	



Name David Howard

Business name Partners Energy Management

Email david@partnersenergy.com.au

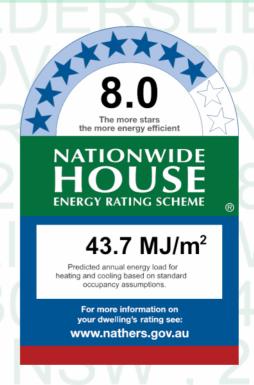
Phone 0421381005

Accreditation No. 20039

Assessor Accrediting Organisation

ABSA

Declaration of interest Declaration completed: no conflicts



Thermal performance

Heating Cooling

17.9 25.8

 MJ/m^2 MJ/m^2

About the rating

NatHERS software models the expected thermal energy loads using information about the design and construction, climate and common patterns of household use. The software does not take into account appliances, apart from the airflow impacts from ceiling fans.

Verification

To verify this certificate, scan the QR code or visit



hstar.com.au/QR/Generate?

p=cpZhHjdkQ.

When using either link, ensure you are visiting hstar.com.au

National Construction Code (NCC) requirements

The NCC's requirements for NatHERS-rated houses are detailed in 3.12.0(a)(i) and 3.12.5 of the NCC Volume Two. For apartments the requirements are detailed in J0.2 and J5 to J8 of the NCC Volume One.

In NCC 2019, these requirements include minimum star ratings and separate heating and cooling load limits that need to be met by buildings and apartments through the NatHERS assessment. Requirements additional to the NatHERS assessment that must also be satisfied include, but are not limited to: insulation installation methods, thermal breaks, building sealing, water heating and pumping, and artificial lighting requirements. The NCC and NatHERS Heating and Cooling Load Limits (Australian Building Codes Board Standard) are available at www.abcb.gov.au.

State and territory variations and additions to the NCC may also apply.



Certificate check

Ensure the dwelling is designed and then built as per the NatHERS Certificate. While you need to check the accuracy of the whole Certificate, the following spot check covers some important items impacting the dwelling's rating.

Genuine certificate

Ceiling penetrations*

Does this Certificate match the one available at the web address or QR code in the verification box on the front page? Does the set of NatHERS-stamped plans for the dwelling have a Certificate number on the stamp that matches this Certificate?

Does the 'number' and 'type' of ceiling penetrations (e.g. downlights, exhaust fans, etc) shown on the stamped plans or installed, match what is shown in this Certificate?

Does the installed window meet the substitution tolerances (SHGC and U-value) and window type, of the window shown on this Certificate? Substituted values must be based on the Australian Fenestration Rating Council (AFRC) protocol.

Apartment entrance doors

Does the 'External Door Schedule' show apartment entrance doors? Please note that an "external door" between the modelled dwelling and a shared space, such as an enclosed corridor or foyer, should not be included in the assessment (because it overstates the possible ventilation) and would invalidate the Certificate.

Exposure*

Has the appropriate exposure level (terrain) been applied? For example, it is unlikely that a ground-floor apartment is "exposed" or a top floor high-rise apartment is "protected".

Provisional* values

Have provisional values been used in the assessment and, if so, noted in "additional notes" below?

Additional notes

Downlights must not penetrate ceiling insulation.

I have modeled the shading in accordance with NatHERS principles

Window and glazed door type and performance

Default* windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum SHGC*		Substitution tolerance ranges	
	Description	U-value*	31130	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit
ALM-002-01 A	ALM-002-01 A	6.7	0.70	0.66	0.73
	Aluminium B SG Clear				

Custom* windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges	
	Description	U-value*		SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit
No Data Availa	ıble				

 * Refer to glossary. Generated on 29 Nov 2023 using BERS Pro v4.4.1.5 (3.21) for Elderslie , NSW , 2570



Window and glazed door schedule

Location	Window ID	Window no.	Height (mm)	Width Window (mm) type	Opening %	Orientation	Window shading device*
Kitchen/Living	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	2400	2100 n/a	45	NE	No
Bed	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	1800	1600 n/a	40	NE	No

Roof window type and performance

Default* roof windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum _{SH}		Substitution tolerance ranges		
	Description	U-value*	SHGC*	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
No Data Availa	hle					

Custom* roof windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
	Description	U-value*	SHGC	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	

No Data Available

Roof window schedule

Location	Window ID	Window no.	Opening %	Height (mm)	Width (mm) Orientation	Outdoor shade	Indoor shade
No Data Ava	ilable						

Skylight type and performance

Skylight ID	Skylight description	
No Data Available		

Skylight schedule

Location	Skylight ID	Skylight No.	Skylight shaft length (mm)	Area (m ²) Orientation	Outdoor shade	Diffuser	Skylight shaft reflectance
No Data Av	ailable						

 * Refer to glossary. Generated on 29 Nov 2023 using BERS Pro v4.4.1.5 (3.21) for Elderslie , NSW , 2570



External door schedule

Location	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Opening %	Orientation
No Data Available				

External wall type

Wall	Wall	Solar	Wall shade	Bulk insulation	Reflective wall wrap*
ID	type	absorptance	(colour)	(R-value)	
EW-1	Cavity Brick	0.50	Medium	Foil, Anti-glare one side, Reflective other	Yes

External wall schedule

Location	Wall ID	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Orientation	Horizontal shading feature* maximum projection (mm)	Vertical shading feature (yes/no)
Kitchen/Living	EW-1	2700	3657	NE	2896	NO
Kitchen/Living	EW-1	2700	583	SE	8892	YES
Bed	EW-1	2700	1198	NW	2193	YES
Bed	EW-1	2700	3434	NE	2415	NO

Internal wall type

Wall ID	Wall type	Area (m ²)	Bulk insulation
IW-1 - Single Skin Brick		41.00	No insulation
IW-2 - Brick, plasterboard		18.00	No Insulation

Floor type

Location	Construction	Area Sub-floor (m ²) ventilation	Added insulation (R-value)	Covering
Kitchen/Living	Concrete Slab, Unit Below 150mm	24.40 None	No Insulation	Vinyl 3mm
Entry/Ldry	Concrete Slab, Unit Below 150mm	5.40 None	No Insulation	Vinyl 3mm
Bath	Concrete Slab, Unit Below 150mm	5.00 None	No Insulation	Ceramic Tiles 8mm
Bed	Concrete Slab, Unit Below 150mm	14.30 None	No Insulation	Carpet+Rubber Underlay 18mm



Ceiling type

Location	Construction material/type	Bulk insulation R-value (may include edge batt values)	Reflective wrap*
Kitchen/Living	Plasterboard	Bulk Insulation R4	No
Entry/Ldry	Plasterboard	Bulk Insulation R4	No
Bath	Plasterboard	Bulk Insulation R4	No
Bed	Plasterboard	Bulk Insulation R4	No

Ceiling penetrations*

Location	Quantity	Туре	Diameter (mm)	Sealed/unsealed
Kitchen/Living	5	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed
Entry/Ldry	3	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed
Bath	2	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed
Bed	3	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed

Ceiling fans

Location	Quantity	Diameter (mm)
No Data Available		

Roof type

Construction	Added insulation (R-value)	Solar absorptance	Roof shade
Corrugated Iron	Bulk, Reflective Side Down, No Air Gap Above R1.3	0.85	Dark



Explanatory notes

About this report

A NatHERS rating is a comprehensive, dynamic computer modelling evaluation of a home, using the floorplans, elevations and specifications to estimate an energy load. It addresses the building layout, orientation and fabric (i.e. walls, windows, floors, roofs and ceilings), but does not cover the water or energy use of appliances or energy production of solar panels.

Ratings are based on a unique climate zone where the home is located and are generated using standard assumptions, including occupancy patterns and thermostat settings. The actual energy consumption of a home may vary significantly from the predicted energy load, as the assumptions used in the rating will not match actual usage patterns. For example, the number of occupants and personal heating or cooling preferences will vary.

While the figures are an indicative guide to energy use, they can be used as a reliable guide for comparing different dwelling designs and to demonstrate that the design meets the energy efficiency requirements in the National Construction Code. Homes that are energy efficient use less energy, are warmer on cool days, cooler on hot days and cost less to run. The higher the star rating the more thermally efficient the dwelling is.

Accredited assessors

To ensure the NatHERS Certificate is of a high quality, always use an accredited or licenced assessor. NatHERS accredited assessors are members of a professional body called an Assessor Accrediting Organisation (AAO).

Australian Capital Territory (ACT) licensed assessors may only produce assessments for regulatory purposes using software for which they have a licence endorsement. Licence endorsements can be confirmed on the ACT licensing register

AAOs have specific quality assurance processes in place, and continuing professional development requirements, to maintain a high and consistent standard of assessments across the country. Non-accredited assessors do not have this level of quality assurance or any ongoing training requirements.

Any questions or concerns about this report should be directed to the assessor in the first instance. If the assessor is unable to address these questions or concerns, the AAO specified on the front of this certificate should be contacted.

Disclaimer

The format of the NatHERS Certificate was developed by the NatHERS Administrator. However the content of each individual certificate is entered and created by the assessor to create a NatHERS Certificate. It is the responsibility of the assessor who prepared this certificate to use NatHERS accredited software correctly and follow the NatHERS Technical Notes to produce a NatHERS Certificate.

The predicted annual energy load in this NatHERS Certificate is an estimate based on an assessment of the building by the assessor. It is not a prediction of actual energy use, but may be used to compare how other buildings are likely to perform when used in a similar way.

Information presented in this report relies on a range of standard assumptions (both embedded in NatHERS accredited software and made by the assessor who prepared this report), including assumptions about occupancy, indoor air temperature and local climate.

Not all assumptions that may have been made by the assessor while using the NatHERS accredited software tool are presented in this report and further details or data files may be available from the assessor.

Glossary

Annual energy load	the predicted amount of energy required for heating and cooling, based on standard occupancy assumptions.
Assessed floor area	the floor area modelled in the software for the purpose of the NatHERS assessment. Note, this may not be consistent with the floor area in the design documents.
Ceiling penetrations	features that require a penetration to the ceiling, including downlights, vents, exhaust fans, rangehoods, chimneys and flues. Excludes fixtures attached to the ceiling with small holes through the ceiling for wiring, e.g. ceiling fans; pendant lights, and heating and cooling ducts.
Conditioned	a zone within a dwelling that is expected to require heating and cooling based on standard occupancy assumptions. In some circumstances it will include garages.
Custom windows	windows listed in NatHERS software that are available on the market in Australia and have a WERS (Window Energy Rating Scheme) rating.
Default windows	windows that are representative of a specific type of window product and whose properties have been derived by statistical methods.
Entrance door	these signify ventilation benefits in the modelling software and must not be modelled as a door when opening to a minimally ventilated corridor in a Class 2 building.
Exposure category – exposed	terrain with no obstructions e.g. flat grazing land, ocean-frontage, desert, exposed high-rise unit (usually above 10 floors).
Exposure category – open	terrain with few obstructions at a similar height e.g. grasslands with few well scattered obstructions below 10m, farmland with scattered sheds, lightly vegetated bush blocks, elevated units (e.g. above 3 floors).
Exposure category – suburban	terrain with numerous, closely spaced obstructions below 10m e.g. suburban housing, heavily vegetated bushland areas.
Exposure category – protected	terrain with numerous, closely spaced obstructions over 10 m e.g. city and industrial areas.
Horizontal shading feature	provides shading to the building in the horizontal plane, e.g. eaves, verandahs, pergolas, carports, or overhangs or balconies from upper levels.
National Construction Code (NCC) Class	the NCC groups buildings by their function and use, and assigns a classification code. NatHERS software models NCC Class 1, 2 or 4 buildings and attached Class 10a buildings. Definitions can be found at www.abcb.gov.au.
Opening percentage	the openability percentage or operable (moveable) area of doors or windows that is used in ventilation calculations.
Provisional value	an assumed value that does not represent an actual value. For example, if the wall colour is unspecified in the documentation, a provisional value of 'medium' must be modelled. Acceptable provisional values are outlined in the NatHERS Technical Note and can be found at www.nathers.gov.au
Reflective wrap (also known as foil)	can be applied to walls, roofs and ceilings. When combined with an appropriate airgap and emissivity value, it provides insulative properties.
Roof window	for NatHERS this is typically an operable window (i.e. can be opened), will have a plaster or similar light well if there is an attic space, and generally does not have a diffuser.
Shading device	a device fixed to windows that provides shading e.g. window awnings or screens but excludes eaves.
Shading features	includes neighbouring buildings, fences, and wing walls, but excludes eaves.
Solar heat gain coefficient (SHGC)	the fraction of incident solar radiation admitted through a window, both directly transmitted as well as absorbed and subsequently released inward. SHGC is expressed as a number between 0 and 1. The lower a window's SHGC, the less solar heat it transmits.
Skylight (also known as roof lights)	for NatHERS this is typically a moulded unit with flexible reflective tubing (light well) and a diffuser at ceiling level.
U-value	the rate of heat transfer through a window. The lower the U-value, the better the insulating ability.
Unconditioned	a zone within a dwelling that is assumed to not require heating and cooling based on standard occupancy assumptions.
Vertical shading features	provides shading to the building in the vertical plane and can be parallel or perpendicular to the subject wall/window. Includes privacy screens, other walls in the building (wing walls), fences, other buildings, vegetation (protected or listed heritage trees).

Nationwide House Energy Rating Scheme NatHERS Certificate No. 0008694457-01

Generated on 29 Nov 2023 using BERS Pro v4.4.1.5 (3.21)

Property

Unit 13, 16-20 Burrawong Cr, Address

Elderslie, NSW, 2570

Lot/DP 36169

NCC Class* 2

Type **New Dwelling**

Plans

Main plan Project No.: 21039 Prepared by Morson Group

Construction and environment

Assessed floor area (m2)* Conditioned* 70.0 Suburban

Unconditioned* 0.0

Total 70.0

Garage 0.0 **Exposure type**

NatHERS climate zone

28



David Howard Name

Partners Energy Management **Business name**

Email david@partnersenergy.com.au

Phone 0421381005

Accreditation No. 20039

Assessor Accrediting Organisation

ABSA

Declaration of interest Declaration completed: no conflicts



Thermal performance

Heating Cooling

9.4

 MJ/m^2

 MJ/m^2

28.6

About the rating

NatHERS software models the expected thermal energy loads using information about the design and construction, climate and common patterns of household use. The software does not take into account appliances, apart from the airflow impacts from ceiling fans.

Verification

To verify this certificate, scan the QR code or visit



hstar.com.au/QR/Generate?

p=UfTTsWLix.

When using either link, ensure you are visiting hstar.com.au

National Construction Code (NCC) requirements

The NCC's requirements for NatHERS-rated houses are detailed in 3.12.0(a)(i) and 3.12.5 of the NCC Volume Two. For apartments the requirements are detailed in J0.2 and J5 to J8 of the NCC Volume One.

In NCC 2019, these requirements include minimum star ratings and separate heating and cooling load limits that need to be met by buildings and apartments through the NatHERS assessment. Requirements additional to the NatHERS assessment that must also be satisfied include, but are not limited to: insulation installation methods, thermal breaks, building sealing, water heating and pumping, and artificial lighting requirements. The NCC and NatHERS Heating and Cooling Load Limits (Australian Building Codes Board Standard) are available at www.abcb.gov.au.

State and territory variations and additions to the NCC may also apply.



Certificate check

Ensure the dwelling is designed and then built as per the NatHERS Certificate. While you need to check the accuracy of the whole Certificate, the following spot check covers some important items impacting the dwelling's rating.

Genuine certificate

Does this Certificate match the one available at the web address or QR code in the verification box on the front page? Does the set of NatHERS-stamped plans for the dwelling have a Certificate number on the stamp that matches this Certificate? Ceiling penetrations*

Does the 'number' and 'type' of ceiling penetrations (e.g. downlights, exhaust fans, etc) shown on the stamped plans or installed, match what is shown in this Certificate?

Does the installed window meet the substitution tolerances (SHGC and U-value) and window type, of the window shown on this Certificate? Substituted values must be based on the Australian Fenestration Rating Council (AFRC) protocol.

Apartment entrance doors

Does the 'External Door Schedule' show apartment entrance doors? Please note that an "external door" between the modelled dwelling and a shared space, such as an enclosed corridor or foyer, should not be included in the assessment (because it overstates the possible ventilation) and would invalidate the Certificate.

Exposure*

Has the appropriate exposure level (terrain) been applied? For example, it is unlikely that a ground-floor apartment is "exposed" or a top floor high-rise apartment is "protected".

Provisional* values

Have provisional values been used in the assessment and, if so, noted in "additional notes" below?

Additional notes

Downlights must not penetrate ceiling insulation.

I have modeled the shading in accordance with NatHERS principles

Window and glazed door type and performance

Default* windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
willdow iD	Description	U-value*	31130	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
ALM-002-01 A	ALM-002-01 A	6.7	0.70	0.66	0.72	
	Aluminium B SG Clear	0.7	0.70	0.66	0.73	

Custom* windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
	Description U-value*		эпис	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
No Data Availa	ble					

 * Refer to glossary. Generated on 29 Nov 2023 using BERS Pro v4.4.1.5 (3.21) for Elderslie , NSW , 2570



Window and glazed door schedule

Location	Window ID	Window no.	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Window type	Opening %	Orientation	Window shading device*
Kitchen/Living	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	1800	1600	n/a	10	NW	No
Kitchen/Living	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	1800	1000	n/a	40	NE	No
Kitchen/Living	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	2400	2100	n/a	45	NE	No
Bed 2	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	1800	1600	n/a	10	NW	No
Bed 1	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	1800	1600	n/a	10	NW	No

Roof window type and performance

Default* roof windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHCC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
willdow ib	Description	U-value*	SHGC* SHGC lower		SHGC upper limit	
No Data Availa	ıble					

Custom* roof windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
	Description	Description U-value*		SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
No Data Availa	ıble					

Roof window schedule

Location	Window ID	Window no.	Opening %	Height (mm)	Width (mm) Orientation	Outdoor shade	Indoor shade	
No Data Available								

Skylight type and performance

Skylight ID	Skylight description
No Data Available	



Skylight schedule

 Location
 Skylight ID
 Skylight Shaft length (mm)
 Area (m²)
 Orientation (m²)
 Outdoor shade
 Diffuser
 Skylight shaft reflectance

External door schedule

Location Height (mm) Width (mm) Opening % Orientation

No Data Available

External wall type

Wall	Wall	Solar	Wall shade	Bulk insulation	Reflective wall wrap*
ID	type	absorptance	(colour)	(R-value)	
EW-1	Cavity Brick	0.50	Medium	Foil, Anti-glare one side, Reflective other	Yes

External wall schedule

Location	Wall ID	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Orientation	Horizontal shading feature* maximum projection (mm)	Vertical shading feature (yes/no)
Kitchen/Living	EW-1	2700	3746	NW	0	NO
Kitchen/Living	EW-1	2700	7379	NE	2795	NO
Kitchen/Living	EW-1	2700	2181	SE	2102	YES
Bed 2	EW-1	2700	502	SW	0	YES
Bed 2	EW-1	2700	3075	NW	0	NO
Bed 1	EW-1	2700	2460	SW	25	NO
Bed 1	EW-1	2700	3345	NW	0	YES

Internal wall type

Wall ID	Wall type	Area (m ²)	Bulk insulation	
IW-1 - Single Skin Brick		62.00	No insulation	
IW-2 - Brick, plasterboard		12.00	No Insulation	



Floor type

Location	Construction	Area Sub-floor (m ²) ventilation	Added insulation (R-value)	Covering
Kitchen/Living	Concrete Slab, Unit Below 150mm	29.10 None	No Insulation	Vinyl 3mm
Entry	Concrete Slab, Unit Below 150mm	9.50 None	No Insulation	Vinyl 3mm
Bed 2	Concrete Slab, Unit Below 150mm	10.60 None	No Insulation	Carpet+Rubber Underlay 18mm
Bath/Ldry	Concrete Slab, Unit Below 150mm	6.70 None	No Insulation	Ceramic Tiles 8mm
Bed 1	Concrete Slab, Unit Below 150mm	14.50 None	No Insulation	Carpet+Rubber Underlay 18mm

Ceiling type

Location	Construction material/type	Bulk insulation R-value (may include edge batt values)	Reflective wrap*
Kitchen/Living	Plasterboard	Bulk Insulation R4	No
Entry	Plasterboard	Bulk Insulation R4	No
Bed 2	Plasterboard	Bulk Insulation R4	No
Bath/Ldry	Plasterboard	Bulk Insulation R4	No
Bed 1	Plasterboard	Bulk Insulation R4	No

Ceiling penetrations*

Location	Quantity	Type	Diameter (mm)	Sealed/unsealed	
Kitchen/Living	6	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed	—
Entry	3	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed	
Bed 2	3	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed	
Bath/Ldry	2	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed	
Bed 1	3	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed	

Ceiling fans

Location	Quantity	Diameter (mm)
Kitchen/Living	1	900
Bed 2	1	900



Location	Quantity	Diameter (mm)
Bed 1	1	900

Roof type

Construction	Added insulation (R-value)	Solar absorptance	Roof shade
Corrugated Iron	Bulk, Reflective Side Down, No Air Gap Above R1.3	0.85	Dark



Explanatory notes

About this report

A NatHERS rating is a comprehensive, dynamic computer modelling evaluation of a home, using the floorplans, elevations and specifications to estimate an energy load. It addresses the building layout, orientation and fabric (i.e. walls, windows, floors, roofs and ceilings), but does not cover the water or energy use of appliances or energy production of solar panels.

Ratings are based on a unique climate zone where the home is located and are generated using standard assumptions, including occupancy patterns and thermostat settings. The actual energy consumption of a home may vary significantly from the predicted energy load, as the assumptions used in the rating will not match actual usage patterns. For example, the number of occupants and personal heating or cooling preferences will vary.

While the figures are an indicative guide to energy use, they can be used as a reliable guide for comparing different dwelling designs and to demonstrate that the design meets the energy efficiency requirements in the National Construction Code. Homes that are energy efficient use less energy, are warmer on cool days, cooler on hot days and cost less to run. The higher the star rating the more thermally efficient the dwelling is.

Accredited assessors

To ensure the NatHERS Certificate is of a high quality, always use an accredited or licenced assessor. NatHERS accredited assessors are members of a professional body called an Assessor Accrediting Organisation (AAO).

Australian Capital Territory (ACT) licensed assessors may only produce assessments for regulatory purposes using software for which they have a licence endorsement. Licence endorsements can be confirmed on the ACT licensing register

AAOs have specific quality assurance processes in place, and continuing professional development requirements, to maintain a high and consistent standard of assessments across the country. Non-accredited assessors do not have this level of quality assurance or any ongoing training requirements.

Any questions or concerns about this report should be directed to the assessor in the first instance. If the assessor is unable to address these questions or concerns, the AAO specified on the front of this certificate should be contacted.

Disclaimer

The format of the NatHERS Certificate was developed by the NatHERS Administrator. However the content of each individual certificate is entered and created by the assessor to create a NatHERS Certificate. It is the responsibility of the assessor who prepared this certificate to use NatHERS accredited software correctly and follow the NatHERS Technical Notes to produce a NatHERS Certificate.

The predicted annual energy load in this NatHERS Certificate is an estimate based on an assessment of the building by the assessor. It is not a prediction of actual energy use, but may be used to compare how other buildings are likely to perform when used in a similar way.

Information presented in this report relies on a range of standard assumptions (both embedded in NatHERS accredited software and made by the assessor who prepared this report), including assumptions about occupancy, indoor air temperature and local climate.

Not all assumptions that may have been made by the assessor while using the NatHERS accredited software tool are presented in this report and further details or data files may be available from the assessor.

Glossary

Annual energy load	the predicted amount of energy required for heating and cooling, based on standard occupancy assumptions.
Assessed floor area	the floor area modelled in the software for the purpose of the NatHERS assessment. Note, this may not be consistent with the floor area in the design documents.
Ceiling penetrations	features that require a penetration to the ceiling, including downlights, vents, exhaust fans, rangehoods, chimneys and flues. Excludes fixtures attached to the ceiling with small holes through the ceiling for wiring, e.g. ceiling fans; pendant lights, and heating and cooling ducts.
Conditioned	a zone within a dwelling that is expected to require heating and cooling based on standard occupancy assumptions. In some circumstances it will include garages.
Custom windows	windows listed in NatHERS software that are available on the market in Australia and have a WERS (Window Energy Rating Scheme) rating.
Default windows	windows that are representative of a specific type of window product and whose properties have been derived by statistical methods.
Entrance door	these signify ventilation benefits in the modelling software and must not be modelled as a door when opening to a minimally ventilated corridor in a Class 2 building.
Exposure category – exposed	terrain with no obstructions e.g. flat grazing land, ocean-frontage, desert, exposed high-rise unit (usually above 10 floors).
Exposure category – open	terrain with few obstructions at a similar height e.g. grasslands with few well scattered obstructions below 10m, farmland with scattered sheds, lightly vegetated bush blocks, elevated units (e.g. above 3 floors).
Exposure category – suburban	terrain with numerous, closely spaced obstructions below 10m e.g. suburban housing, heavily vegetated bushland areas.
Exposure category – protected	terrain with numerous, closely spaced obstructions over 10 m e.g. city and industrial areas.
Horizontal shading feature	provides shading to the building in the horizontal plane, e.g. eaves, verandahs, pergolas, carports, or overhangs or balconies from upper levels.
National Construction Code (NCC) Class	the NCC groups buildings by their function and use, and assigns a classification code. NatHERS software models NCC Class 1, 2 or 4 buildings and attached Class 10a buildings. Definitions can be found at www.abcb.gov.au.
Opening percentage	the openability percentage or operable (moveable) area of doors or windows that is used in ventilation calculations.
Provisional value	an assumed value that does not represent an actual value. For example, if the wall colour is unspecified in the documentation, a provisional value of 'medium' must be modelled. Acceptable provisional values are outlined in the NatHERS Technical Note and can be found at www.nathers.gov.au
Reflective wrap (also known as foil)	can be applied to walls, roofs and ceilings. When combined with an appropriate airgap and emissivity value, it provides insulative properties.
Roof window	for NatHERS this is typically an operable window (i.e. can be opened), will have a plaster or similar light well if there is an attic space, and generally does not have a diffuser.
Shading device	a device fixed to windows that provides shading e.g. window awnings or screens but excludes eaves.
Shading features	includes neighbouring buildings, fences, and wing walls, but excludes eaves.
Solar heat gain coefficient (SHGC)	the fraction of incident solar radiation admitted through a window, both directly transmitted as well as absorbed and subsequently released inward. SHGC is expressed as a number between 0 and 1. The lower a window's SHGC, the less solar heat it transmits.
Skylight (also known as roof lights)	for NatHERS this is typically a moulded unit with flexible reflective tubing (light well) and a diffuser at ceiling level.
U-value	the rate of heat transfer through a window. The lower the U-value, the better the insulating ability.
Unconditioned	a zone within a dwelling that is assumed to not require heating and cooling based on standard occupancy assumptions.
Vertical shading features	provides shading to the building in the vertical plane and can be parallel or perpendicular to the subject wall/window. Includes privacy screens, other walls in the building (wing walls), fences, other buildings, vegetation (protected or listed heritage trees).

Nationwide House Energy Rating Scheme NatHERS Certificate No. 0008694473-01

Generated on 29 Nov 2023 using BERS Pro v4.4.1.5 (3.21)

Property

Unit 14, 16-20 Burrawong Cr, Address

Elderslie, NSW, 2570

Lot/DP 36169

NCC Class* 2

Type **New Dwelling**

Plans

Main plan Project No.: 21039 Prepared by Morson Group

Construction and environment

Assessed floor area (m2)* Conditioned* 70.0 Suburban

0.0 Unconditioned*

Total 70.0

Garage 0.0 **Exposure type**

NatHERS climate zone

28



David Howard Name

Business name Partners Energy Management

Email david@partnersenergy.com.au

Phone 0421381005

Accreditation No. 20039

Assessor Accrediting Organisation

ABSA

Declaration of interest Declaration completed: no conflicts



Thermal performance

Heating Cooling

27.2 26.2

 MJ/m^2 MJ/m^2

About the rating

NatHERS software models the expected thermal energy loads using information about the design and construction, climate and common patterns of household use. The software does not take into account appliances, apart from the airflow impacts from ceiling fans.

Verification

To verify this certificate, scan the QR code or visit



hstar.com.au/QR/Generate?

p=axfvAiRrv.

When using either link, ensure you are visiting hstar.com.au

National Construction Code (NCC) requirements

The NCC's requirements for NatHERS-rated houses are detailed in 3.12.0(a)(i) and 3.12.5 of the NCC Volume Two. For apartments the requirements are detailed in J0.2 and J5 to J8 of the NCC Volume One.

In NCC 2019, these requirements include minimum star ratings and separate heating and cooling load limits that need to be met by buildings and apartments through the NatHERS assessment. Requirements additional to the NatHERS assessment that must also be satisfied include, but are not limited to: insulation installation methods, thermal breaks, building sealing, water heating and pumping, and artificial lighting requirements. The NCC and NatHERS Heating and Cooling Load Limits (Australian Building Codes Board Standard) are available at www.abcb.gov.au.

State and territory variations and additions to the NCC may also apply.



Certificate check

Ensure the dwelling is designed and then built as per the NatHERS Certificate. While you need to check the accuracy of the whole Certificate, the following spot check covers some important items impacting the dwelling's rating.

Genuine certificate

Ceiling penetrations*

Does this Certificate match the one available at the web address or QR code in the verification box on the front page? Does the set of NatHERS-stamped plans for the dwelling have a Certificate number on the stamp that matches this Certificate?

Does the 'number' and 'type' of ceiling penetrations (e.g. downlights, exhaust fans, etc) shown on the stamped plans or installed, match what is shown in this Certificate?

Does the installed window meet the substitution tolerances (SHGC and U-value) and window type, of the window shown on this Certificate? Substituted values must be based on the Australian Fenestration Rating Council (AFRC) protocol.

Apartment entrance doors

Does the 'External Door Schedule' show apartment entrance doors? Please note that an "external door" between the modelled dwelling and a shared space, such as an enclosed corridor or foyer, should not be included in the assessment (because it overstates the possible ventilation) and would invalidate the Certificate.

Exposure*

Has the appropriate exposure level (terrain) been applied? For example, it is unlikely that a ground-floor apartment is "exposed" or a top floor high-rise apartment is "protected".

Provisional* values

Have provisional values been used in the assessment and, if so, noted in "additional notes" below?

Additional notes

Downlights must not penetrate ceiling insulation.

I have modeled the shading in accordance with NatHERS principles

Window and glazed door type and performance

Default* windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
willdow iD	Description	U-value*	31130	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
ALM 002 04 A	ALM-002-01 A	6.7	0.70	0.66	0.72	
ALM-002-01 A	Aluminium B SG Clear	6.7	0.70	0.00	0.73	

Custom* windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	* Substitution tolerance ranges		
Williadw ID	Description U-value*		31100	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
No Data Availa	ble					

 * Refer to glossary. Generated on 29 Nov 2023 using BERS Pro v4.4.1.5 (3.21) for Elderslie , NSW , 2570



Window and glazed door schedule

Location	Window ID	Window no.	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Window type	Opening %	Orientation	Window shading device*
Kitchen/Living	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	2400	2100	n/a	45	SW	No
Kitchen/Living	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	1800	1600	n/a	40	NW	No
Kitchen/Living	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	1800	1600	n/a	40	NW	No
Bed 1	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	1800	1600	n/a	40	SW	No
Bed 2	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	1800	1600	n/a	40	SW	No

Roof window type and performance

Default* roof windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum		Substitution tolerance ranges		
Window ID	Description	U-value*	SHGC*	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
No Data Availa	ıble					

Custom* roof windows

Window ID	Window			Substitution tolerance ranges		
	Description			SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
No Data Availa	ıble					

Roof window schedule

Location	Window ID	Window no.	Opening %	Height (mm)	Width (mm) Orientation	Outdoor shade	Indoor shade
No Data Ava	ilable						

Skylight type and performance

Skylight ID	Skylight description
No Data Available	



Skylight schedule

Location	Skylight ID	Skylight No.	Skylight shaft length (mm)	Area (m ²) Orientation	Outdoor shade	Diffuser	Skylight shaft reflectance

No Data Available

External door schedule

Location	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Opening %	Orientation
No Data Available				

External wall type

Wall	Wall	Solar	Wall shade	Bulk insulation	Reflective wall wrap*
ID	type	absorptance	(colour)	(R-value)	
EW-1	Cavity Brick	0.50	Medium	Foil, Anti-glare one side, Reflective other	Yes

External wall schedule

Location	Wall ID	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Orientation	Horizontal shading feature* maximum projection (mm)	Vertical shading feature (yes/no)
Kitchen/Living	EW-1	2700	3792	SW	2852	NO
Kitchen/Living	EW-1	2700	7290	NW	0	NO
Bed 1	EW-1	2700	3244	SW	56	YES
Bed 2	EW-1	2700	447	SE	6630	YES
Bed 2	EW-1	2700	3165	SW	2806	NO

Internal wall type

Wall ID	Wall type	Area (m ²)	Bulk insulation
IW-1 - Single Skin Brick		61.00	No insulation
IW-2 - Brick, plasterboard		12.00	No Insulation



Floor type

Location	Construction	Area Sub-floor (m ²) ventilation	Added insulation (R-value)	Covering
Kitchen/Living	Concrete Slab, Unit Below 150mm	29.40 None	No Insulation	Vinyl 3mm
Bath/Ldry	Concrete Slab, Unit Below 150mm	6.20 None	No Insulation	Ceramic Tiles 8mm
Entry	Concrete Slab, Unit Below 150mm	9.60 None	No Insulation	Vinyl 3mm
Bed 1	Concrete Slab, Unit Below 150mm	13.70 None	No Insulation	Carpet+Rubber Underlay 18mm
Bed 2	Concrete Slab, Unit Below 150mm	10.80 None	No Insulation	Carpet+Rubber Underlay 18mm

Ceiling type

Location	Construction material/type	Bulk insulation R-value (may include edge batt values)	Reflective wrap*
Kitchen/Living	Plasterboard	Bulk Insulation R4	No
Bath/Ldry	Plasterboard	Bulk Insulation R4	No
Entry	Plasterboard	Bulk Insulation R4	No
Bed 1	Plasterboard	Bulk Insulation R4	No
Bed 2	Plasterboard	Bulk Insulation R4	No

Ceiling penetrations*

Location	Quantity	Туре	Diameter (mm)	Sealed/unsealed
Kitchen/Living	6	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed
Bath/Ldry	2	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed
Entry	2	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed
Bed 1	3	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed
Bed 2	3	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed

Ceiling fans

Location	Quantity	Diameter (mm)
Kitchen/Living	1	900
Bed 1	1	900



Location	Quantity	Diameter (mm)
Bed 2	1	900

Roof type

Construction	Added insulation (R-value)	Solar absorptance	Roof shade
Corrugated Iron	Bulk, Reflective Side Down, No Air Gap Above R1.3	0.85	Dark



Explanatory notes

About this report

A NatHERS rating is a comprehensive, dynamic computer modelling evaluation of a home, using the floorplans, elevations and specifications to estimate an energy load. It addresses the building layout, orientation and fabric (i.e. walls, windows, floors, roofs and ceilings), but does not cover the water or energy use of appliances or energy production of solar panels.

Ratings are based on a unique climate zone where the home is located and are generated using standard assumptions, including occupancy patterns and thermostat settings. The actual energy consumption of a home may vary significantly from the predicted energy load, as the assumptions used in the rating will not match actual usage patterns. For example, the number of occupants and personal heating or cooling preferences will vary.

While the figures are an indicative guide to energy use, they can be used as a reliable guide for comparing different dwelling designs and to demonstrate that the design meets the energy efficiency requirements in the National Construction Code. Homes that are energy efficient use less energy, are warmer on cool days, cooler on hot days and cost less to run. The higher the star rating the more thermally efficient the dwelling is.

Accredited assessors

To ensure the NatHERS Certificate is of a high quality, always use an accredited or licenced assessor. NatHERS accredited assessors are members of a professional body called an Assessor Accrediting Organisation (AAO).

Australian Capital Territory (ACT) licensed assessors may only produce assessments for regulatory purposes using software for which they have a licence endorsement. Licence endorsements can be confirmed on the ACT licensing register

AAOs have specific quality assurance processes in place, and continuing professional development requirements, to maintain a high and consistent standard of assessments across the country. Non-accredited assessors do not have this level of quality assurance or any ongoing training requirements.

Any questions or concerns about this report should be directed to the assessor in the first instance. If the assessor is unable to address these questions or concerns, the AAO specified on the front of this certificate should be contacted.

Disclaimer

The format of the NatHERS Certificate was developed by the NatHERS Administrator. However the content of each individual certificate is entered and created by the assessor to create a NatHERS Certificate. It is the responsibility of the assessor who prepared this certificate to use NatHERS accredited software correctly and follow the NatHERS Technical Notes to produce a NatHERS Certificate.

The predicted annual energy load in this NatHERS Certificate is an estimate based on an assessment of the building by the assessor. It is not a prediction of actual energy use, but may be used to compare how other buildings are likely to perform when used in a similar way.

Information presented in this report relies on a range of standard assumptions (both embedded in NatHERS accredited software and made by the assessor who prepared this report), including assumptions about occupancy, indoor air temperature and local climate.

Not all assumptions that may have been made by the assessor while using the NatHERS accredited software tool are presented in this report and further details or data files may be available from the assessor.

Glossary

Annual energy load	the predicted amount of energy required for heating and cooling, based on standard occupancy assumptions.
Assessed floor area	the floor area modelled in the software for the purpose of the NatHERS assessment. Note, this may not be consistent with the floor area in the design documents.
Ceiling penetrations	features that require a penetration to the ceiling, including downlights, vents, exhaust fans, rangehoods, chimneys and flues. Excludes fixtures attached to the ceiling with small holes through the ceiling for wiring, e.g. ceiling fans; pendant lights, and heating and cooling ducts.
Conditioned	a zone within a dwelling that is expected to require heating and cooling based on standard occupancy assumptions. In some circumstances it will include garages.
Custom windows	windows listed in NatHERS software that are available on the market in Australia and have a WERS (Window Energy Rating Scheme) rating.
Default windows	windows that are representative of a specific type of window product and whose properties have been derived by statistical methods.
Entrance door	these signify ventilation benefits in the modelling software and must not be modelled as a door when opening to a minimally ventilated corridor in a Class 2 building.
Exposure category – exposed	terrain with no obstructions e.g. flat grazing land, ocean-frontage, desert, exposed high-rise unit (usually above 10 floors).
Exposure category – open	terrain with few obstructions at a similar height e.g. grasslands with few well scattered obstructions below 10m, farmland with scattered sheds, lightly vegetated bush blocks, elevated units (e.g. above 3 floors).
Exposure category – suburban	terrain with numerous, closely spaced obstructions below 10m e.g. suburban housing, heavily vegetated bushland areas.
Exposure category – protected	terrain with numerous, closely spaced obstructions over 10 m e.g. city and industrial areas.
Horizontal shading feature	provides shading to the building in the horizontal plane, e.g. eaves, verandahs, pergolas, carports, or overhangs or balconies from upper levels.
National Construction Code (NCC) Class	the NCC groups buildings by their function and use, and assigns a classification code. NatHERS software models NCC Class 1, 2 or 4 buildings and attached Class 10a buildings. Definitions can be found at www.abcb.gov.au.
Opening percentage	the openability percentage or operable (moveable) area of doors or windows that is used in ventilation calculations.
Provisional value	an assumed value that does not represent an actual value. For example, if the wall colour is unspecified in the documentation, a provisional value of 'medium' must be modelled. Acceptable provisional values are outlined in the NatHERS Technical Note and can be found at www.nathers.gov.au
Reflective wrap (also known as foil)	can be applied to walls, roofs and ceilings. When combined with an appropriate airgap and emissivity value, it provides insulative properties.
Roof window	for NatHERS this is typically an operable window (i.e. can be opened), will have a plaster or similar light well if there is an attic space, and generally does not have a diffuser.
Shading device	a device fixed to windows that provides shading e.g. window awnings or screens but excludes eaves.
Shading features	includes neighbouring buildings, fences, and wing walls, but excludes eaves.
Solar heat gain coefficient (SHGC)	the fraction of incident solar radiation admitted through a window, both directly transmitted as well as absorbed and subsequently released inward. SHGC is expressed as a number between 0 and 1. The lower a window's SHGC, the less solar heat it transmits.
Skylight (also known as roof lights)	for NatHERS this is typically a moulded unit with flexible reflective tubing (light well) and a diffuser at ceiling level.
U-value	the rate of heat transfer through a window. The lower the U-value, the better the insulating ability.
Unconditioned	a zone within a dwelling that is assumed to not require heating and cooling based on standard occupancy assumptions.
Vertical shading features	provides shading to the building in the vertical plane and can be parallel or perpendicular to the subject wall/window. Includes privacy screens, other walls in the building (wing walls), fences, other buildings, vegetation (protected or listed heritage trees).

Nationwide House Energy Rating Scheme NatHERS Certificate No. 0008694341-01

Generated on 29 Nov 2023 using BERS Pro v4.4.1.5 (3.21)

Property

Address Unit 15, 16-20 Burrawong Cr,

Elderslie, NSW, 2570

Lot/DP 36169

NCC Class* 2

Type New Dwelling

Plans

Main plan Project No.: 21039
Prepared by Morson Group

Construction and environment

Assessed floor	area (m²)*	Exposure type
Conditioned*	81.0	Suburban
Unconditioned*	0.0	NatHERS climate zone
Total	81.0	28
Garage	0.0	



Name David Howard

Business name Partners Energy Management

Email david@partnersenergy.com.au

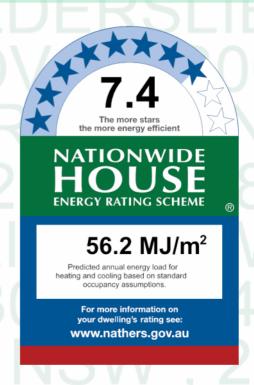
Phone 0421381005

Accreditation No. 20039

Assessor Accrediting Organisation

ABSA

Declaration of interest Declaration completed: no conflicts



Thermal performance

Heating Cooling

38.5 17.7

 MJ/m^2 MJ/m^2

About the rating

NatHERS software models the expected thermal energy loads using information about the design and construction, climate and common patterns of household use. The software does not take into account appliances, apart from the airflow impacts from ceiling fans.

Verification

To verify this certificate, scan the QR code or visit



hstar.com.au/QR/Generate?

p=xYeYdqWBO.

When using either link, ensure you are visiting hstar.com.au

National Construction Code (NCC) requirements

The NCC's requirements for NatHERS-rated houses are detailed in 3.12.0(a)(i) and 3.12.5 of the NCC Volume Two. For apartments the requirements are detailed in J0.2 and J5 to J8 of the NCC Volume One.

In NCC 2019, these requirements include minimum star ratings and separate heating and cooling load limits that need to be met by buildings and apartments through the NatHERS assessment. Requirements additional to the NatHERS assessment that must also be satisfied include, but are not limited to: insulation installation methods, thermal breaks, building sealing, water heating and pumping, and artificial lighting requirements. The NCC and NatHERS Heating and Cooling Load Limits (Australian Building Codes Board Standard) are available at www.abcb.gov.au.

State and territory variations and additions to the NCC may also apply.



Certificate check

Ensure the dwelling is designed and then built as per the NatHERS Certificate. While you need to check the accuracy of the whole Certificate, the following spot check covers some important items impacting the dwelling's rating.

Genuine certificate

Does this Certificate match the one available at the web address or QR code in the verification box on the front page? Does the set of NatHERS-stamped plans for the dwelling have a Certificate number on the stamp that matches this Certificate? Ceiling penetrations*

Does the 'number' and 'type' of ceiling penetrations (e.g. downlights, exhaust fans, etc) shown on the stamped plans or installed, match what is shown in this Certificate?

Does the installed window meet the substitution tolerances (SHGC and U-value) and window type, of the window shown on this Certificate? Substituted values must be based on the Australian Fenestration Rating Council (AFRC) protocol.

Apartment entrance doors

Does the 'External Door Schedule' show apartment entrance doors? Please note that an "external door" between the modelled dwelling and a shared space, such as an enclosed corridor or foyer, should not be included in the assessment (because it overstates the possible ventilation) and would invalidate the Certificate.

Exposure*

Has the appropriate exposure level (terrain) been applied? For example, it is unlikely that a ground-floor apartment is "exposed" or a top floor high-rise apartment is "protected".

Provisional* values

Have provisional values been used in the assessment and, if so, noted in "additional notes" below?

Additional notes

Downlights must not penetrate ceiling insulation.

I have modeled the shading in accordance with NatHERS principles

Window and glazed door type and performance

Default* windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
willdow iD	Description	U-value*	31130	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
ALM 002 04 A	ALM-002-01 A	6.7	0.70	0.66	0.72	
ALM-002-01 A	Aluminium B SG Clear	0.7	0.70	0.00	0.73	

Custom* windows

Window ID	Window			Substitution tolerance ranges		
	Description	U-value*	SHGC*	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
No Data Availa	ble					

 * Refer to glossary. Generated on 29 Nov 2023 using BERS Pro v4.4.1.5 (3.21) for Elderslie , NSW , 2570



Window and glazed door schedule

Location	Window ID	Window no.	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Window type	Opening %	Orientation	Window shading device*
Entry	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	1400	800	n/a	40	SE	No
Kitchen/Living	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	1400	1600	n/a	40	SE	No
Kitchen/Living	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	2400	2100	n/a	45	NW	No
Bed 1	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	1800	1600	n/a	40	NW	No
Bed 2	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	2400	1800	n/a	45	SE	No

Roof window type and performance

Default* roof windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum U-value*	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
	Description			SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
No Data Availa	able					

Custom* roof windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
	Description	U-value*		SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
No Data Availa	ıble					

Roof window schedule

Location	Window ID	Window no.	Opening %	Height (mm)	Width (mm) Orientation	Outdoor shade	Indoor shade
No Data Ava	nilable						

Skylight type and performance

Skylight ID	Skylight description
No Data Available	



Skylight schedule

 Location
 Skylight ID
 Skylight Shaft length (mm)
 Area (m²)
 Orientation (m²)
 Outdoor shade
 Diffuser
 Skylight shaft reflectance

External door schedule

Location Height (mm) Width (mm) Opening % Orientation

No Data Available

External wall type

Wall ID	Wall type	Solar absorptance	Wall shade (colour)	Bulk insulation (R-value)	Reflective wall wrap*
EW-1	Cavity Brick	0.50	Medium	Foil, Anti-glare one side, Reflective other	Yes
EW-2	Cavity Brick	0.50	Medium	Bulk Insulation R1.3	No

External wall schedule

Location	Wall ID	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Orientation	Horizontal shading feature* maximum projection (mm)	Vertical shading feature (yes/no)
Entry	EW-2	2700	1600	SE	0	YES
Entry	EW-2	2700	700	NE	0	YES
Entry	EW-2	2700	2845	SE	0	NO
Kitchen/Living	EW-1	2700	2790	SE	0	NO
Kitchen/Living	EW-2	2700	3745	NW	2900	YES
Bed 1	EW-2	2700	3545	SW	25	NO
Bed 1	EW-2	2700	3300	NW	2300	NO
Bed 1	EW-2	2700	600	NE	7200	YES
Bath	EW-2	2700	3490	SW	50	NO
Bed 2	EW-2	2700	4145	SE	1800	NO
Bed 2	EW-2	2700	3645	SW	75	NO



Internal wall type

Wall ID	Wall type	Area (m ²)	Bulk insulation	
IW-1 - Single Skin Brick		65.00	No insulation	
IW-2 - Brick, plasterboard		34.00	No Insulation	

Floor type

Location	Construction	Area Sub-floor (m ²) ventilation	Added insulation (R-value)	Covering
Entry	Concrete Slab, Unit Below 150mm	8.40 None	No Insulation	Vinyl 3mm
Kitchen/Living	Concrete Slab, Unit Below 150mm	34.90 None	No Insulation	Vinyl 3mm
Bed 1	Concrete Slab, Unit Below 150mm	11.50 None	No Insulation	Carpet+Rubber Underlay 18mm
Bath	Concrete Slab, Unit Below 150mm	6.80 None	No Insulation	Ceramic Tiles 8mm
Hall	Concrete Slab, Unit Below 150mm	5.00 None	No Insulation	Vinyl 3mm
Bed 2	Concrete Slab, Unit Below 150mm	14.40 None	No Insulation	Carpet+Rubber Underlay 18mm

Ceiling type

Location	Construction material/type	Bulk insulation R-value (may include edge batt values)	Reflective wrap*	
Entry	Plasterboard	Bulk Insulation R4	No	
Kitchen/Living	Plasterboard	Bulk Insulation R4	No	
Bed 1	Plasterboard	Bulk Insulation R4	No	
Bath	Plasterboard	Bulk Insulation R4	No	
Hall	Plasterboard	Bulk Insulation R4	No	
Bed 2	Plasterboard	Bulk Insulation R4	No	

Ceiling penetrations*

Location	Quantity	Туре	Diameter (mm)	Sealed/unsealed	
Entry	2	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed	
Kitchen/Living	10	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed	
Bed 1	3	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed	



Location	Quantity	Туре	Diameter (mm)	Sealed/unsealed	
Bath	1	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed	
Hall	2	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed	
Bed 2	3	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed	

Ceiling fans

Location	Quantity	Diameter (mm)
Kitchen/Living	1	900
Bed 1	1	900
Bed 2	1	900

Roof type

Construction	Added insulation (R-value)	Solar absorptance	Roof shade
Corrugated Iron	Bulk, Reflective Side Down, No Air Gap Above R1.3	0.85	Dark



Explanatory notes

About this report

A NatHERS rating is a comprehensive, dynamic computer modelling evaluation of a home, using the floorplans, elevations and specifications to estimate an energy load. It addresses the building layout, orientation and fabric (i.e. walls, windows, floors, roofs and ceilings), but does not cover the water or energy use of appliances or energy production of solar panels.

Ratings are based on a unique climate zone where the home is located and are generated using standard assumptions, including occupancy patterns and thermostat settings. The actual energy consumption of a home may vary significantly from the predicted energy load, as the assumptions used in the rating will not match actual usage patterns. For example, the number of occupants and personal heating or cooling preferences will vary.

While the figures are an indicative guide to energy use, they can be used as a reliable guide for comparing different dwelling designs and to demonstrate that the design meets the energy efficiency requirements in the National Construction Code. Homes that are energy efficient use less energy, are warmer on cool days, cooler on hot days and cost less to run. The higher the star rating the more thermally efficient the dwelling is.

Accredited assessors

To ensure the NatHERS Certificate is of a high quality, always use an accredited or licenced assessor. NatHERS accredited assessors are members of a professional body called an Assessor Accrediting Organisation (AAO).

Australian Capital Territory (ACT) licensed assessors may only produce assessments for regulatory purposes using software for which they have a licence endorsement. Licence endorsements can be confirmed on the ACT licensing register

AAOs have specific quality assurance processes in place, and continuing professional development requirements, to maintain a high and consistent standard of assessments across the country. Non-accredited assessors do not have this level of quality assurance or any ongoing training requirements.

Any questions or concerns about this report should be directed to the assessor in the first instance. If the assessor is unable to address these questions or concerns, the AAO specified on the front of this certificate should be contacted.

Disclaimer

The format of the NatHERS Certificate was developed by the NatHERS Administrator. However the content of each individual certificate is entered and created by the assessor to create a NatHERS Certificate. It is the responsibility of the assessor who prepared this certificate to use NatHERS accredited software correctly and follow the NatHERS Technical Notes to produce a NatHERS Certificate.

The predicted annual energy load in this NatHERS Certificate is an estimate based on an assessment of the building by the assessor. It is not a prediction of actual energy use, but may be used to compare how other buildings are likely to perform when used in a similar way.

Information presented in this report relies on a range of standard assumptions (both embedded in NatHERS accredited software and made by the assessor who prepared this report), including assumptions about occupancy, indoor air temperature and local climate.

Not all assumptions that may have been made by the assessor while using the NatHERS accredited software tool are presented in this report and further details or data files may be available from the assessor.

Glossary

Annual energy load	the predicted amount of energy required for heating and cooling, based on standard occupancy assumptions.
Assessed floor area	the floor area modelled in the software for the purpose of the NatHERS assessment. Note, this may not be consistent with the floor area in the design documents.
Ceiling penetrations	features that require a penetration to the ceiling, including downlights, vents, exhaust fans, rangehoods, chimneys and flues. Excludes fixtures attached to the ceiling with small holes through the ceiling for wiring, e.g. ceiling fans; pendant lights, and heating and cooling ducts.
Conditioned	a zone within a dwelling that is expected to require heating and cooling based on standard occupancy assumptions. In some circumstances it will include garages.
Custom windows	windows listed in NatHERS software that are available on the market in Australia and have a WERS (Window Energy Rating Scheme) rating.
Default windows	windows that are representative of a specific type of window product and whose properties have been derived by statistical methods.
Entrance door	these signify ventilation benefits in the modelling software and must not be modelled as a door when opening to a minimally ventilated corridor in a Class 2 building.
Exposure category – exposed	terrain with no obstructions e.g. flat grazing land, ocean-frontage, desert, exposed high-rise unit (usually above 10 floors).
Exposure category – open	terrain with few obstructions at a similar height e.g. grasslands with few well scattered obstructions below 10m, farmland with scattered sheds, lightly vegetated bush blocks, elevated units (e.g. above 3 floors).
Exposure category – suburban	terrain with numerous, closely spaced obstructions below 10m e.g. suburban housing, heavily vegetated bushland areas.
Exposure category – protected	terrain with numerous, closely spaced obstructions over 10 m e.g. city and industrial areas.
Horizontal shading feature	provides shading to the building in the horizontal plane, e.g. eaves, verandahs, pergolas, carports, or overhangs or balconies from upper levels.
National Construction Code (NCC) Class	the NCC groups buildings by their function and use, and assigns a classification code. NatHERS software models NCC Class 1, 2 or 4 buildings and attached Class 10a buildings. Definitions can be found at www.abcb.gov.au.
Opening percentage	the openability percentage or operable (moveable) area of doors or windows that is used in ventilation calculations.
Provisional value	an assumed value that does not represent an actual value. For example, if the wall colour is unspecified in the documentation, a provisional value of 'medium' must be modelled. Acceptable provisional values are outlined in the NatHERS Technical Note and can be found at www.nathers.gov.au
Reflective wrap (also known as foil)	can be applied to walls, roofs and ceilings. When combined with an appropriate airgap and emissivity value, it provides insulative properties.
Roof window	for NatHERS this is typically an operable window (i.e. can be opened), will have a plaster or similar light well if there is an attic space, and generally does not have a diffuser.
Shading device	a device fixed to windows that provides shading e.g. window awnings or screens but excludes eaves.
Shading features	includes neighbouring buildings, fences, and wing walls, but excludes eaves.
Solar heat gain coefficient (SHGC)	the fraction of incident solar radiation admitted through a window, both directly transmitted as well as absorbed and subsequently released inward. SHGC is expressed as a number between 0 and 1. The lower a window's SHGC, the less solar heat it transmits.
Skylight (also known as roof lights)	for NatHERS this is typically a moulded unit with flexible reflective tubing (light well) and a diffuser at ceiling level.
U-value	the rate of heat transfer through a window. The lower the U-value, the better the insulating ability.
Unconditioned	a zone within a dwelling that is assumed to not require heating and cooling based on standard occupancy assumptions.
Vertical shading features	provides shading to the building in the vertical plane and can be parallel or perpendicular to the subject wall/window. Includes privacy screens, other walls in the building (wing walls), fences, other buildings, vegetation (protected or listed heritage trees).

Nationwide House Energy Rating Scheme NatHERS Certificate No. 0008694358-01

Generated on 29 Nov 2023 using BERS Pro v4.4.1.5 (3.21)

Property

Unit 16, 16-20 Burrawong Cr, Address

Elderslie, NSW, 2570

Lot/DP 36169

2 NCC Class*

Type **New Dwelling**

Plans

Main plan Project No.: 21039 Prepared by Morson Group

Construction and environment

Assessed floor	area (m²)*	Exposure typ
Conditioned*	57.0	Suburban

Unconditioned*

57.0 Total

Garage 0.0

NatHERS climate zone

28



David Howard Name

Partners Energy Management **Business name**

Email david@partnersenergy.com.au

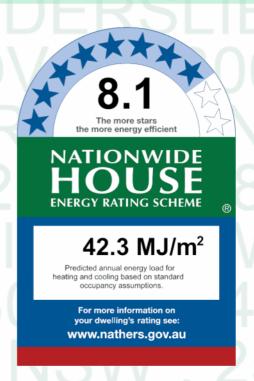
Phone 0421381005

Accreditation No. 20039

Assessor Accrediting Organisation

ABSA

Declaration of interest Declaration completed: no conflicts



Thermal performance

Heating Cooling

23.5 18.7

 MJ/m^2 MJ/m^2

About the rating

NatHERS software models the expected thermal energy loads using information about the design and construction, climate and common patterns of household use. The software does not take into account appliances, apart from the airflow impacts from ceiling fans.

Verification

To verify this certificate, scan the QR code or visit



hstar.com.au/QR/Generate?

p=TYiLvyHqs.

When using either link, ensure you are visiting hstar.com.au

National Construction Code (NCC) requirements

The NCC's requirements for NatHERS-rated houses are detailed in 3.12.0(a)(i) and 3.12.5 of the NCC Volume Two. For apartments the requirements are detailed in J0.2 and J5 to J8 of the NCC Volume One.

In NCC 2019, these requirements include minimum star ratings and separate heating and cooling load limits that need to be met by buildings and apartments through the NatHERS assessment. Requirements additional to the NatHERS assessment that must also be satisfied include, but are not limited to: insulation installation methods, thermal breaks, building sealing, water heating and pumping, and artificial lighting requirements. The NCC and NatHERS Heating and Cooling Load Limits (Australian Building Codes Board Standard) are available at www.abcb.gov.au.

State and territory variations and additions to the NCC may also apply.



Certificate check

Ensure the dwelling is designed and then built as per the NatHERS Certificate. While you need to check the accuracy of the whole Certificate, the following spot check covers some important items impacting the dwelling's rating.

Genuine certificate

Ceiling penetrations*

Does this Certificate match the one available at the web address or QR code in the verification box on the front page? Does the set of NatHERS-stamped plans for the dwelling have a Certificate number on the stamp that matches this Certificate?

Does the 'number' and 'type' of ceiling penetrations (e.g. downlights, exhaust fans, etc) shown on the stamped plans or installed, match what is shown in this Certificate?

Does the installed window meet the substitution tolerances (SHGC and U-value) and window type, of the window shown on this Certificate? Substituted values must be based on the Australian Fenestration Rating Council (AFRC) protocol.

Apartment entrance doors

Does the 'External Door Schedule' show apartment entrance doors? Please note that an "external door" between the modelled dwelling and a shared space, such as an enclosed corridor or foyer, should not be included in the assessment (because it overstates the possible ventilation) and would invalidate the Certificate.

Exposure*

Has the appropriate exposure level (terrain) been applied? For example, it is unlikely that a ground-floor apartment is "exposed" or a top floor high-rise apartment is "protected".

Provisional* values

Have provisional values been used in the assessment and, if so, noted in "additional notes" below?

Additional notes

Downlights must not penetrate ceiling insulation.

I have modeled the shading in accordance with NatHERS principles

Window and glazed door type and performance

Default* windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges	
willdow iD	Description	U-value*	31130	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit
ALM-002-01 A	ALM-002-01 A	6.7	0.70	0.66	0.72
	Aluminium B SG Clear	0.7	0.70	0.66	0.73

Custom* windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
window iD	Description U-value*		31100	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
No Data Availa	ible					

 * Refer to glossary. Generated on 29 Nov 2023 using BERS Pro v4.4.1.5 (3.21) for Elderslie , NSW , 2570



Window and glazed door schedule

Location	Window ID	Window no.	Height (mm)	Width Window (mm) type	Opening %	Orientation	Window shading device*
Kitchen/Living	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	2400	2100 n/a	45	NW	No
Bed	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	1800	1600 n/a	40	NW	No

Roof window type and performance

Default* roof windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
willdow ib	Description	U-value*	энис	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
No Data Availa	nhle					

Custom* roof windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
willdow iD	Description	U-value*		SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	

No Data Available

Roof window schedule

Location	Window ID	Window no.	Opening %	Height (mm)	Width (mm) Orientation	Outdoor shade	Indoor shade	
No Data Ava	ailable							_

Skylight type and performance

Skylight ID	Skylight description	
No Data Available		

Skylight schedule

Location	Skylight ID	Skylight No.	Skylight shaft length (mm)	Area (m ²) Orientation	Outdoor shade	Diffuser	Skylight shaft reflectance
No Data Av	ailable						



External door schedule

Location	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Opening %	Orientation
No Data Available				

External wall type

Wall	Wall	Solar	Wall shade	Bulk insulation	Reflective wall wrap*
ID	type	absorptance	(colour)	(R-value)	
EW-1	Cavity Brick	0.50	Medium	Foil, Anti-glare one side, Reflective other	Yes

External wall schedule

Location	Wall ID	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Orientation	Horizontal shading feature* maximum projection (mm)	Vertical shading feature (yes/no)
Kitchen/Living	EW-1	2700	3645	NW	2900	YES
Bed	EW-1	2700	1100	SW	5300	YES
Bed	EW-1	2700	3445	NW	1800	NO

Internal wall type

Wall ID	Wall type	Area (m ²)	Bulk insulation
IW-1 - Single Skin Brick		42.00	No insulation
IW-2 - Brick, plasterboard		32.00	No Insulation

Floor type

Location	Construction	Area Sub-floor (m ²) ventilation	Added insulation (R-value)	Covering
Entry	Concrete Slab, Unit Below 150mm	5.20 None	No Insulation	Vinyl 3mm
Bath	Concrete Slab, Unit Below 150mm	6.80 None	No Insulation	Ceramic Tiles 8mm
Kitchen/Living	Concrete Slab, Unit Below 150mm	29.20 None	No Insulation	Vinyl 3mm
Bed	Concrete Slab, Unit Below 150mm	15.40 None	No Insulation	Carpet+Rubber Underlay 18mm



Ceiling type

Location	Construction material/type	Bulk insulation R-value (may include edge batt values)	Reflective wrap*
Entry	Plasterboard	Bulk Insulation R4	No
Bath	Plasterboard	Bulk Insulation R4	No
Kitchen/Living	Plasterboard	Bulk Insulation R4	No
Bed	Plasterboard	Bulk Insulation R4	No

Ceiling penetrations*

Location	Quantity	Туре	Diameter (mm)	Sealed/unsealed
Entry	1	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed
Bath	1	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed
Kitchen/Living	8	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed
Bed	3	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed

Ceiling fans

Location	Quantity	Diameter (mm)
Kitchen/Living	1	900
Bed	1	900

Roof type

Construction	Added insulation (R-value)	Solar absorptance	Roof shade
Corrugated Iron	Bulk, Reflective Side Down, No Air Gap Above R1.3	0.85	Dark



Explanatory notes

About this report

A NatHERS rating is a comprehensive, dynamic computer modelling evaluation of a home, using the floorplans, elevations and specifications to estimate an energy load. It addresses the building layout, orientation and fabric (i.e. walls, windows, floors, roofs and ceilings), but does not cover the water or energy use of appliances or energy production of solar panels.

Ratings are based on a unique climate zone where the home is located and are generated using standard assumptions, including occupancy patterns and thermostat settings. The actual energy consumption of a home may vary significantly from the predicted energy load, as the assumptions used in the rating will not match actual usage patterns. For example, the number of occupants and personal heating or cooling preferences will vary.

While the figures are an indicative guide to energy use, they can be used as a reliable guide for comparing different dwelling designs and to demonstrate that the design meets the energy efficiency requirements in the National Construction Code. Homes that are energy efficient use less energy, are warmer on cool days, cooler on hot days and cost less to run. The higher the star rating the more thermally efficient the dwelling is.

Accredited assessors

To ensure the NatHERS Certificate is of a high quality, always use an accredited or licenced assessor. NatHERS accredited assessors are members of a professional body called an Assessor Accrediting Organisation (AAO).

Australian Capital Territory (ACT) licensed assessors may only produce assessments for regulatory purposes using software for which they have a licence endorsement. Licence endorsements can be confirmed on the ACT licensing register

AAOs have specific quality assurance processes in place, and continuing professional development requirements, to maintain a high and consistent standard of assessments across the country. Non-accredited assessors do not have this level of quality assurance or any ongoing training requirements.

Any questions or concerns about this report should be directed to the assessor in the first instance. If the assessor is unable to address these questions or concerns, the AAO specified on the front of this certificate should be contacted.

Disclaimer

The format of the NatHERS Certificate was developed by the NatHERS Administrator. However the content of each individual certificate is entered and created by the assessor to create a NatHERS Certificate. It is the responsibility of the assessor who prepared this certificate to use NatHERS accredited software correctly and follow the NatHERS Technical Notes to produce a NatHERS Certificate.

The predicted annual energy load in this NatHERS Certificate is an estimate based on an assessment of the building by the assessor. It is not a prediction of actual energy use, but may be used to compare how other buildings are likely to perform when used in a similar way.

Information presented in this report relies on a range of standard assumptions (both embedded in NatHERS accredited software and made by the assessor who prepared this report), including assumptions about occupancy, indoor air temperature and local climate.

Not all assumptions that may have been made by the assessor while using the NatHERS accredited software tool are presented in this report and further details or data files may be available from the assessor.

Glossary

Annual energy load	the predicted amount of energy required for heating and cooling, based on standard occupancy assumptions.
Assessed floor area	the floor area modelled in the software for the purpose of the NatHERS assessment. Note, this may not be consistent with the floor area in the design documents.
Ceiling penetrations	features that require a penetration to the ceiling, including downlights, vents, exhaust fans, rangehoods, chimneys and flues. Excludes fixtures attached to the ceiling with small holes through the ceiling for wiring, e.g. ceiling fans; pendant lights, and heating and cooling ducts.
Conditioned	a zone within a dwelling that is expected to require heating and cooling based on standard occupancy assumptions. In some circumstances it will include garages.
Custom windows	windows listed in NatHERS software that are available on the market in Australia and have a WERS (Window Energy Rating Scheme) rating.
Default windows	windows that are representative of a specific type of window product and whose properties have been derived by statistical methods.
Entrance door	these signify ventilation benefits in the modelling software and must not be modelled as a door when opening to a minimally ventilated corridor in a Class 2 building.
Exposure category – exposed	terrain with no obstructions e.g. flat grazing land, ocean-frontage, desert, exposed high-rise unit (usually above 10 floors).
Exposure category – open	terrain with few obstructions at a similar height e.g. grasslands with few well scattered obstructions below 10m, farmland with scattered sheds, lightly vegetated bush blocks, elevated units (e.g. above 3 floors).
Exposure category – suburban	terrain with numerous, closely spaced obstructions below 10m e.g. suburban housing, heavily vegetated bushland areas.
Exposure category – protected	terrain with numerous, closely spaced obstructions over 10 m e.g. city and industrial areas.
Horizontal shading feature	provides shading to the building in the horizontal plane, e.g. eaves, verandahs, pergolas, carports, or overhangs or balconies from upper levels.
National Construction Code (NCC) Class	the NCC groups buildings by their function and use, and assigns a classification code. NatHERS software models NCC Class 1, 2 or 4 buildings and attached Class 10a buildings. Definitions can be found at www.abcb.gov.au.
Opening percentage	the openability percentage or operable (moveable) area of doors or windows that is used in ventilation calculations.
Provisional value	an assumed value that does not represent an actual value. For example, if the wall colour is unspecified in the documentation, a provisional value of 'medium' must be modelled. Acceptable provisional values are outlined in the NatHERS Technical Note and can be found at www.nathers.gov.au
Reflective wrap (also known as foil)	can be applied to walls, roofs and ceilings. When combined with an appropriate airgap and emissivity value, it provides insulative properties.
Roof window	for NatHERS this is typically an operable window (i.e. can be opened), will have a plaster or similar light well if there is an attic space, and generally does not have a diffuser.
Shading device	a device fixed to windows that provides shading e.g. window awnings or screens but excludes eaves.
Shading features	includes neighbouring buildings, fences, and wing walls, but excludes eaves.
Solar heat gain coefficient (SHGC)	the fraction of incident solar radiation admitted through a window, both directly transmitted as well as absorbed and subsequently released inward. SHGC is expressed as a number between 0 and 1. The lower a window's SHGC, the less solar heat it transmits.
Skylight (also known as roof lights)	for NatHERS this is typically a moulded unit with flexible reflective tubing (light well) and a diffuser at ceiling level.
U-value	the rate of heat transfer through a window. The lower the U-value, the better the insulating ability.
Unconditioned	a zone within a dwelling that is assumed to not require heating and cooling based on standard occupancy assumptions.
Vertical shading features	provides shading to the building in the vertical plane and can be parallel or perpendicular to the subject wall/window. Includes privacy screens, other walls in the building (wing walls), fences, other buildings, vegetation (protected or listed heritage trees).

Nationwide House Energy Rating Scheme NatHERS Certificate No. 0008694382-01

Generated on 29 Nov 2023 using BERS Pro v4.4.1.5 (3.21)

Property

Unit 17, 16-20 Burrawong Cr, Address

Elderslie, NSW, 2570

Lot/DP 36169

NCC Class* 2

Type **New Dwelling**

Plans

Main plan Project No.: 21039 Prepared by Morson Group

Construction and environment

Assessed floor area (m2)* Conditioned* 55.0 Suburban

Unconditioned* 0.0

Total 55.0

Garage 0.0 **Exposure type**

NatHERS climate zone

28



David Howard Name

Business name Partners Energy Management

Email david@partnersenergy.com.au

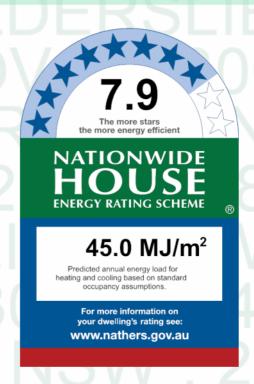
Phone 0421381005

Accreditation No. 20039

Assessor Accrediting Organisation

ABSA

Declaration of interest Declaration completed: no conflicts



Thermal performance

Heating Cooling

19.4

25.6

 MJ/m^2 MJ/m^2

About the rating

NatHERS software models the expected thermal energy loads using information about the design and construction, climate and common patterns of household use. The software does not take into account appliances, apart from the airflow impacts from ceiling fans.

Verification

To verify this certificate, scan the QR code or visit



hstar.com.au/QR/Generate?

p=JAKKFgZIS.

When using either link, ensure you are visiting hstar.com.au

National Construction Code (NCC) requirements

The NCC's requirements for NatHERS-rated houses are detailed in 3.12.0(a)(i) and 3.12.5 of the NCC Volume Two. For apartments the requirements are detailed in J0.2 and J5 to J8 of the NCC Volume One.

In NCC 2019, these requirements include minimum star ratings and separate heating and cooling load limits that need to be met by buildings and apartments through the NatHERS assessment. Requirements additional to the NatHERS assessment that must also be satisfied include, but are not limited to: insulation installation methods, thermal breaks, building sealing, water heating and pumping, and artificial lighting requirements. The NCC and NatHERS Heating and Cooling Load Limits (Australian Building Codes Board Standard) are available at www.abcb.gov.au.

State and territory variations and additions to the NCC may also apply.



Certificate check

Ensure the dwelling is designed and then built as per the NatHERS Certificate. While you need to check the accuracy of the whole Certificate, the following spot check covers some important items impacting the dwelling's rating.

Genuine certificate

Does this Certificate match the one available at the web address or QR code in the verification box on the front page? Does the set of NatHERS-stamped plans for the dwelling have a Certificate number on the stamp that matches this Certificate? Ceiling penetrations*

Does the 'number' and 'type' of ceiling penetrations (e.g. downlights, exhaust fans, etc) shown on the stamped plans or installed, match what is shown in this Certificate?

Does the installed window meet the substitution tolerances (SHGC and U-value) and window type, of the window shown on this Certificate? Substituted values must be based on the Australian Fenestration Rating Council (AFRC) protocol.

Apartment entrance doors

Does the 'External Door Schedule' show apartment entrance doors? Please note that an "external door" between the modelled dwelling and a shared space, such as an enclosed corridor or foyer, should not be included in the assessment (because it overstates the possible ventilation) and would invalidate the Certificate.

Exposure*

Has the appropriate exposure level (terrain) been applied? For example, it is unlikely that a ground-floor apartment is "exposed" or a top floor high-rise apartment is "protected".

Provisional* values

Have provisional values been used in the assessment and, if so, noted in "additional notes" below?

Additional notes

Downlights must not penetrate ceiling insulation.

I have modeled the shading in accordance with NatHERS principles

Window and glazed door type and performance

Default* windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
willdow iD	Description	U-value*	31130	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
ALM 002 04 A	ALM-002-01 A	6.7	0.70	0.66	0.72	
ALM-002-01 A	Aluminium B SG Clear	0.7	0.70	0.00	0.73	

Custom* windows

Window ID	Window Maximum		SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges	
Williaow ID	Description	U-value*	31100	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit
No Data Availa	ıble				

 * Refer to glossary. Generated on 29 Nov 2023 using BERS Pro v4.4.1.5 (3.21) for Elderslie , NSW , 2570



Window and glazed door schedule

Location	Window ID	Window no.	Height (mm)	Width Window (mm) type	Opening %	Orientation	Window shading device*
Kitchen/Living	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	2400	2100 n/a	45	NW	No
Bed	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	1800	1600 n/a	40	NW	No

Roof window type and performance

Default* roof windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	aximum SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
Window ID	Description	U-value*	SHGC	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
No Data Available						

Custom* roof windows

Window ID	Window Maximum		SHCC*	Substitution tolerance ranges	
	Description	U-value*	SHGC*	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit

No Data Available

Roof window schedule

Location	Window ID	Window no.	Opening %	Height (mm)	Width (mm) Orientation	Outdoor shade	Indoor shade	
No Data Available								

Skylight type and performance

Skylight ID	Skylight description	Skylight description				
No Data Available						

Skylight schedule

Location	Skylight ID	Skylight No.	Skylight shaft length (mm)	Area (m ²) Orientation	Outdoor shade	Diffuser	Skylight shaft reflectance
No Data Available							

 * Refer to glossary. Generated on 29 Nov 2023 using BERS Pro v4.4.1.5 (3.21) for Elderslie , NSW , 2570

Page 3 of 6



External door schedule

Location	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Opening %	Orientation
No Data Available				

External wall type

Wall	Wall	Solar	Wall shade	Bulk insulation	Reflective wall wrap*
ID	type	absorptance	(colour)	(R-value)	
EW-1	Cavity Brick	0.50	Medium	Foil, Anti-glare one side, Reflective other	Yes

External wall schedule

Location	Wall ID	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Orientation	Horizontal shading feature* maximum projection (mm)	Vertical shading feature (yes/no)
Kitchen/Living	EW-1	2700	3645	NW	2900	YES
Bed	EW-1	2700	3445	NW	1800	NO
Bed	EW-1	2700	1100	NE	5300	YES

Internal wall type

Wall ID	Wall type	Area (m ²)	Bulk insulation
IW-1 - Single Skin Brick		41.00	No insulation
IW-2 - Brick, plasterboard		32.00	No Insulation

Floor type

Location	Construction	Area Sub-floor (m ²) ventilation	Added insulation (R-value)	Covering
Entry	Concrete Slab, Unit Below 150mm	4.00 None	No Insulation	Vinyl 3mm
Bath	Concrete Slab, Unit Below 150mm	6.80 None	No Insulation	Ceramic Tiles 8mm
Kitchen/Living	Concrete Slab, Unit Below 150mm	29.20 None	No Insulation	Vinyl 3mm
Bed	Concrete Slab, Unit Below 150mm	15.40 None	No Insulation	Carpet+Rubber Underlay 18mm



Ceiling type

Location	Construction material/type	Bulk insulation R-value (may include edge batt values)	Reflective wrap*
Entry	Plasterboard	Bulk Insulation R4	No
Bath	Plasterboard	Bulk Insulation R4	No
Kitchen/Living	Plasterboard	Bulk Insulation R4	No
Bed	Plasterboard	Bulk Insulation R4	No

Ceiling penetrations*

Location	Quantity	Туре	Diameter (mm)	Sealed/unsealed
Entry	1	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed
Bath	1	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed
Kitchen/Living	8	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed
Bed	3	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed

Ceiling fans

Location	Quantity	Diameter (mm)	
Kitchen/Living	1	900	
Bed	1	900	

Roof type

Construction	Added insulation (R-value)	Solar absorptance	Roof shade
Corrugated Iron	Bulk, Reflective Side Down, No Air Gap Above R1.3	0.85	Dark



Explanatory notes

About this report

A NatHERS rating is a comprehensive, dynamic computer modelling evaluation of a home, using the floorplans, elevations and specifications to estimate an energy load. It addresses the building layout, orientation and fabric (i.e. walls, windows, floors, roofs and ceilings), but does not cover the water or energy use of appliances or energy production of solar panels.

Ratings are based on a unique climate zone where the home is located and are generated using standard assumptions, including occupancy patterns and thermostat settings. The actual energy consumption of a home may vary significantly from the predicted energy load, as the assumptions used in the rating will not match actual usage patterns. For example, the number of occupants and personal heating or cooling preferences will vary.

While the figures are an indicative guide to energy use, they can be used as a reliable guide for comparing different dwelling designs and to demonstrate that the design meets the energy efficiency requirements in the National Construction Code. Homes that are energy efficient use less energy, are warmer on cool days, cooler on hot days and cost less to run. The higher the star rating the more thermally efficient the dwelling is.

Accredited assessors

To ensure the NatHERS Certificate is of a high quality, always use an accredited or licenced assessor. NatHERS accredited assessors are members of a professional body called an Assessor Accrediting Organisation (AAO).

Australian Capital Territory (ACT) licensed assessors may only produce assessments for regulatory purposes using software for which they have a licence endorsement. Licence endorsements can be confirmed on the ACT licensing register

AAOs have specific quality assurance processes in place, and continuing professional development requirements, to maintain a high and consistent standard of assessments across the country. Non-accredited assessors do not have this level of quality assurance or any ongoing training requirements.

Any questions or concerns about this report should be directed to the assessor in the first instance. If the assessor is unable to address these questions or concerns, the AAO specified on the front of this certificate should be contacted.

Disclaimer

The format of the NatHERS Certificate was developed by the NatHERS Administrator. However the content of each individual certificate is entered and created by the assessor to create a NatHERS Certificate. It is the responsibility of the assessor who prepared this certificate to use NatHERS accredited software correctly and follow the NatHERS Technical Notes to produce a NatHERS Certificate.

The predicted annual energy load in this NatHERS Certificate is an estimate based on an assessment of the building by the assessor. It is not a prediction of actual energy use, but may be used to compare how other buildings are likely to perform when used in a similar way.

Information presented in this report relies on a range of standard assumptions (both embedded in NatHERS accredited software and made by the assessor who prepared this report), including assumptions about occupancy, indoor air temperature and local climate.

Not all assumptions that may have been made by the assessor while using the NatHERS accredited software tool are presented in this report and further details or data files may be available from the assessor.

Glossary

Annual energy load	the predicted amount of energy required for heating and cooling, based on standard occupancy assumptions.
Assessed floor area	the floor area modelled in the software for the purpose of the NatHERS assessment. Note, this may not be consistent with the floor area in the design documents.
Ceiling penetrations	features that require a penetration to the ceiling, including downlights, vents, exhaust fans, rangehoods, chimneys and flues. Excludes fixtures attached to the ceiling with small holes through the ceiling for wiring, e.g. ceiling fans; pendant lights, and heating and cooling ducts.
Conditioned	a zone within a dwelling that is expected to require heating and cooling based on standard occupancy assumptions. In some circumstances it will include garages.
Custom windows	windows listed in NatHERS software that are available on the market in Australia and have a WERS (Window Energy Rating Scheme) rating.
Default windows	windows that are representative of a specific type of window product and whose properties have been derived by statistical methods.
Entrance door	these signify ventilation benefits in the modelling software and must not be modelled as a door when opening to a minimally ventilated corridor in a Class 2 building.
Exposure category – exposed	terrain with no obstructions e.g. flat grazing land, ocean-frontage, desert, exposed high-rise unit (usually above 10 floors).
Exposure category – open	terrain with few obstructions at a similar height e.g. grasslands with few well scattered obstructions below 10m, farmland with scattered sheds, lightly vegetated bush blocks, elevated units (e.g. above 3 floors).
Exposure category – suburban	terrain with numerous, closely spaced obstructions below 10m e.g. suburban housing, heavily vegetated bushland areas.
Exposure category – protected	terrain with numerous, closely spaced obstructions over 10 m e.g. city and industrial areas.
Horizontal shading feature	provides shading to the building in the horizontal plane, e.g. eaves, verandahs, pergolas, carports, or overhangs or balconies from upper levels.
National Construction Code (NCC) Class	the NCC groups buildings by their function and use, and assigns a classification code. NatHERS software models NCC Class 1, 2 or 4 buildings and attached Class 10a buildings. Definitions can be found at www.abcb.gov.au.
Opening percentage	the openability percentage or operable (moveable) area of doors or windows that is used in ventilation calculations.
Provisional value	an assumed value that does not represent an actual value. For example, if the wall colour is unspecified in the documentation, a provisional value of 'medium' must be modelled. Acceptable provisional values are outlined in the NatHERS Technical Note and can be found at www.nathers.gov.au
Reflective wrap (also known as foil)	can be applied to walls, roofs and ceilings. When combined with an appropriate airgap and emissivity value, it provides insulative properties.
Roof window	for NatHERS this is typically an operable window (i.e. can be opened), will have a plaster or similar light well if there is an attic space, and generally does not have a diffuser.
Shading device	a device fixed to windows that provides shading e.g. window awnings or screens but excludes eaves.
Shading features	includes neighbouring buildings, fences, and wing walls, but excludes eaves.
Solar heat gain coefficient (SHGC)	the fraction of incident solar radiation admitted through a window, both directly transmitted as well as absorbed and subsequently released inward. SHGC is expressed as a number between 0 and 1. The lower a window's SHGC, the less solar heat it transmits.
Skylight (also known as roof lights)	for NatHERS this is typically a moulded unit with flexible reflective tubing (light well) and a diffuser at ceiling level.
U-value	the rate of heat transfer through a window. The lower the U-value, the better the insulating ability.
Unconditioned	a zone within a dwelling that is assumed to not require heating and cooling based on standard occupancy assumptions.
Vertical shading features	provides shading to the building in the vertical plane and can be parallel or perpendicular to the subject wall/window. Includes privacy screens, other walls in the building (wing walls), fences, other buildings, vegetation (protected or listed heritage trees).

Nationwide House Energy Rating Scheme NatHERS Certificate No. 0008694416-01

Generated on 29 Nov 2023 using BERS Pro v4.4.1.5 (3.21)

Property

Unit 18, 16-20 Burrawong Cr, Address

Elderslie, NSW, 2570

Lot/DP 36169

NCC Class* 2

Type **New Dwelling**

Plans

Main plan Project No.: 21039

Prepared by Morson Group

Construction and environment

Assessed floor area (m2)* Conditioned* 81.0 Suburban

0.0 Unconditioned*

Total 81.0

Garage 0.0 **Exposure type**

NatHERS climate zone

28



David Howard Name

Business name Partners Energy Management

Email david@partnersenergy.com.au

Phone 0421381005

Accreditation No. 20039

Assessor Accrediting Organisation

ABSA

Declaration of interest Declaration completed: no conflicts



Thermal performance

Heating Cooling

39.0 24.2

 MJ/m^2 MJ/m^2

About the rating

NatHERS software models the expected thermal energy loads using information about the design and construction, climate and common patterns of household use. The software does not take into account appliances, apart from the airflow impacts from ceiling fans.

Verification

To verify this certificate, scan the QR code or visit



hstar.com.au/QR/Generate?

p=BMPGXboRB.

When using either link, ensure you are visiting hstar.com.au

National Construction Code (NCC) requirements

The NCC's requirements for NatHERS-rated houses are detailed in 3.12.0(a)(i) and 3.12.5 of the NCC Volume Two. For apartments the requirements are detailed in J0.2 and J5 to J8 of the NCC Volume One.

In NCC 2019, these requirements include minimum star ratings and separate heating and cooling load limits that need to be met by buildings and apartments through the NatHERS assessment. Requirements additional to the NatHERS assessment that must also be satisfied include, but are not limited to: insulation installation methods, thermal breaks, building sealing, water heating and pumping, and artificial lighting requirements. The NCC and NatHERS Heating and Cooling Load Limits (Australian Building Codes Board Standard) are available at www.abcb.gov.au.

State and territory variations and additions to the NCC may also apply.



Certificate check

Ensure the dwelling is designed and then built as per the NatHERS Certificate. While you need to check the accuracy of the whole Certificate, the following spot check covers some important items impacting the dwelling's rating.

Genuine certificate

Ceiling penetrations*

Does this Certificate match the one available at the web address or QR code in the verification box on the front page? Does the set of NatHERS-stamped plans for the dwelling have a Certificate number on the stamp that matches this Certificate?

Does the 'number' and 'type' of ceiling penetrations (e.g. downlights, exhaust fans, etc) shown on the stamped plans or installed, match what is shown in this Certificate?

Does the installed window meet the substitution tolerances (SHGC and U-value) and window type, of the window shown on this Certificate? Substituted values must be based on the Australian Fenestration Rating Council (AFRC) protocol.

Apartment entrance doors

Does the 'External Door Schedule' show apartment entrance doors? Please note that an "external door" between the modelled dwelling and a shared space, such as an enclosed corridor or foyer, should not be included in the assessment (because it overstates the possible ventilation) and would invalidate the Certificate.

Exposure*

Has the appropriate exposure level (terrain) been applied? For example, it is unlikely that a ground-floor apartment is "exposed" or a top floor high-rise apartment is "protected".

Provisional* values

Have provisional values been used in the assessment and, if so, noted in "additional notes" below?

Additional notes

Downlights must not penetrate ceiling insulation.

I have modeled the shading in accordance with NatHERS principles

Window and glazed door type and performance

Default* windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges	
willdow iD	Description	U-value*	энэс	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit
ALM-002-01 A	ALM-002-01 A	6.7	0.70	0.66	0.73
	Aluminium B SG Clear	0.7	0.70	0.00	0.73

Custom* windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
	Description	U-value*	31100	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
No Data Availa	ıble					

 * Refer to glossary. Generated on 29 Nov 2023 using BERS Pro v4.4.1.5 (3.21) for Elderslie , NSW , 2570



Window and glazed door schedule

Location	Window ID	Window no.	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Window type	Opening %	Orientation	Window shading device*
Entry	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	1400	800	n/a	10	SE	No
Kitchen/Living	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	2400	2100	n/a	45	NW	No
Kitchen/Living	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	1400	1600	n/a	10	SE	No
Bed 1	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	1800	1600	n/a	10	NW	No
Bed 2	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	2400	1800	n/a	45	SE	No

Roof window type and performance

Default* roof windows

Window ID	Window	ndow Maximum ,		Substitution tolerance ranges		
	Description	U-value*	SHGC*	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
No Data Availa	ıble					

Custom* roof windows

Window ID	Window			Substitution tolerance ranges		
	Description			SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
No Data Availa	ıble					

Roof window schedule

Location	Window ID	Window no.	Opening %	Height (mm)	Width (mm) Orientation	Outdoor shade	Indoor shade
No Data Available							

Skylight type and performance

Skylight ID	Skylight description
No Data Available	



Skylight schedule

Location Skylight Skylight Shaft length (mm) Skylight Shaft length (m²) Orientation Shade Skylight Shaft reflectance

No Data Available

External door schedule

Location Height (mm) Width (mm) Opening % Orientation

No Data Available

External wall type

Wall	Wall	Solar	Wall shade	Bulk insulation	Reflective wall wrap*
ID	type	absorptance	(colour)	(R-value)	
EW-1	Cavity Brick	0.50	Medium	Foil, Anti-glare one side, Reflective other	Yes

External wall schedule

Wall ID	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Orientation	Horizontal shading feature* maximum projection (mm)	Vertical shading feature (yes/no)
EW-1	2700	2845	SE	0	NO
EW-1	2700	700	SW	0	YES
EW-1	2700	1600	SE	0	YES
EW-1	2700	3745	NW	2900	YES
EW-1	2700	2790	SE	0	NO
EW-1	2700	600	SW	7200	YES
EW-1	2700	3300	NW	2300	NO
EW-1	2700	3545	NE	0	NO
EW-1	2700	3490	NE	0	NO
EW-1	2700	3645	NE	0	NO
EW-1	2700	4145	SE	1800	NO
	EW-1 EW-1 EW-1 EW-1 EW-1 EW-1 EW-1 EW-1	ID (mm) EW-1 2700 EW-1 2700	ID (mm) (mm) EW-1 2700 2845 EW-1 2700 700 EW-1 2700 1600 EW-1 2700 3745 EW-1 2700 2790 EW-1 2700 600 EW-1 2700 3300 EW-1 2700 3545 EW-1 2700 3645	ID (mm) (mm) Orientation EW-1 2700 2845 SE EW-1 2700 700 SW EW-1 2700 1600 SE EW-1 2700 3745 NW EW-1 2700 2790 SE EW-1 2700 600 SW EW-1 2700 3300 NW EW-1 2700 3545 NE EW-1 2700 3645 NE	Wall ID Height (mm) Width (mm) Orientation feature* maximum projection (mm) EW-1 2700 2845 SE 0 EW-1 2700 700 SW 0 EW-1 2700 1600 SE 0 EW-1 2700 3745 NW 2900 EW-1 2700 2790 SE 0 EW-1 2700 600 SW 7200 EW-1 2700 3300 NW 2300 EW-1 2700 3545 NE 0 EW-1 2700 3490 NE 0 EW-1 2700 3645 NE 0



Internal wall type

Wall ID	Wall type	Area (m²)	Bulk insulation
IW-1 - Brick, plasterboard		34.00	No Insulation
IW-2 - Single Skin Brick		65.00	No insulation

Floor type

Location	Construction	Area Sub-floor (m ²) ventilation	Added insulation (R-value)	Covering
Entry	Concrete Slab, Unit Below 150mm	8.40 None	No Insulation	Vinyl 3mm
Kitchen/Living	Concrete Slab, Unit Below 150mm	34.90 None	No Insulation	Vinyl 3mm
Bed 1	Concrete Slab, Unit Below 150mm	11.50 None	No Insulation	Carpet+Rubber Underlay 18mm
Bath	Concrete Slab, Unit Below 150mm	6.80 None	No Insulation	Ceramic Tiles 8mm
Hall	Concrete Slab, Unit Below 150mm	5.00 None	No Insulation	Vinyl 3mm
Bed 2	Concrete Slab, Unit Below 150mm	14.40 None	No Insulation	Carpet+Rubber Underlay 18mm

Ceiling type

Location	Construction material/type	Bulk insulation R-value (may include edge batt values)	Reflective wrap*
Entry	Plasterboard	Bulk Insulation R4	No
Kitchen/Living	Plasterboard	Bulk Insulation R4	No
Bed 1	Plasterboard	Bulk Insulation R4	No
Bath	Plasterboard	Bulk Insulation R4	No
Hall	Plasterboard	Bulk Insulation R4	No
Bed 2	Plasterboard	Bulk Insulation R4	No

Ceiling penetrations*

Location	Quantity	Туре	Diameter (mm)	Sealed/unsealed	
Entry	2	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed	
Kitchen/Living	10	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed	
Bed 1	3	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed	



Location	Quantity	Туре	Diameter (mm)	Sealed/unsealed	
Bath	1	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed	
Hall	2	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed	
Bed 2	3	Downlights - LED	0	Sealed	

Ceiling fans

Location	Quantity	Diameter (mm)
Kitchen/Living	1	900
Bed 1	1	900
Bed 2	1	900

Roof type

Construction	Construction Added insulation (R-value)		Roof shade
Corrugated Iron	Bulk, Reflective Side Down, No Air Gap Above R1.3	0.85	Dark



Explanatory notes

About this report

A NatHERS rating is a comprehensive, dynamic computer modelling evaluation of a home, using the floorplans, elevations and specifications to estimate an energy load. It addresses the building layout, orientation and fabric (i.e. walls, windows, floors, roofs and ceilings), but does not cover the water or energy use of appliances or energy production of solar panels.

Ratings are based on a unique climate zone where the home is located and are generated using standard assumptions, including occupancy patterns and thermostat settings. The actual energy consumption of a home may vary significantly from the predicted energy load, as the assumptions used in the rating will not match actual usage patterns. For example, the number of occupants and personal heating or cooling preferences will vary.

While the figures are an indicative guide to energy use, they can be used as a reliable guide for comparing different dwelling designs and to demonstrate that the design meets the energy efficiency requirements in the National Construction Code. Homes that are energy efficient use less energy, are warmer on cool days, cooler on hot days and cost less to run. The higher the star rating the more thermally efficient the dwelling is.

Accredited assessors

To ensure the NatHERS Certificate is of a high quality, always use an accredited or licenced assessor. NatHERS accredited assessors are members of a professional body called an Assessor Accrediting Organisation (AAO).

Australian Capital Territory (ACT) licensed assessors may only produce assessments for regulatory purposes using software for which they have a licence endorsement. Licence endorsements can be confirmed on the ACT licensing register

AAOs have specific quality assurance processes in place, and continuing professional development requirements, to maintain a high and consistent standard of assessments across the country. Non-accredited assessors do not have this level of quality assurance or any ongoing training requirements.

Any questions or concerns about this report should be directed to the assessor in the first instance. If the assessor is unable to address these questions or concerns, the AAO specified on the front of this certificate should be contacted.

Disclaimer

The format of the NatHERS Certificate was developed by the NatHERS Administrator. However the content of each individual certificate is entered and created by the assessor to create a NatHERS Certificate. It is the responsibility of the assessor who prepared this certificate to use NatHERS accredited software correctly and follow the NatHERS Technical Notes to produce a NatHERS Certificate.

The predicted annual energy load in this NatHERS Certificate is an estimate based on an assessment of the building by the assessor. It is not a prediction of actual energy use, but may be used to compare how other buildings are likely to perform when used in a similar way.

Information presented in this report relies on a range of standard assumptions (both embedded in NatHERS accredited software and made by the assessor who prepared this report), including assumptions about occupancy, indoor air temperature and local climate.

Not all assumptions that may have been made by the assessor while using the NatHERS accredited software tool are presented in this report and further details or data files may be available from the assessor.

Glossary

Annual energy load	the predicted amount of energy required for heating and cooling, based on standard occupancy assumptions.	
Assessed floor area	the floor area modelled in the software for the purpose of the NatHERS assessment. Note, this may not be consistent with the floor area in the design documents.	
Ceiling penetrations	features that require a penetration to the ceiling, including downlights, vents, exhaust fans, rangehoods, chimneys and flues. Excludes fixtures attached to the ceiling with small holes through the ceiling for wiring, e.g. ceiling fans; pendant lights, and heating and cooling ducts.	
Conditioned	a zone within a dwelling that is expected to require heating and cooling based on standard occupancy assumptions. In some circumstances it will include garages.	
Custom windows	windows listed in NatHERS software that are available on the market in Australia and have a WERS (Window Energy Rating Scheme) rating.	
Default windows	windows that are representative of a specific type of window product and whose properties have been derived by statistical methods.	
Entrance door	these signify ventilation benefits in the modelling software and must not be modelled as a door when opening to a minimally ventilated corridor in a Class 2 building.	
Exposure category – exposed	terrain with no obstructions e.g. flat grazing land, ocean-frontage, desert, exposed high-rise unit (usually above 10 floors).	
Exposure category – open	terrain with few obstructions at a similar height e.g. grasslands with few well scattered obstructions below 10m, farmland with scattered sheds, lightly vegetated bush blocks, elevated units (e.g. above 3 floors).	
Exposure category – suburban	terrain with numerous, closely spaced obstructions below 10m e.g. suburban housing, heavily vegetated bushland areas.	
Exposure category – protected	terrain with numerous, closely spaced obstructions over 10 m e.g. city and industrial areas.	
Horizontal shading feature	provides shading to the building in the horizontal plane, e.g. eaves, verandahs, pergolas, carports, or overhangs or balconies from upper levels.	
National Construction Code (NCC) Class	the NCC groups buildings by their function and use, and assigns a classification code. NatHERS software models NCC Class 1, 2 or 4 buildings and attached Class 10a buildings. Definitions can be found at www.abcb.gov.au.	
Opening percentage	the openability percentage or operable (moveable) area of doors or windows that is used in ventilation calculations.	
Provisional value	an assumed value that does not represent an actual value. For example, if the wall colour is unspecified in the documentation, a provisional value of 'medium' must be modelled. Acceptable provisional values are outlined in the NatHERS Technical Note and can be found at www.nathers.gov.au	
Reflective wrap (also known as foil)	can be applied to walls, roofs and ceilings. When combined with an appropriate airgap and emissivity value, it provides insulative properties.	
Roof window	for NatHERS this is typically an operable window (i.e. can be opened), will have a plaster or similar light well if there is an attic space, and generally does not have a diffuser.	
Shading device	a device fixed to windows that provides shading e.g. window awnings or screens but excludes eaves.	
Shading features	includes neighbouring buildings, fences, and wing walls, but excludes eaves.	
Solar heat gain coefficient (SHGC)	the fraction of incident solar radiation admitted through a window, both directly transmitted as well as absorbed and subsequently released inward. SHGC is expressed as a number between 0 and 1. The lower a window's SHGC, the less solar heat it transmits.	
Skylight (also known as roof lights)	for NatHERS this is typically a moulded unit with flexible reflective tubing (light well) and a diffuser at ceiling level.	
U-value	the rate of heat transfer through a window. The lower the U-value, the better the insulating ability.	
Unconditioned	a zone within a dwelling that is assumed to not require heating and cooling based on standard occupancy assumptions.	
Vertical shading features	provides shading to the building in the vertical plane and can be parallel or perpendicular to the subject wall/window. Includes privacy screens, other walls in the building (wing walls), fences, other buildings, vegetation (protected or listed heritage trees).	